St. Louis Post.-Dispatch.

VOL. XXXI. ST. LOUIS, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1882—TWELVE PAGES. NO. 170.

NOTICE

New Year's Callers.

We are now prepared to show a full and complete line of the finest and most appropriate goods for New Year's Calling ever shown in St. Louis. Gentlemen desiring to wear the latest styles should not fail to call.

Wilson Bros. & Boyd,

309 N. FOURTH ST.

TOYS

For the Holidays!

SEND FOR PRICE LIST.

SAM'L C. DAVIS & CO.

Washington Av. and Fifth St.

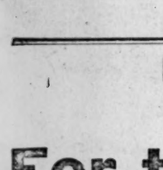
CHARTER OAK STOVES

AND

TINNERS' STOCK OF ALL KINDS

FOR SALE BY

EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO.



A BAD CASE.

USE

Harless' Medicated Cough CARAMELS,

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS.

Depot S.W.Cor. Fifth and Market and all Druggists.

CURED.

CIGARS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

ALL SIZE BOXES.

JOE CLARKE,

Maker and Importer,

414 WASHINGTON AVENUE.

Steam Grinding Establishm't

AUGUST KER,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

SHAVING CUPS,

With Names, Numbers, Monograms, or any Style or Design of Ornamentation.

BARBERS' SUPPLY DEPOT,

926 North Sixth Street.

SKATES SHARPENED AND REPAIRED.

CARPETS, FURNITURE, STOVES &C

ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS!

At the Very Lowest Cash Prices.

NORTHWEST COR. FOURTEENTH AND CLARK AVE.

FARNER STOVE, FURNITURE AND CARPET CO.

Open every evening until 9 o'clock.

POST-DISPATCH

NEW DRESS

Was made by the

DICKINSON

Type Foundery,

Boston, Mass.

NOTE THE PRICES:

AGATE, Per Pound,		68c.
NONPAREIL,	"	58c.
MINION,	"	52c.
BREVIER,	"	48c.
BURGEOIS,	"	44c.
LONG PRIMER,	"	42c.
SMALL PICA,	"	40c.
PICA,	"	38c.

For the DURABILITY of their type they refer to the following Papers, which are using material of their make:

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,
San Francisco Morning Call,
Springfield, Mass., Republican,
Springfield, Mass., Daily Union,
Boston Daily Advertiser,
Boston Daily Traveller,
Boston Daily Journal,
Boston Daily Globe,
Boston Daily Transcript,
Boston Daily World,
Providence, R. I., Daily Journal and Bulletin,
Providence, R. I., Daily Press and Star,
Hartford, Conn., Daily Times.

And to all the leading Dailies, Weeklies and Magazines of New England.

POST-DISPATCH

NEW DRESS

Was made by the

DICKINSON

Type Foundery,

Boston, Mass.

Phelps, Dalton & Co.

Proprietors.

DRY GOODS!

AT COST.

LEUBRIES.

HOSIERY

AT COST.

LEUBRIES.

NOTIONS,

AT COST.

The following instructions will be implicitly carried out:

MEMPHIS, TENN., December 27, 1882.—To Leubrie Bros., St. Louis, Mo.: Your telegram received. Have decided to take stock 15th January. SELL ALL GOODS AT COST FOR ONE WEEK, TO REDUCE STOCK. This applies to EVERY DEPARTMENT in the house.

LOU. LEUBRIE.

N. B.—As per above telegram, we are now reducing everything, and will shortly inaugurate our GRAND REDUCTION SALE, due notice of which will be given through these columns.

LEUBRIE BROS.,

706 to 713 Franklin avenue.

LEUBRIES.

MILLINERY!

AT COST.

LEUBRIES.

FANCY GOODS

AT COST.

LEUBRIES.

Gents' Furnishings!

AT COST.

Dr. HARTER'S IRON TONIC.

PURIFIES THE BLOOD

A combination of Protoxide of Iron, Peruvian Bark and Phosphorus in a palatable form. For Debility, Loss of Appetite, Prostration of Vital Powers it is indispensable.

REV. A. I. HOBBS Writes:—After a thorough trial of the IRON TONIC, I take pleasure in stating that I have been greatly benefited by its use. Ministers and Public Speakers will find it of the greatest value where a Tonic is necessary. I recommend it as a reliable remedial agent, possessing undoubted nutritive and restorative properties. *Louisville, Ky., Oct. 2, 1882.*

REV. J. L. TOWNER, Industry, Ill., says:—"I consider it a most excellent remedy for the debilitated vital forces.

PREPARED BY THE DR. HARTER MEDICINE CO., 213 N. MAIN ST., ST. LOUIS.

ALEXANDER'S DRUG STORE

N. W. Cor. Fifth and Olive Streets.

Pure Medicines, Fine Perfumery, Sponges, Mirrors, Hair Brushes, Combs, Soap, and other Fancy Toilet Articles.

ALEXANDER'S UNRIVALED COLOGNE WATER.

Prescriptions accurately prepared by competent apothecaries under the supervision of M. W. Alexander, graduate of Philadelphia College of Pharmacy.

WILLIAMSON'S

DRUG STORE!

FRANKLIN AV. & NINTH ST.

We sell all goods usually sold in DRUG STORES in 1-4 and 1-2 dozen lots at

WHOLESALE PRICES!

We do not advertise our prices as formerly.

We also have a large line of goods which we sell at reduced prices.

Consisting of Combs, Hair and Cloth Brushes, Perfumery, Colognes, Toilet Articles, Sponges, Soaps, Face Powders, Puffs, Nail Brushes, Etc.

VASES, TOILET SETS,

COLOGNE BOTTLES, ETC.

Stop that Cough and Hoarseness!

Dr. Bertier's Instant Relief COUGH BALSAM will do it, 25c and 35c a bottle.

Catarrh Cigarettes, the best in the market, 10c a box.

German Cologne and Sulphur Soap, 14c.

DR. E. J. WILLIAMSON attends to patients at his office in drug store, cor. Franklin avenue and Ninth street, or at their residences.

M. M. BUCK & CO.,

DRILLS, CHISELS, MACHINES, SAWS, HOISTS, WHEELS, PIPE, VISES, TAPS & DIES

TOOLS

Manufacturers and Dealers in Every Article used in Constructing and Operating Railroads.

209 N. Third St., St. Louis.

NICOLL,

The Great American Tailor.

The latest styles and largest stock of Imported and Domestic Woolens in the city, for Trouserings, Suitings and Overcoatings.

English Cords for Hunting Suits.

Pants to order from	$ 5.
Suits " "	20.
Overcoats " "	15.

Inspect Our Immense Stock.

NICOLL, The Tailor

9 and 11 S. Fourth and 708 Olive Sts.

Samples and rules for self-measurement sent by mail on application.

KIDNEY-WORT

HAS BEEN PROVED The SUREST CURE for KIDNEY DISEASES.

Does a lame back or disordered urine indicate that you are a victim? THEN DO NOT HESITATE; use Kidney-Wort at once, druggists recommend it and it will speedily overcome the disease and restore healthy action.

Ladies. For complaints peculiar to your sex, such as pain and weaknesses, Kidney-Wort is unsurpassed, as it will act promptly and safely.

Either Sex. Incontinence, retention of urine, brick dust or ropy deposits, and dull dragging pains, all speedily yield to its curative power.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Price $1.

Acts at the Same Time on Kidneys, Liver and Bowels.

KIDNEY-WORT

THOS. S. MELLIS,

808 & 810 Morgan St.,

Has for sale the following:

Walnut Dresser Suits	$22 00
Buck's Guarantee, No. 8	18 00
Buck's Brilliant, No. 8	14 00
Buck's Brilliant, No. 7	11 00

Other stoves and furniture in proportion. New goods Terms cash. Who can beat this?

NO DABSTER.

The Sun Has a Word in Favor of Sullivan.

Work of the Tariff Commission—Logan's Hysterics—Kicked Into Virtue—To-Day's Editorial Comments of the New York Press.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, December 30.—The Sun to-day has a word in favor of Sullivan, the prize-fighter. It says: "That there is a strong element in human nature which is at once aroused to admiration by scientific displays of boxing was plainly shown at the entertainment given for the benefit of Mr. Joseph Coburn. While there were a few brutal faces among the thousands present, there were many marked by intellectual lines of high quality—faces which indicated that their possessors had fought their way squarely in the battle of life round by round. Every movement of the muscular and supple athletes was watched with a keen intelligence that applauded every touch of skill. There can be no doubt that Mr. Sullivan has made most astonishing progress in the science of his profession. Hitherto he has shown very little. There never has been much necessity for it. Either his competitors have been unskilled themselves or so much his inferiors in power that high science on his part was not necessary. Mr. Tug Wilson was an undeniable dabster with his fists, but with his weight the science of Mace and Sayers combined could have offered no resistance to such tremendous force as that of the young champion of Boston. But the other night Mr. Sullivan met one of those subtle masters of the art who appear so rarely that it almost seems as though they come by lineal descent, and for the first time in his life, when facing such an antagonist, his great strength was restrained by the courteous rules of the occasion which prescribed that the exhibition should be merely to show which of the two was theoretically the better. Hitherto Mr. Sullivan has been known rather more as a practical man than as a student of theory, but on the exhibition of Thursday evening he showed evidence of having given such conscientious attention to the nicer development of boxing that we do not think his progress should pass uncommended. His great hands shot out at Mr. Coburn's head like one of those ponderous trip-hammers which, though capable of moulding masses of solid iron into whatever form of machinery may be required, can yet be made to play with the apparent lightness and precision of a billiard cue. More than a year ago the Sun protested against such exhibitions as the slugging matches which were always given when the champion undertook to spar, as unworthy of the manly art of boxing. Mr. Sullivan has evidently heeded the opinion of the Sun, and, like many another man of equal wisdom, his profit therefrom is beyond question. We congratulate Mr. Sullivan."

THE GAZETTE-COMMERCIAL CONSOLIDATION.

The Sun says, editorially: "The news reaches us that the Gazette and Commercial, of Cincinnati, have decided to unite their fortunes and that the consolidated journal will henceforth appear as the Commercial-Gazette. We congratulate the public upon this event. Instead of two competing Republican newspapers in Cincinnati there will be now only one and the talent and resource of the combined establishment will secure for it a power and an influence which neither could have ever attained separately. The most interesting feature of this change is the evidence which it affords that Deacon Richard Smith has at last determined to get rid of his wicked partners; and to associate with himself, in the person of Field Marshal Murat Halstead, a partner of more manly and square dealing qualities. We have always felt that the advice of the Sun upon this point must sooner or later be taken, and we rejoice that this hopeful union of true goodness and vigorous talent graces the beginning of the new year. Success to the Commercial-Gazette."

A NOVEL NEW YEAR'S ADDRESS.

The Journal this morning says: "It does not become a robust infant who is barely seven weeks old to feel specially sad at the close of the year. The Morning Journal may be easily excused from shedding any rhetorical tears after the approved pattern over the melancholy flight of time and other mournful and seasonable circumstances. In the flush of youthful vigor the flight of time does not strike the Journal as being at all pathetic; in fact, so little of it has passed that there is only room for congratulation at a success achieved. The Journal may as well confess that it is weak in reminiscences of the past. But as regards the future, that is quite another matter. The new year dawns upon us full of brightness and promise, with a circle of readers extending every day, and a steady approach to our goal for January, 1884, namely a circulation of 100,000 per day."

A CHANGE OF OPINION.

The World says: "It is interesting to remark that Mr. George Frisbie Hoar has learned something from the example of the Confederate States, and is now of the opinion that we ought to have made the Presidential term six years, as they did. Mr. Hoar's proposition to confer the succession to the Presidency on the Cabinet officers in an order invented by himself for the purpose will command public favor. The Secretaries are unknown to the Constitution. They are clerks to the President rather than the responsible ministers whom Mr. Hoar conceives them to be. To make one of them acting President for a temporary exgency would not be very wise; but to make one of them President for the remainder of the President's term, without giving the people any choice at all in the matter, would be a great piece of folly. Rather than that we had better adopt the newest Mexican idea, and choose a President of the Senate every session, making him next in succession and p romoting Presidents of the Senate until the roll of the Senate was exhausted. That would not be more of a lottery than Mr. Hoar's scheme, and it would have the advantage that the person occupying the Presidency would at least be a person whose official existence was recognized in the organic law."

THE TARIFF COMMISSION'S WORK.

The Times this morning says: "It is evident that no share of the credit given to the Tariff Commission for such liberality as their recommendations displayed is due to the president of that body, Mr. John L. Hayes. Whatever chances of acceptance the revised schedules of the commission might have had are being most effectually destroyed by the labors of the Ways and Means Committee. But Mr. Hayes is reported as saying that the committee is doing just what the commission would have done if time had permitted, and as giving the opinion that the changes made by the committee are quite necessary and proper. The changes happen to be sufficiently numerous and important to give the discussion on the tariff bill a sort of quadruplex character. Congressmen who want to talk or vote intelligently on the subject must have constantly before their minds: 1. The present rates of duty. 2. The rates recommended by the commission. 3. The rates agreed on in the committee. 4. The rates which, in their opinion, ought to be fixed. A debate spread out in this fashion might come to an end by July, but will hardly be closed even under caucus pressure by the beginning of March."

LOGAN'S HYSTERICS.

To-day's Star, under the title of "Logan's Hysterics," says: "Many eccentric characters contrive to get into either branch of the Federal Congress—silly men, stupid men, dishonest men. The standing of the present Republican Congress is determined by the fact that Robeson is its leader. It is neither brilliant nor respectable, but for genuine, downright, consummate asininity the palm is borne away by Senator John A. Logan of Illinois. Yesterday John A. inflicted upon his colleagues a speech eulogizing the restoration of Fitz John Porter. It was a pitiful tissue of platitudes from beginning to end. Logan declared at the outset that he would confine himself to the law and the facts, and then characteristically avoided both the law and the facts. Every prominent military man in the country is satisfied that a gross injustice was done to Porter when he was sacrificed as a scapegoat for Pope's blunder, and General Grant's recent review of the case has practically ended the discussion. But the irrepressible Logan has recently quarreled with Grant and desires to gain a little cheap notoriety by pitting himself against his former idol. Boiled down to its essence, Logan's argument is simply this: 'In Porter's place I would have acted differently.' We don't doubt it. John A. is capable of any idiocy."

JAY GOULD BEATEN AGAIN.

The Herald says: "The Western Union and Mr. Jay Gould met with another reverse in the Superior Court yesterday, when Judge Arnoux gave his decision vacating the order recently made by Judge Truax granting leave to bring suit to vacate the charter of the Mutual Union Telegraph Company. While Mr. Gould was the ostensible mover in this matter the proceedings were really in the interest of the Western Union. Their purpose was to annihilate the Mutual Union after Mr. Gould and the Western Union had failed in their attempt to get control of it. Attorney-General Russell granted Mr. Gould's application to apply to the court for leave to bring suit to vacate the Mutual Union charter. Mr. Gould applied to Judge Truax, who granted the desired leave without giving the other side a hearing. Judge Arnoux now decided that the action of Judge Truax was irregular and illegal, and accordingly vacates the order granted by him. The main ground on which yesterday's decision is based is that the petition on which Judge Truax acted was fatally defective. It was not signed by Attorney-General Russell but by an attorney representing him. Judge Arnoux holds that the Attorney-General cannot 'delegate to any other person the right to sign his name to any such petition. The court has a right to know by the signature of the Attorney-General himself,' he says, 'that he is the petitioner and to hold him personally responsible for the act.' Judge Arnoux had no occasion to express any opinion on the merits of the move against the Mutual Union. The effect of his decision is to throw Mr. Gould out of court for the present, at least and, leave him to apply again to some Judge for permission to bring his proposed suit."

KICKED INTO VIRTUE.

The Chicago Tribune says: "To be kicked into virtue is not pleasant. The Democrats of the Senate who have helped to pass the civil service bill because they did not dare to vote against it understood the matter. It would have pleased them, no doubt, had the Republican Senators suffered the bill to be defeated by the many amendments offered. The Democratic members present almost unitedly supported the bill when they were forced to vote yea or nay on it, but there were many of them who would have been glad if they could have dismissed the whole matter as 'a Republican dodge.' Against their wishes they were compelled to vote for the pending bill, and yet the Republicans get the credit for it if it becomes a law.

This is an especially favorable time for the passage of such a measure. The Republican politicians consider that they have but little chance of holding control of the patronage after the next election. The Democratic politicians do not overlook the fact that some pretense of virtue is required of them if they wish to succeed, and they remember, also, that the power to make the bill practically inoperative will rest with a Democratic President if one should be elected in 1884. Hence it suits them to make a bid for popular approval; and, indeed, they would not dare to vote against any measure, however stringent, that Republicans would support. But the fact remains that most of the Democrats would like to defeat the bill if they could without exposing themselves too much. Great care and earnestness will therefore be needed to secure its passage in the House, and the responsibility will rest chiefly with Republican members."

PANIC IN A CHURCH.

A Jacob's Ladder Catches Fire and Causes Great Confusion.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, December 30.—The Sunday-school attatched to the Episcopal Church of Trinity parish, at Mt. Vernon, West Chester county, celebrated Christmas on Monday night. Instead of having the regular Christmas-tree there was an elaborately decorated ladder, called "Jacob's Ladder," with arrangements for its illumination. After the opening services the gas was turned down in order to display the illuminated ladder to the best ability. The lighting of the large wax candles on it was begun while the children made the edifice ring with their fresh young voices, singing "Lighting of the Ladder." This begins as follows:

As Jacob with travel was weary one day,
At night on a stone for a pillow he lay;
He saw in a vision a ladder most high,
And saw the angels descending thereon from the sky.

The opening of the vestry door caused one of the wax candles to come in contact with the dry trimming on the ladder and it set it a fire. The flames shot up the ladder and one on raised the cry of fire. A panic immediately ensued. The church was crowded to its utmost capacity. Notwithstanding the assurance of the rector, the Rev. [illegible] and Holmes and Col. J. H. Jenkins, one of the officers of the church, that there was no danger, there was a general rush for the nearest entrance. The door there opened inward and this made the alarm and confusion greater. One lady in her terror and haste to get out, broke a window of stained glass, and most of the camp chairs which had been placed in the aisles for the accommodation of those who were unable to get better seats were broken to pieces. In the meantime the burning ladder had been removed from the church. The excitement finally subsided and the distributions of presents was begun. Many children had gone home, however, with their parents and friends. So far as ascertained no person was seriously hurt. Many were injured slightly, however.

LATEST EDITION.

A BEAUTY'S BODY GUARD

Mr. J. H. Langtry Supposed to be After Gebhart.

Mysterious Disappearance of the Lily's Bro her-in-Law--Freddie Still Devoted--He Holds Eight Seats for Each Performance and Drives Mrs. Langtry Home Every Evening.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, December 30.--As the steamer Catalonia, of the Cunard Line, approached her dock, two persons were observed upon the forward deck standing apart from the other passengers and looking curiously at the strange city they were nearing. One was a hale, martial-looking gentleman whose rotund form indicated that his lines had fallen in the pleasant places and whose whiskers, curling close to his ruddy cheeks, were tinged with gray. He wore a glove, fitting English suit of the latest cut, a heavy ulster and a tall hat. At his side, her small white hands timidly clasped about his stalwart arm, was a little lady in the prime of life, dressed in a long cloak and a black jockey hat and feather. These two were Miss A. J. Langtry and Mr. J. H. Langtry, the sister-in-law and brother-in-law respectively of the Jersey Lily, whose coming has been anxiously watched for by that lady. They were met at the pier by their actress relative, who received them very warmly, and Mrs. and Miss Langtry were at once driven to the Albemarle Hotel. Miss Langtry, who is expected to

PROTECT HER SISTER-IN-LAW

from the too ardent Gebhart, can hardly be said to compare with her famous relative as regards personal appearance. She is apparently about forty years of age, slim, but not ungraceful in figure, and with features that are almost too irregular to be considered particularly attractive. Her eyes, however, are bright and sparkling and of a liquid depth that must have made her charming in her younger days, and her expression is benevolent and good natured.

Much mystery surrounds the present whereabouts of Mr. J. H. Langtry, who accompanied his sister to America, and it is impossible to ascertain what quarters he has selected to occupy during his stay in this city. It was

ERRONEOUSLY ANNOUNCED

in the evening papers that he had secured rooms at the Westminster Hotel. He is not at the Albemarle nor the Brunswick, and calls at many other hotels did not result in his discovery. He must have disappeared as soon as the Catalonia touched her wharf, for the clerk of the Albemarle says that Miss Langtry arrived accompanied by no one save her sister-in-law. The general supposition appears to be that he instantly begun an indignant chase after young Freddie and is still in hot pursuit. If not he is probably installed in private apartments. The present time is not propitious for further audacious on the part of Gebhart if it be true that Mr. and Miss Langtry have come here with the intention of settling with that foolish young man.

MR. FREDERICK GEBHART

has been a devoted follower of Mrs. Langtry during her performances at the Brooklyn Theatre this week. He calls for her every night at the close of the performances and takes her away in his coach to the Albemarle hotel in this city. It is said that he has eight seats at every performance and that he gives them away to friends.

"TAFFY."

The Peculiar Operetta of Mr. Jerome Hopkins--Specimen Verses.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, December 30.—Mr. Jerome Hopkins is by no means "an every-day young man" or he would not have conceived the idea of writing an operetta entitled, "Taffy and Old Munch" with sugar, pepper, candy, cake and syrup for characters. Upon his programme Mr. Hopkins prints the following statement: "Twenty-eight years of New York musical life have so soaked me with the nastiness of the lyric stage that my very bones cry out for something pure and innocent in the personnel as well as in the sentiment of opera." The response to this cry of Mr. Hopkins' bones is "Taffy." Mr. Hopkins himself says that it is "arrant nonsense," a conclusion in which we cordially agree. Old Munch is a cannibal with a hankering for little children, and especially for the little girl named Taffy. But he finally turns out to be Taffy's own father, supposed to have died long since. Certainly, nothing could be more "pure and innocent in sentiment" than this. Perhaps Taffy's song will give a tolerably correct idea of its poetic turn of thought. This is it:

My name is little Taffy,
Because I am so laughy,
I suppose it is so,
For laugh will flow,
And so my name is Taffy.

I am a little lady,
Although to sing I'm shaky.
My uncle Sam
Says that I am
A pretty little lady.

Some day I shall be married,
And to the church be carried.
Then I'll be fanned,
I'll be so grand,
Some day when I am married.

Mr. Hopkins, it is scarcely necessary to say, is the composer of his own libretto as well as of the music. He has undoubtedly intended this operetta for the amusement of very young children, and we should think it accomplished that end. It was performed at Steinway Hall by children who had been very well trained, and who seemed to enjoy what they were doing even more than the audience did.

A QUIET PRIMARY.

An Election Interrupted by the Explosion of a Chinese Bomb.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, December 30.—The primary meeting of the Sixth Assembly District, to elect delegates to the Tammany Hall General Committee, was held at 542 Grand street, in the saloon of Wm. Geoghegan. The proceedings sat in the small private office of Geoghegan at the back of the saloon. This office had a window on the street, and through this window the voters passed in their ballots. There were two tickets in the field and the names on both were pretty much the same, with the exception of the man at the head of the ticket. One ticket was led by Mr. Geoghegan's name and the other by the name of ex-Assemblyman Matthew Patten. Mr. Patten went along the line of voters outside the window electioneering. His success was not overpowering. At 8:55 o'clock, five minutes before the poll was closed there was a tremendous explosion in the saloon. The front doors were both open or the building might have been thrown down. The glass windows of the show cases on both sides of

THE DOORS WERE BLOWN OUT,

heads of barrels were blown in, pictures were knocked from the wall and the gas was extinguished. The only jet of gas left burning was in the office where the inspectors were. Men standing near the bar were stunned by the shock. Before the gas had been relighted or the excitement had subsided, a dash was made through the window at the ballot-box. The police and the inspectors guarded it and drove the marauders away. Mr. Geoghegan says that when order was restored Inspector Eiseman, who represented Mr. Patten was not there. In the saloon were found the remnants of a large Chinese bomb; it had consisted of a glass bottle wrapped around with many thicknesses of bamboo strands. When the votes were counted Mr. Patten had 51 and Mr. Geoghegan 741. One hundred dollars damage was done the saloon.

TRUTH is mighty and has prevailed. See its triumph in Hop Bitters, all over the world.

THE PASSION PLAY.

Mayor Grace Refuses a License for the Hall---Morse Replies.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, December 30.—Mayor Grace has refused the application of Salmi Morse for a license for his new hall on Twenty-third street in which he intenededed to produce the Passion play and sent him the following letter:

MAYORS OFFICE,
NEW YORK, December 29, 1882.

Salmi Morse, Esq:

SIR—I have fully considered the application which you have made to me for a license for Morse's hall, after having heard you in behalf of your application and others in opposition and after having received from you a tender of the amount of the license fee. As it appears from the statement made by you that the hall is to be used for the exclusive purpose of the exhibition of your "Passion Play," such exhibition not to take place until some time after the expiration of my term of office, I do hereby deny your application, for the reason that I am satisfied of the impropriety of licensing a place to be used for such a play.

Yours respectfully,
W. R. GRACE, Mayor.

Mr. Morse was found and questioned about the effect the Mayor's decision would have upon his plans. He said:

"I attach

NO IMPORTANCE

whatever to the Mayor's decision. You will observe that in his letter he says that the hall is to be used exclusively for the purpose of exhibiting 'The Passion Play.' That is a gratuitous assumption on his part, for in my application nothing whatever was said about the purpose for which the hall was to be used. Then the assumption is false, for my hall is not to be used exclusively for the production of the Passion Play. Far from it. I am going to give a great many plays, and the building is to be devoted exclusively to the production of moral pieces. If there is any objection to that I should like to hear it. Public sentiment is strong against me now, but that will all change in time. I shall renew my application before Mayor Edson, and have every reason to believe he will give me the license. I can apply to the courts for a mandamus. If I fail to receive a license by that method.

THERE ARE OTHER WAYS

in which I can proceed. I can convert my hall into a church and bring out the play without a license. Surely no objection could be urged against that when there are now several churches in this city where the Passion is being represented without any interference. At any rate I shall not be driven from the field. I have determined to produce the Passion Play, and shall do it, come what may. I am going on with my building and rehearsals exactly as though my application had been granted.

THE weakest woman, smallest child and sickest invalid, can use Hop Bitters with safety.

A DONNA'S DEVICE.

How Mlle. Juch Resisted a Subpœna Service in Her Hotel.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, December 30.—Various are the devices which have been resorted to at different times by different persons to avoid service of summons in legal proceedings, but probably one of the most novel as well as daring ever adopted was improvised by Mlle. Juch. Col. Mapleson's counsel obtained an order from the superior court requiring Mlle. Juch to show cause why she should not be enjoined from singing with any other than Col. Mapleson's company. It then became necessary to serve a summons on the lady, and, as it was expected she would be on her guard against accepting it the great impressario cast about for so me device of placing it in her hands before she could get a suspicion of its contents. It was discovered that there was a personal note at the Academy for Mlle. Juch, and one of the Academy messengers

WAS SENT TO HER

with the note and the summons, under instructions to hand her both at the same time and then

BEAT A HASTY RETREAT.

The boy followed his instructions, but was not quick enough in retreating. Mlle. Juch glanced at the summons and surmizing the nature of the paper, gave chase to the boy. She caught him at the head of the stairs and thrust the summons between his shirt-collar and the back of his neck. Before the boy could recover the summons Mlle. Juch had retired triumphantly into her apartments and locked the door on the inside. The summons was placed in the hands of a deputy sheriff and Mlle. Juch is expected in court to answer the order to show cause.

TO THE MUSICAL PUBLIC.

I, the undersigned, beg to notify the many friends and patrons of

Mr. C. A. Meyer,

formerly with Messrs. Moxter & Bahnsen, and of late acting as traveling salesman for Messrs. Story & Camp, that he has connected himself with my house from January 1st, 1883, on.

With a full line of sheet music, an immense stock of musical instruments, the world-renowned "WEBER PIANO" and the celebrated "CLOUGH & WARREN ORGAN," he surely has an opportunity to satisfy any one thinking of purchasing something in the musical line, and hope his friends may show him the same attention as heretofore.

A. SHATTINGER,
Wholesale and retail dealer in musical instruments, No. 16 South Fifth street.

Northwest Railroad War.

CHICAGO, ILL., December 30.—J. F. Tucker, general manager of the Illinois Central Railroad, yesterday assured Commissioner Midgley that the Central would continue to compete for Omaha business as long as the other Iowa lines continue to demoralize rates from Sioux City and other points on the Iowa division of the Illinois Central. The latter has a contract with the St. Paul and Omaha line for doing business to and from Omaha via Sioux City. It can make a westbound rate, while the Omaha road makes an eastbound. The contract is terminable at six months' notice. This is the only fight on hand in the Northwest now. The earnings of the Chicago and Alton so far have increased $629,000 over last year; total earnings being $8,052,000 this year.

WASHINGTON.

Randall's Plans and Combinations For the Speakership.

The Social Season--The Dickson Case--Congress--Japanese Schools--Capitol Chatter--Political News.

The Speakership.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 30.—Mr. Randall's friends are very hopeful. They say in fact that the Speakership contest is already practically settled in his favor. A close friend of Mr. Randall, who is pretty thoroughly on the "inside," and who has better opportunity to know the real facts than almost any man in Washington, omitting Mr. Randall and his private secretary, in speaking of the situation and prospects, to-day, said he believed the matter to be practically settled in favor of Randall, "There is nothing that can beat him now," he said. "You may be quite sure of that. The combination is so thorough and the situation such that I don't believe it is possible for him and his combination to be beaten."

"Who are in the 'combination?'"

"Well, John G. Thompson for Sergeant-at-Arms, and Atkins, of Tennessee, for Clerk."

"Atkins, the present member from Tennessee?"

"Yes. Atkins has always been a firm Randall man, and is a man respected by all the House, by both parties in fact. He will have a great deal of strength and will command the vote of Tennessee and a good portion of the Southern vote generally."

"How about Randall's high tariff views?"

"Ah, that's the very thing that's going to elect him."

"How so? Is tariff becoming popular with the Democrats?"

"It is in certain sections. Most of the gains made at the last election were from the tariff States, from the North and East, and not from the South, where tariff is unpopular. Now, coupling this fact with two or three others which I might mention, I am willing to stake my reputation by saying that Randall can't be beaten."

"And what are those other facts?"

"Well," slowly, "Atkins will control the Tennessee delegation and a part of that from Georgia. Alabama and Mississippi. Thompson will bring in Ohio, Radall, of course, will have Pennsylvania solidly, and as Tilden is backing Randall, he will have the whole strength of New York, too."

"Is Tilden backing Randall?"

"Cert'nly. Not a shadow of doubt as to that."

"But won't Cox in New York and Lecdom in Ohio and Carlisle's influence in Tennessee upset that theory?"

"Not a bit of it. The question is settled beyond a peradventure."

And he actually talked it off as though he believed every word of it.

Japanese Schools.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, December 30.—The attempt of Mr. Kasson to pass in the House on Wednesday a bill to allow an officer in the regular army to accept employment under the Japanese Government, to improve the public school system or that country, calls attention to the school system of Japan, and develops incidentally some interesting facts on that subject. From facts obtained here it is learned that the public school system of this country has been in course of introduction in Japan for a few years past, and is making astonishing progress there. It is because of the wonderful success of the system that the Japanese Government has asked that Major Wasson be allowed to give it some further attention for the next few years. The growth of the system since its introduction ten years ago is quite wonderful. While education had not been neglected in Japan prior to 1872, when the American system was introduced there, the school system prior to that time was very simple. There was little to develop the mind, and instead of an intelligent system there was simply the mechanical of reading, writing, counting the "abocs," and examinations upon Japanese history and Chinese classics. Now the modern system of teaching is introduced, the pupils sit on benches and behind desks and not on the floor, there are blackboards, a regular system of school books, maps, objects, percentages, etc., and as a result a general growth has been developed both in the number of attendants upon the schools and in general intelligence in the empire. There are, according to the latest information obtainable here, some 30,000 elementary schools with over 60,000 teachers and nearly 3,000,000 pupils. These schools are almost as thoroughly scattered through the country as in our own country, and the village school is an important feature in village life, the school-house being the chief building of the town in many cases, and the teachers highly respected. Then there are a hundred or more normal schools and a number of advanced schools, taking the place of academies and colleges. Beside this there are two Government schools for army and navy teaching modeled after our West Point and Annapolis schools.

Social Salad.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 30.—The social season is opening quite brilliantly, and the next sixty days are expected to be quite busy ones with the fashionables, though the indications still point to less of it than is usual. Congress is very industrious and has communicated its mood to others and as many members are in no cheerful mood by reason of their failure to return, they are not likely to make much effort in this line. Most of the Cabinet ladies will receive next week. Several of them did so last week and their example is being followed by others. The wife and daughters of Commissioner Loring received on Tuesday, as did also the wife of Gen. Hazen and Mrs. Gen. Sherman and daughters. Mrs. Hazen's receptions are usually very enjoyable and add to the popularity of that lady in social circles here. She promises as a guest, after New Year's, Miss Davis, of Cincinnati.

Mr. George Emory, brother of Lieut. Emory, has just returned here, after a long visit to Japan, where he has large business interests.

The President entertained a number of friends at his cottage at the Soldiers' Home on Tuesday evening, preparatory to removal into the White House.

The Tariff.

WASHINGTON, December 30.—The Ways and Means Committee this morning resumed consideration of the schedule of wool, taking up the item of manufactured cloths, shawls, etc., not otherwise provided for. Without deciding upon the rate it was practically determined to increase from the commission's report, though not up to the present rate.

Treasury Figures.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 30.—Receipts of National Bank notes for redemption for the week ending to-day, $2,344,000; bonds held by treasurer to secure National Bank circulation, $361,164,656; to secure public moneys in national bank repositories, $16,344,000; bonds deposited to secure circulation during week, $1,602,000; bonds to secure circulation withdrawn during week, $1,819,000; national bank notes outstanding, $362,651,196; lawful money on deposit to redeem notes of national banks reducing circulation, $23,989,474; liquidating banks, $13,561,654; failed banks, 1,068,402.

Sundry Topics.

WASHINGTON, December 30.—All the executive departments will be closed at noon to-day.

The forthcoming report of the Commissioner of Patents will show the receipts of that office, ended at noon to-day, more than $1,000,000.

The Comptroller of the Currency to-day extended the corporate existence of the First National Bank of Omaha.

Checks were mailed to-day by the Treasury to pay the January interest of outstanding United States bonds.

"Cherokee Outlet."

WASHINGTON, December 30.—Reports have reached the Indian Bureau from Cherokee county, Indian Territory, to the effect that the white men are erecting buildings and fencing off pastures in the "Cherokee outlet."

Commissioner Price to-day addressed a letter to Agent Tufts at Muskogee to warn the white herders to remove with their stock from the reservation, allowing twenty days for the exit. If the herders fail to get out at that time the agent authorizes a call on the military to eject them.

Death of Miss Meeker.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 30.—Miss Josephine C. Meeker, daughter of the late N. C. Meeker, who was tortured and killed by Ute Indians in the massacre of 1879, died here this morning of pneumonia. Miss Meeker was a clerk in the office of the Secretary of the Interior, and was held in high esteem for her personal qualities. She and her mother were for some time prisoners in the hands of the Ute Indians after the massacre of 1879.

The Dickson Case.

WASHINGTON, December 30.—Bowen failed to appear in the police court to-day in the Dickson case and forfeited a $1,000 bond. The court decided to admit Driver's evidence and the case closed. Argument will be heard Tuesday.

Army and Navy.

WASHINGTON, December 30.—Rear Admiral Balch, United States navy, will be retired January 3. The usual orders for army and navy officers to call upon the President New Year's day were issued this morning.

Public Debt.

WASHINGTON, December 30.—It is stated the public debt reduction for the month of December will be $13,000,000.

FORTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

House.

WASHINGTON, December 30.—On motion of Mr. Kasson the Senate bill to reform the civil service and prevent official assessments, were taken from the Speaker's table, referred to the Committee on Civil Service Reform, and leave granted the committee to report back at any time.

On motion of Mr. Marsh, of Illinois, the Senate bill passed extending the time for filing claims for horses and equipments lost by officers or enlisted men in the service of the United States, with an amendment limiting the extension to one year from the passing of the act.

Mr. Dunn, of Arkansas, offered a resolution amending the rules of the House, so as to provide for a standing Committee on rivers and harbors, to consist of fifteen members, to which shall be referred all matters pertaining to the improvement of rivers and harbors, and which shall have the same privilege in reporting bills appropriating money as now accorded the Committee on Appropriations. Referred to Committee on Rules.

Mr. Manning, (Miss.) offered a resolution requesting the Attorney-General to inform the House what necessity is existing for the appointment of James R. Chalmers Assistant District Attorney for the District Court of the United States of the Northern District, of Mississippi, and to forward to the House all correspondence with regard to such appointment. Hiscock objected to its consideration and it was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

On motion of Mr. Steele (Ind.) the Senate bill passed for the relief of Maj. Jacob E. Burbank.

The Speaker announced the appointment of Mr. Calkins, of Indiana, as a member of the Committee on Civil Service Reform. Adjourned until Tuesday.

On motion of Mr. Thompson, of Iowa, the bill passed appropriating $5,600 to pay the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Northern Railroad Company the amount due for carrying mails.

On motion of Mr. George, of Oregon, the Senate bill passed appropriating $70,000 to reimburse the State of Oregon for moneys expended in the suppression of Indian hostilities during the recent wars. An amendment was incorporated in the bill appropriating $4,400 to reimburse the State of California for like expenses.

COOK'S IMPERIAL CHAMPAGNE.
The rich vintage of '78 now ready for market; naturally fermented in bottles; guaranteed pure and equal to the best imported.

Temporary Injunction.

CINCINNATI, December 3 .—F. A. Bradley this afternoon obtained a temporary injunction from the Superior Court restraining the Western Union Telegraph Company from removing the telegraph instruments from his place of business. He conducts what is known as a bucket-shop and has a "ticker" for receiving market reports.

Gotham's Births.

NEW YORK, December 30.—The report of the Bureau of Vital Statistics shows that during the year there were 38,876 deaths, 27,321 births, 11,085 marriages, as against '81. 28,624 deaths, 26,130 births and 10,077 marriage, and in '80 23,342 deaths, births 25,573 and marriages 8,446.

ICE water is harmless and more refreshing with a little Hop Bitters in each draught.

Snow.

PETERSBURG, VA., December 30.—A snow storm has raged since 9 o'clock last night. It is still snowing rapidly. The ground is covered several inches.

MORE SNOW.

RICHMOND, VA., December 30. — Snowing all last night and still failing; seven or eight inches deep.

The Philadelphia Gas Ring.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., December 30.—An examiner will be appointed to take testimony in the case of the city against the gas trustees, and the trustees will be compelled to answer individually the inquiries put to them. This is the result they so long warded off.

Burned to the Ground.

CHICAGO, December 30.—The house occupied by James Griffin, who was discharged yesterday by the Coroner for killing John Mangin, was set on fire this morning and burned to the ground. It is believed Mangin's hoodlum friends did the deed.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Gambetta Threatened With an Attack of Erysipelas.

The Floods Increasing in Germany--Country Inundated--German Affairs--Vessel Sunk--Cablegrams.

Ireland.

LONDON, December 30.—A dispatch from Roche's Point, entrance of Cork harbor, says a large steamer is sunk off there. No particulars.

FOUNDERED.

QUEENSTOWN, December 30.—The new steamship Cheapas, from the Clyde to Trinidad, foundered here to-day.

A later dispatch from Roche's Point says the steamer that sank was a coaster. The crew was saved.

Germany.

BERLIN, December 30.—The Bishops unitedly made private representations to the Emperor begging permission for the Bishop of Fulda to return to his diocese.

FLOODED.

WORMS, December 30.—The dykes both sides of the Rhine burst, and all the low lying districts are flooded.

ARMY EXPENDITURE.

BERLIN, December 30.—On the reassembling of the Reichstag the German War Office will submit supplementary bills to meet the increased military expenditure.

Spain.

MADRID, December 30.—The Red Book, just published, contains a note dated March 15, from the Spanish Foreign Minister, at Washington, examining and refuting the principles enunciated in Blaine's circular supporting the view that the best mode of guaranteeing the freedom of traffic in the future Panama Canal is for the United States to fulfil the terms of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty.

France.

PARIS, December 30.—When the physicians visited Gambetta this morning they observed some symptoms of erysipelas.

England.

LONDON, December 30.—Wood Bostwick Hall, Norfolk, a private seat, is burned; loss £40,000

Neupert, the Norwegian Pianist,

is creating a musical furore in Boston. He uses the Henry F. Miller piano at his concerts. Mr. J. A. Kleselhorst, 2706 Market street, has the St. Louis agency of these favorite pianos.

A SISTER'S SORROW.

She Finds the Remains of a Brother in a Dissecting Room.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, December 30.—A well-dressed woman, very much agitated, called upon Dr. Nagle at the Bureau of Vital Statistics and asked that the disposal of the body of her brother, Edward Haddock, who died in the New York Hospital on election day, be investigated. Between her sobs she told a strange story of how her relative's remains, instead of being placed where it had been promised they would be, had, either through intent or carelessness been handed over to a medical college for dissection. Although the man died on the 7th of November it was only a few days ago that the sister, who lives out of town, was apprised by friends of the fact. She said that on hearing of her brother's demise she came at once to the city and called upon her friends. She was told that Haddock had been taken sick at their house early last month, and, becoming worse, was sent to the New York Hospital on November 6. The friends were informed of his death the next day, but, on going to the hospital, were promised that the body would be kept two or three days, so that the sister might be communicated with. They went home and tried to find the sister, but were forced to go back to the hospital without having notified her. They were there informed that it

WOULD BE ALL RIGHT,

as the body would be buried in Potter's Field, where it could be found and disinterred at any time during cold weather in the next five years. Satisfied that the body would eventually be recorded in respectable burial the friends made no objection to its being sent to the Morgue and they redoubled their efforts to notify the only known relative of the deceased. She was found at last and lost no time in securing the services of an undertaker. He obtained the necessary permit and on Thursday went to the Morgue to learn where the body had been interred. He was surprised to learn that it had not been buried, but had been dissected by surgeons. The sister was rendered almost crazy by the news and knew not what to do. Dr. Nagle could give her no satisfaction, but sent her to Superintendent Blake of the outdoor poor, who furnished her with a note to Warden O'Rourke at the Morgue. Here she found that the news was only too true. The books in the office showed that the body of Edward Haddock, forty-nine years of age, a sailor, who died of nephritis, was received on November 9 from the New York hospital and handed over the next day to the College of Physicians of Surgeons.

FOR ANATOMICAL PURPOSES.

A reporter called at the Morgue, saw the entry in the book and was told the body was disposed of according to a law passed June 1, 1881, requiring "keepers of morgues in all cities of over 30,000 people to deliver to a medical college every corpse unclaimed for twenty-four hours." This had been done in this instance, as no instruction had been sent as to what disposition should be made of the body.

Cleveland Mills Closed.

CHICAGO, December 30.—A Cleveland special says a sensation was created by a notice posted in the large shops of the Cleveland Rolling Mill Co., announcing the closing of the Bessemer steel works until further notice. This includes rail mills, two rod mills, Booth mill, two bar mills, puddling mills, Guede mill and several smaller ones. It throws out of employment at least 1,000 men. Nobody will say how long the mills will be closed. They have no work. President Chisholm says the shut down is only temporary; that when the stock is taken and repairs made they will probably resume. It is announced the Newberg mills will on the 1st of January reduce the wages 15 to 25 per cent.

Western Union Acquisition.

DETROIT, MICH., December 30. — It is understood that about fourteen hundred miles of telegraph lines, chiefly in Western and Northern Michigan pass into the possession of the Western Union January 1, under a contract by which the latter company has heretofore leased the lines with the option of purchase. They were built and owned by the Michigan Telegraph Company.

Baltimore's Boom.

BALTIMORE, December 30.—The exports at this point in 1882 were $42,809,031, against $55,427,468 in 1881. The difference is due mainly to the price of grain, which was too high to sell abroad. The volume of imports is about the same as the previous year. Shipbuilding regained something of its former prosperity. Twenty-five vessels were constructed in 1882, with an aggregate tonnage of 3,152, costing $334,000.

Died.

CINCINNATI, December 30.—John Woddle, president of the Marietta and Cincinnati Railroad, died at Chillicothe, O., this morning.

Boston's Tonnage.

BOSTON, December 30.—The total tonnage built here in 1882 is 7,754, a gain of 4,274 over the previous year.

"DR. HARTMAN"

Will stay two weeks longer, to the evening of the 13th of January, 1883, at the Lindell Hotel, this city. He found it necessary to do this to do justice to a number of greatly deformed patients, also severe cases of cancer and stammering, who have placed themselves under his treatment during the past two weeks.

As many object to give their names for publication, we can, since our last report of Dr. Hartman's doings, give only a few operations, by their kind permission, as follows:

Mr. Chas. Dawkins, 2206 southeast corner Scott avenue, had crossed eyes all his life. Dr. Hartman straightened them to his greatest satisfaction.

Lewis Flamm, 31 years of age, No. 2738 Thomas street, had very crooked eyes. A minute with Dr. Hartman, and they were straight.

Miss Mary S. Johnson, 14 years old, of Palmer, Mo., having cross eyes since infancy, had Dr. Hartman operate on them with success.

Andrew Walsh, Fifth street, between Ohio and Illinois streets, East St. Louis, whose eyes were greatly crossed and are now natural and pleasing.

Wm. Schuette, No. 1301 Morgan street, St. Louis, had been suffering with convergent strabismus all his life, but an operation by Dr. Hartman has made them just what any body's eyes ought to be—straight.

Wm. Richardson, east gate of Tower Grove Park, had cross eyes for forty years, and an operation corrected them.

Frank Besch, rear of 172 South Ninth street, had both eyes turned in toward the nose; Dr. Hartman straightened them.

Mr. J. Scherzinger, 1709 Carondelet av., whose eyes were turned outward for thirty-five years, had them brought back to their place by Dr. Hartman.

Miss Maggie Zimmerman, 2826 south Jackson street, St. Louis, had crooked eyes; they are now straight. Dr. Hartman operated on them.

Mrs. Daniel Wolau, 4228 N. Ninth street. Her eyes were very much crossed. They are now straight.

Mr. S. A. Levasque, 2900 N. Eleventh street, St. Louis, had crossed eyes for forty years. Dr. Hartman straightened them.

Master Michael Mack, 11 years of age, and his sister, Miss Julia Mack, 1222 N. Eighteenth street, city, both had crooked eyes since childhood. Dr. Hartman straightened the eyes for both of them In all these cases the operation never once lasted over a minute, in many of them not a half, and their appearance was invariably very greatly improved. None of them complained of pain, and all are most highly pleased, and invite those who doubt to call on them. In some the sight has been greatly improved, and will, in time, become normal again in all of them.

DR. HARTMAN treats all other deformities of the body and every form of chronic disease with the same skill, but in many a much longer time is required to effect a cure. These he does not allow us to publish until they are well, which, in many cases, takes from one month to a year, as stated in his journal.

Criminal Notes.

John O'Neill broke into a saloon on South Seventh street, according to the allegation of George Pfautsch, and to-day was committed to jail on a charge of burglary.

Last night the Chestnut street patrol wagon was called to 900 South Second street and arrested George Lee, who had entered that house. Lee was committed to jail to-day on a charge of burglary.

At the instante of Donk & Bro., the coal dealers, Thomas Eddy and Emma Brown were jailed in a warrantcharging them with stealing $40.

A warrant charging Joe Burbo with assaulting Mike Timberlin with intent to kill was sworn out to-day, and Burbo was sent to jail.

Lizzie Thies was jailed this afternoon on a charge of stealing $40.

HOUSEKEEPERS should insist upon obtaining Burnett's Flavoring Extracts; they are the best.

The Recorder's Retirement.

Recorder Irwin steps down and out of office this evening. On Tuesday morning, Recorder Farelly will assume the duties of the office. Of Recorder Irwin's staff the following gentlemen will remain: Nicholas Leonard, William Wylie, John Mitchell, George Eberle, J. Papin and J. Warren Carpenter. Mr. Louis Tetard, who has been in the office thirty year's will retire. Mr. James P. Wilton, who has served the last nine decades; who has been five times an alderman, twice a school director and for thirteen years treasurer of the Mechanics' Exchange, was presented at noon to-day by that body with a handsome gold-headed, inscribed ebony cane, in recognition of his services to the Exchange.

CHRISTMAS services of the Cote Brilliante Chapel will take place at 2:30 p. m. to-morrow. The children of the Sunday-school were all invited to attend an exhibition given by Prof. Snow last night at which a trip to Switzerland and along the River Rhine to its source was beautifully illustrated. The exhibition will be continued to-night and to-morrow night, when trips through different countries will be illustrated and explained. The exhibition is free to all the children and their parents and is tendered by Mr. Cuppies and the directors of the chapel.

THE MERRIE KREWE.

Annual Parade of Masquers at the Merchants' Exchange.

An Amusing Procession, Burlesquing Everything--Lively Scenes on the Floor This Morning--How the Year Was Closed.

The third annual parade of the Merchants' Exchange Merrie Krewe took place to-day, and was even a greater success than any of those preceding. The hour for the grand entree was announced as 11 a. m., but long before that time the crowd began to assemble and fill up the seats. Both sides of the west end of the large hall of the Exchange were arranged with seats, which would accommodate at least 2,000 people. These were all filled early, principally with ladies, and at 10:30 a. m. the hall was so full in all parts that the main doors were closed, and those who came later were compelled to go up to the galleries. Every inch of standing room was taken, and the smallest estimate possible is that there were 6,000 people present to witness the parade. Shortly before the entrance of the Krewe a squad of police succeeded in clearing an entrance. A space in the middle of the floor had been reserved for the paraders, but this was cut down to a narrow strip by the spectators, who crowded into it, because they could find no other place to stand.

At the hour announced the Merrie Krewe entered, led by their own drum-major, a dancing monkey, who was generally understood by the ladies present to be Mr. Jim Honeyman. The drum-major was closely followed by the Arsenal Band, after which came a delegation from "Frog Bayou" and "Goose Pond," on a trip to Washington about river appropriations. The delegation was ten strong composed of four frogs, a number of coolfishes, a tadpole or two and a pair of immense alligators. Section second was composed of a collection of horny-handed farmers, among them several country girls, ridiculously painted, and ingeniously clad in dresses may of hay and straw, with corn-stalk and cabbage ornaments.

Farm products, as illustrated in section 3, was composed of cabbage heads, squashes, corn, wheat, and a couple of tall gentlemen, each with a jug on his head, one of them labeled "extra old." Section 4 was a flour mill, a perfect representation, nearly ten feet in height, with the wheel in motion, the inscription being, "Capacity 5,000 barrels daily, mostly wind."

The two following sections represented the "Vegetable Kingdom," and "Provisions," each of them being as artistic as it was laughable. "Cotton" was the subject of section 7, the paraders following the banner being a delegation of genuine negroes, who enjoyed the fun all the more because they were not weighed down by heavy baskets and costumes. Section 8, "Bulls and Bears," attracted great attention. Amid a collection of the animals noted were a sprinkling of lambs and sheep, who were buffeted during the whole journey. A couple of elderly gentlemen, labeled respectively "Outside Capital" and "Public Benefactor," were appreciated by the boys who understood the joke intended. Then followed "Mrs. Long-Tree," in her character of Rosalind, with very long skirts, however, followed by a fat, short and somewhat stubby Oscar Wilde, who carried an immense lily and walked with a stage tread that almost exhausted him before a round had been made.

The remaining sections were Arabi P'Shaw and his troops under command of a regiment of small boys. A delegation of Chinese and another of Indians, the latter labeled "Interior Department." No. 13 was the "Stay-Right-Where-You-Are-Club," four old fishermen, two of them carrying huge fishing poles, and another an old flint-lock, to the top of which was tied a very domestic-looking old hen.

The club was followed closely by a van which contained boxes of Mumm's Extra Dry, bottled beer, demijohns and the smaller kinds of bait which fishermen always take with them. The closing section was "Olivette," composed of Capt. De Merrimac and a detachment from the popular operas.

The procession marched around the hall a dozen times, causing a great deal of fun and merriment. The antics of the mimic drum-major were laughable enough, and Oscar Wilde was guyed from all parts of the hall. Occasionally the parade, as it marched around the circle, would get entangled, and then laughable scenes would occur.

A sugar-cured ham, acting in the capacity of a lieutenant, would rush up to a cabbage who had been walking a trifle too fast, and inquire in an audible voice, "Why the devil don't you keep the step?" to which the cabbage would reply that he "was a doing the marching all proposed to do it as he d—d pleased." The order, however, was remarkably well preserved, considering the crowded condition of the hall. After everybody had seen the parade in detail, a ball was called and the Krewe indulged in a quadrille, to music furnished by the band, which had taken the main platform. The scene was very animated. The costumes, of all variety of shades and colors, presented a gay sight as the wearers whirled around in the dance, the ludicrous combinations adding to the merriment. The Jersey Lily danced a set or two with the old negress in gray hair who was labeled "Outside Capital," the dance being interrupted by an alligator who stepped on the lady's trail. The Lily skipped away from her partner, lifted her skirts to show a pair of blue pants and rather heavy winter boots, and gave chase to the alligator, who escaped around the fountain. After the opening dance the band of negro minstrels who had filled out the cotton section were hoisted up on the stage and sang a number of popular negro melodies to a very appreciative audience. Another dance followed, and Henry Amelung, master of ceremonies, announced that the Krewe would leave the hall. A promenade concert was then given, Mr. Amelung announcing that selections appropriate to each section of the parade would be given. The opening piece following this announcement was "The Rogues March," a piece of pleasantry that called for roars of laughter and shouts of approval from the members of the Exchange who did not take part in the procession.

The parade altogether was a great success, and furnished all the amusement possible for the hour and a half during which it lasted. The various committees and the master of ceremonies were congratulated on all hands for the fun which they provided. The band remained in the hall for a couple of hours, the merchants enjoying themselves, after the ladies had departed, in a way that might be called boisterous and hilarious.

ROLLER SKATING

At the Natatorium, corner Nineteenth and Pine streets, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Matinee every Saturday at 2:30 p. m.

HABEAS CORPUS.

Release of Harry Ferris and Wallace Newman by Judge Noonan.

This morning the habeas corpus case of Harry Ferris and Wallace Newman was argued in the Court of Criminal Correction, Mr. Lodge appearing for the petitioners. Nearly two years ago Ferris and Newman were given hours to leave town by Judge Jecko. They did leave town and only returned a few weeks ago, when the old execution was drawn on them after their arrest by the detectives. The point raised was that the judgments of the Police Court had been satisfied when the defendants left town, and remained away nearly two years. This was not contested by the respondents, and the petition releasing Ferris and Wallace was granted.

ENNO SANDER'S superior process of manufacturing his pure, sparkling table waters is not only attested by the German importers of mineral waters, but also by the proprietors of American Springs, who, observing the "delicious effervescence," render their waters sparkling by means of the soda water machine.

A Lesson in Practical Chemistry.

"Handy way to make a fire, ain't it?" a journeyman mason, engaged on the new building on the corner of Second and Walnut streets, remarked this noon to a POST-DISPATCH reporter, who had begun to watch with interest the man's proceedings. The reporter said that he could not see any fire, but the mason told him to wait and watch for developments. Then, in a square hole which he had dug in the shallowest part of the s

POCKET PIECES.

The Various Articles of Ornament and Use Carried by Men and Women.

How a Man Can Easily be Identified by the Contents of His Pockets.

Jailer Henry O. Siegmund was engaged in sorting out prisoners' property to-day, at his office at the Four Courts, when a POST-DISPATCH reporter happened in and learned from him some curious facts concerning the furniture of American pockets. The property was the accumulation of several years, and was piled in a large pine box. When a defendant is committed to jail he is carefully searched, and every article which might be used to do self-violence or injure the cells is taken away. In many instances the owners fail to ask for the restoration of this property when the cases are finally disposed of, leaving an extensive assortment of "traps" on hand. Each bundle was tied with a string, to which a tag, bearing the name and number of the cell, was attached. Examining these tags and comparing them with the latest jail bulletin was the task at which the jailer was employed to-day.

"The contents of pockets," said he, "differ with the men, though there is a great resemblance between the property of men of the same class. Now, this," said Mr. Siegmund, picking up a parcel containing a strap, "I am willing to bet belongs to a laboring man." An examination of the tag and books substantiated this.

"How do you guess the owner of property?"

"I've seen the same effects taken from the same class so often that I can now almost tell"

WHAT A MAN HAS IN HIS POCKETS

without seeing. There are certain things one man will carry and another man will not, and this distinguishes them."

"What articles are usually carried in pockets, judging from your experience with jail prisoners?"

Jail prisoners include every class almost, so that it is a pretty extensive question. The articles most commonly carried are knife, pocketbook or memorandum book, pencil, keys, combs, toothpicks, pocket mirrors, tooth-picks of various patterns, closing writing pens, rubber bands, photographs, letters, charms of one kind or another, finger-rings, brushes, puzzles, button-hooks, tobacco boxes, pipes, cigar-holders, strings, match-box, ear-pick, finger-nail cleaner, an extra collar or cuff-button, etc. These are about the articles most usually found, but not all in the possession of one man. A professional tramp is the best provided man on the streets. His is the largest list, frequently including a piece of sperm candle, matches, paper of ground coffee and cheese and bread.

"What are the distinctive possessions of prisoners?"

"Well, with the levee roustabout a short, thick strap worn about one of the wrists to give strength is an infallible mark. This designates him without anything further. Besides this he usually carries a hoodoo charm, although he may not be a believer in its efficacy, a bolt or nut which he has picked up at some time or another and worn until its surfaces have become polished, and an ugly-looking pocket-knife.

HIS HOODOO POCKET-PIECE

is a square inch of the dried skin from the side of a cat's face, a cat's paw preserved, a dog's tooth and toe-nail, a coon's tail, a snake's rattle, or the teeth, nails, hair and small bones of some animal, or some dried weed sewed up in a little sack. The smallest amount of freight is carried by the narrow-breeched hoodlum. He does not burden himself with any unnecessary traps, and in most cases nothing but a pocket-knife is found in his possession.

"The has-been, of a man who has seen better days, is marked by some little peculiarity of his pocket pieces. For instance, a dull toothpick which has been frequently used will be found carefully lodged in a vest pocket. His pocketbook contains a small bill, which he may have to carry about him with an old shilling, cent, dime or coin of some denomination of a certain date which is a reminder of some event in his life.

A PROFESSIONAL THIEF

always has a picture of his girl in tin type or some similar inexpensive style of photography in his pockets.

"A bar-room loafer has absolutely nothing in his pockets, and if anything is found it will be a flat, tened horse-shoe nail or something of a like character. The colored porter or watchman carries a big supply of trinkets. He usually has two or three pencils, and a rotten tooth and a nail brush, some cards and a shoe horn. These occupy his top vest pockets. His lower vest pockets are filled with small pieces of some mechanical apparatus which he has picked up from time to time. In his pistol pocket he has a pocket book well filled with papers and love notes. His pantaloon pockets are the receptacles of a bunch of keys for the half of which he has no use in the world and a pocket-knife, while a trip into his inside coat or vest pockets will discover a mouth-harmonica of some kind or a pair of bones and jewsharp, or more modern but simple kind of musical instruments."

"What do women usually carry?"

"A fan or two, a photograph, a small pincushion and a trunk or room key constitute a female's possessions. She has not the facilities for carrying the amount of stock which a man burdens himself with and it is much more difficult to determine what class a woman is of by her trinkets than to identify a man's calibre by the freight he carries in his pockets."

THE HOUSEHOLD.

How the "World" of St. Louis Will Load Its New Year's Tables.

If the Christmas feast is a distinctly family affair, that which is prepared for New Year's is as certainly one to which the visiting guest is peculiarly welcome. Every year the New Year's table is becoming a more hospitable institution. For this reason all the markets were thronged this morning with ladies bent on purchasing their supplies to-day or Monday. Olive Market was crowded all day. Dealers state that the demand this week has been a improvement upon that of last. Game is plentiful, and Judy's counters are packed with an attractive assortment. His quotations are:

Grouse $1 25 per pair; quail $2 per dozen; rabbits 15 cents each; squirrel 15 cents each; venison 25c; venison steak 50c per pound; antelope 25c per pound; black tailed deer 25c per pound; dressed turkeys 20c per pound; chickens 30 to 35 cents each; mallard ducks 50 cents per pair; teal ducks 40 cents per pair; wild pigeons $1 per doz.; pheasants $1 50 per pair; geese 75 cents to $1 each; wild geese 50 cents each; jack rabbits 50 cents each.

Vegetables are slightly stiffer in price than last week. Stocke's quotations are: Lima beans 15c per quart; turnips 5c per quart; carrots 5c per quart; cabbage 5c to 15c per head; green onions three bunches for 5c; dry onions 30c per peck; beets 5c per quart; Hubbard squashes 15c to 50c each; lettuce, 5c per head; radishes, 5c for a large bunch, or three small bunches for 5c; red peppers, 15c per quart; spinach, 25c per peck; horse-radish, 10c to 12c a bottle, or 10c a root; pumpkins, 10c to 15c each; sweet potatoes, $1 15 to $1 25 per bushel; parsley, 20c per dozen; Irish potatoes, 90c to $1 25 per bushel.

Fitzpat lck's quotations this week are: Elgin creamery butter, 45c per pound; Iowa creamery 40c; best dairy 35c; dairy 30c; choice cooking butter 25@30c; cooking butter of low grades 20@25c. Eggs 30c per dozen. Strained honey 15c per pound; comb honey 20@25c. Spring chickens sell at from $3@3 75 per dozen; old hens $3@3 50 per dozen.

Veal is scarcer than last week though the price is the same. Foerstel's quotations for fresh meats are: Loin of beef 12½@c to 15c per pound; rib beef 10c to 15c; mutton 5c to 12c; lamb 10c to 15c; pork 12½c; veal 10@15c; corned beef 8@10c; kidneys 5c each; calf's brains, 10c; sausage 12½c; pork tenderloins 15c; pork spare ribs 15c, and ox tail 5c.

Fish is plentiful both in quantity and variety. Bruno quotes: Red snapper, 12½c per pound; sun fish 10c; croppie, 12½c; bass, 12½c; blue fish, 17c; muscits, 20c; white fish, 12½c; trout, 15c; halibut, 20c; lobsters, 20c; mackeral, 20c; each; haddock, 15c; codfish, 12½c; skinned eels, 20c; pickerel, 10c, and buffalo, 10c.

THE IRON HORSE.

A Circular—The C. & A.—General Railroad News—Notes.

The Iron Mountain brought in 1,002 bales of cotton; the Missouri Pacific, 419.

E. J. McDole, city passenger agent of the C., B. & Q., has gone to Rock Island to spend New Year's.

C. C. Reynolds has been appointed chief train-dispatcher and O. W. Mozier train-master of the L. & St. L., to take effect January 1.

It is rumored that a change in the superintendency of the Illinois and St. Louis Railway will take place January 1. Mr. Sharman, the present superintendent, stepping out. His successor has not yet been fully determined on, but it is thought that the fortunate one will come from the ranks in the direct line of promotion.

Mr. John. C. Sanford, by reason of continued ill health, has resigned the position of freight traffic manager of the C., R. I. & P. R'y, taking effect January 1, 1883. The office of freight traffic manager will be abolished after Mr. Sanford's resignation, and Mr. Sage, the present general freight agent, will have jurisdiction over all matters pertaining to the freight department.

Mr. J. Charlton, president of the C. & A. R. R., has issued one of the handsomest and most unique "Merry Christmas, Happy New Year" cards yet seen. On the face of the card is seen the monogram of the president. Inside, on the left hand page, is a map of the C. & A. R. R., an ivy vine representing the line, with calla lilies at the proper places for the more important cities touched by the road. On the right-hand page of the inside is a steel engravind of Mr. Charlton, a perfect likeness, with his autograph.

Hon. J. H. Crichton, of Chetopa, Kas.; Hon. David Kelso, of Parsons, Kas., and Col. Peter Smith, of Fort Worth, Texas, are in the city to-day to remain over New Year's. They come to consult with Gov. J. C. Brown, general solicitor of the Southwestern system, concerning railroad matters. A line from Fort Worth to the Rio Grande that has been talked of for years, and more particularly within the last twelve months, will be discussed, and it would not be surprising to learn of the line being built at an early day.

The following circular has been issued by the General Passenger Department of the Illinois Central Railway and will explain itself:

CHICAGO, December 28, 1882.

To the General Passenger and Ticket Agents:

The Illinois Central, assuming control of the Chicago, St. Louis and New Orleans Railway, January 1, 1883, I would request that on and after that date all communications relating to the passenger business of that road be addressed to me at Chicago. On all future issues of tickets but one coupon will be required between Chicago or St. Louis (or any intermediate point) and New Orleans, which should read via Illinois Central Railway, excepting from St. Louis to New Orleans (south bound), which should read via St. Louis and Cairo Short Line (Du Quoin Route). Communications in reference to the baggage business of this company should be addressed to Mr H. A. Winter, general baggage agent, Chicago. Mr. J. W. Coleman, assistant general passenger agent, will make his headquarters at New Orleans. A. H. HANSON,

General Passenger Agent.

This gives Chicago another through and direct route to the seaboard, and at the same time increases the south-bound facilities of St. Louis to no little extent.

Authentic information has been received at all the general railroad offices in this city of a scheme that is being perfected in Kansas to influence public opinion against the railroad interests of the State in general. As usual all the blame will be furnished passes from their homes to the State Capital by the railroads. A number of the members who have just been elected to the Legislature are in a loss for some way in which to push themselves forward into special notice have covenanted amongst themselves to take these passes, solicit them if necessary, and when the Legislature opens, on the 9th prox., to rise in their seats in the legislative halls, wave the passes over their heads and then tear them—the passes—to pieces amidst the applause and cheers of the multitude. Every detail of the scheme and the names of its leaders are known to the railroads, but the passes will be given as usual and the scheme will not be interfered with in the least. A prominent official said this morning. "This shows what we have to contend with in the shape of adverse public opinion, but we shall issue the passes and trust to the better sense and cooler judgment of the people of Kansas to do us justice in this matter."

HENNESSEY brandy, twenty-eight years old, and sherries forty-four years old, at Bluett's Pier and Market.

THE NEW FAITH.

"Prophet" Wilson Explains His New Religion to Dan Afternoon.

The same audience that had attended "Professor" Wilson's awakening was present at 2 o'clock, which was the hour for the annunciation of the promised revelations. The "Professor" was prompt to the minute. He held a small pocket Elbie in his hand. He said: "I propose to show you something that has been taught me in connection with this controlling power. According to the Book God is in the shape of a human being. He was accepted by the Jews in this character. This God claims to be all beautiful, having no opposition. He had the power to make a holy world or a wicked world. It seems that he made a wicked world. Is there not an inconsistency here? Can a holy God create an unholy world? And yet He holds man responsible. He calls him a free agent and acts according to the nature which has been given to him. Yet God holds children responsible for what their parents have done even to the third and the fourth generation. God called the Jews his chosen people and doesn't seem to have had any use for the Gentiles. According to the Book he sends his only son into the world to redeem the Jews. He makes conditions. 'He that believeth in me shall be saved; he that does not believe in me shall be damned.' If he loved the world, as he said he did, why did he not fix a plan so that all could be saved? And it seems to me that he didn't do it. His son was rejected by the Jews, his chosen people, but a few of the despised Gentiles accepted him. Consequently we have no salvation. They are left out in the dark. Yet the plan of salvation has built up a good system of society. Therefore we don't propose to destroy society; we don't propose to create any material to work upon without destroying Christianity. He has chosen me out of the world, destroyed my business, taken away all that I had and conducted me into the desert twelve years. I don't propose to do this work alone. You are all instruments. I expect you to take hold of this thing and help the ball roll. I propose to show you another God who is preached in this book." At this point in his address Wilson noticed that the individual who had been acting as his manager in the sale of the Elbie was passing the basket upon the bed. He directed some one to "wake that man up," and then resumed: "The Bible John declares that no man has seen God. The Word was God. In that word is life, and the life is the light of man. Then we are simply God in the flesh, as Jesus was. I do not claim to be a God. I claim to be a God in the flesh the same as other men. This God is always guiding me in such a manner that I never make any mistakes whatever. I am simply following my mission and it is a mission that is more important than any that has ever been given. The object is to give men something that will satisfy the soul—the center of faith for hope we have nothing substantial, but in Truth we have something to build upon, something that will remain forever. I have a manuscript in which is written all that has been revealed to me on this subject. I wish persons to take hold of it and investigate it. It was presented to me in a special manner. It has been in this city for three years and was written about five years ago."

The address, which was delivered in a sing-song manner, occupied over an hour in its delivery.

Killed by the Cars.

An old man whose name is unknown was endeavoring to cross the Iron Moudtain track in a light spring wagon near the car factory at 3 p. m. to-day, when he was run into by the up-bound train. The man was thrown several feet out of the wagon. The train stopped, and the man was picked up in a dying condition. Passengers state that he died about the time the train pulled out.

A bystander said his name was Patsy, but that was all that was known about him.

CITY PERSONALS.

Joseph R. Harris, Prosecuting Attorney, and wife are boarding at the Laclede.

The Shaw Club will give another of their parties at the Laclede next Friday evening.

Collector of Customs Chas. M. Whitney and wife have taken rooms for the winter at the Laclede.

Mrs. Anna M. Mears, with Mrs. W. G. Bentley, at 3714 Pine street, assisted by Miss Alvie Bentley and Miss Knox, of St. Paul.

Rob Humphreys, of this city, to-day shipped a rope to Sheriff G. M. Crook, of Lamar county, Tex., for an execution which will take place January 8th.

A. B. Mullett, Esq., formerly Supervising Architect of the Treasury, is in the city to-day en route from the Pacific Slope. He has been out with a commission visiting the San Francisco Navy Yard.

Frank Kraft, secretary of Superintendent Warfield, of the Railway Mail Service, leaves town this evening for Richmond, Ind. He celebrates the New Year by a marriage ceremony in which Miss Ella De Bolt, of Richmond, will figure as the bride.

W. W. Osborn, superintendent of the bookkeeping department of the Western Union Telegraph Company, was the recipient of a pair of handsome vases, given by his employes, which was a great surprise to him. Mr. Osborn was equal the presentation speech, but Mr. Osborn was equal to the occasion, by answering in a few neat and appropriate remarks.

The Year's Mortality.

Dr. Luedeking, Clerk of the Board of Health, has completed his statistical report of the mortality of the year just closing. It shows that the total number of deaths during the year in the city was 7,817. This makes the annual death rate 19.5 per 1,000 on an estimated population of 400,000. The causes of death were as follows: Zymotic diseases, 2,741; constitutional diseases, 1,429; local diseases, 2,850; developmental diseases, 638; death by violence, 377; unknown, 12; still births (not included in mortality, 702.

They were distributed as follows: Male, 4,378; female, 3,439; married, 2,526; single, 5,291; white, 7,604; colored, 813.

Small-pox caused 12 deaths; measles, 64; scarlatina, 344; diphtheria, 385; croup, 102; typhoid fever, 166; malarial fever, 264; puerperal fever, 63; diarrhœal diseases, 725. Out of the whole death list 2,008 were children under one year. The number of births during the year was 8,461; still births, 702; marriages, 541.

Headache Cured.

Headache, no matter from what cause, positively cured in ten minutes. 414 North Seventh street. Leslie E. Keeley, M. D. P. D. Cordell, Assistant.

Women's Training School—1801 Olive street.

Cooking lessons for the week: Tuesday morning, by Mrs. Rainwater—Julienne soup, roast leg of mutton, chicken salad, baked sweet potatoes, Eve's pudding. Wednesday, by Mrs. Frank Filley—Cream fritters, omelette souffles, fried oysters. Afternoon—Veal cutlets breaded, break fast potatoes with cream, waffles. Thursday, by Mrs. West—Spanish cream cake, lobster salad. Afternoon, lesson repeated. Friday, by Mrs. Allen—Bread, rolls and breakfast cakes. Afternoon, lesson repeated. Saturday, school-girls' class, lesson by Mrs. Brush. Ladies' class from 10 to 12 a. m.; cooks' class from 2 to 4 p. m.

KATIE B. SMITH has hentered suit for divorce from Wilson A. Smith. They were married February 15th, 1880, and lived together until July 1st, 1881. Mrs. Smith alleges that her husband deserted her without cause.

SPECULATION! $10 TO A $1000

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$25,000 HENRY CO. SIXES.
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Also a good line of other first-class Bonds and Stocks. For particulars, call or address
W. C. LITTLE & CO.,
212 North Third st., St. Louis.

MONEY.

Wall Street News.

NEW YORK, December 30.—Stocks dull. Burlington and Quincy and Illinois Central about 1 lower, market otherwise featureless.

BANK STATEMENT.

NEW YORK, December 30.—Loans, increase, $1,296,880; specie, decrease, $1,521,800; legal, decrease, $171,300; deposits, increase, $814,700; circulation, decrease, $157,600; reserve, decrease, $1,896,775. The bank now holds $3,375,000 in excess of the legal requirements.

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities.

NEW YORK, December 30.—Money 6. Prime mercantile paper 6@8. Bar silver 109¾. Exchange—Sixty days, 80 long, 80¾ short. Government firm. States neglected. Railroads dull. Stocks dull without notable change. Fives extended 103; 4½'s 113; 4's 120½; 3's 100½; Pacific 6's 130 128.

New York Closing Quotations.

Corrected by Wm. C. Little & Co., 213 N. Third street.

Stocks.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Bid.
Canada Southern	67⅝	67⅝	67	67
Central New Jersey	70	70½	69¾	69½
Central Pacific	86¾	86¾	86¼	86¼
Chesapeake and Ohio				
do pref	33½	33¾	33½	33½
2d pref				20
Chicago and Alton	134	134	134	134
Chicago, St. P., M. and O.	83½	84	82¾	82¾
do pref				
Chicago, R. I. & P.	127	127	125½	125½
Chicago, B. & Q.	123	123	122	122½
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul	105	105¾	104¼	104½
do pref				
Chicago, St. L. & N. O.				
Chicago & Northwest	136½	136¾	134¾	135
do pref				
Cleve., Col., Cin. & I.				
Del., Lack. & W.	128½	128¾	127¾	128
Delaware & Hudson	108	108	108	108
Denver & Rio Grande	41¾	42¾	40¾	41¾
Illino's Central				
Hannibal & St. Joe				
do pref				
Houston & Texas				
Ind., B. & Western	24	24	23¾	23¾
Lake Shore	113¾	114¾	112¾	113
Lake Erie & Western	35	35½	35	35½
Louisville & Nashville	55	56	54½	55
Illinois Central				
Memphis and Charleston				
Michigan Central	102	102	101¾	102
Missouri Pacific	33	34	32¾	32¾
Mobile & Texas				
Mobile & Ohio				
Manhattan Elevated				
Metropolitan Elevated				
New York Central	126¾	127	125¾	126
Ohio	39½	39¾	38¾	38¾
Northern Pacific	46¾	47¼	46¾	47¾
do pref	85	85½	85	85
Ontario & Western	28	28	26½	27
Pacific Mail	42¾	43¼	41¾	41¾
Phil. & Reading	53½	53½	52¾	53¾
Peoria, D. & E.				
St. L. & San F.				
do pref				
Terre Haute				
Texas & Pacific	30¾	30¾	30¼	30¾
Union Pacific	102¾	102¾	102¼	102¾
Wabash, St. L. & P.	25	25¼	24¾	24¾
do pref	54¾	54¾	53¾	54
Western Union T. Co.	81¾	81¾	81¼	81¼
Terre Haute				
Nickel Plate				

Corrected daily by Wm. C. Little & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 213 North Third street.

STATE BONDS.

Mo. 6's	1892	Jan. & July	104½	102
Mo. 6's	1888-87	Jan. & July	105	
Mo. 6's	1888-89	Jan. & July	110½	
Mo. 6's	1894	Jan. & July	120	
Mo. 5-20's of 1875 and 1876	1895-96	Jan. & July	100	
Mo. 5's of 1877	1887	Jan. & July	100	

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 6's, gold	1883-94	June & Dec	113	113
City 6's, gold	1908	June & Dec	113½	113
City 6's, currency	1886-87	April & Oct.	103½	107½
City water 6's	1887	Jan. & July	108½	107½
City water 6's	1890	Jan. & July	108½	109½
City water 6's	1892	Jan. & July	112	113½
City 6's, gold	1900	Jan. & July	103½	108½
County 6's, gold	1895-96	Various.	112	113
County Park	1905	May & Nov.	119	121
County 7's, currency	1885	Various.	104½	106½

*Interest to seller.

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. 1st m 6's	1888	Feb. & Aug.	103	107
Mo. Pac. 2d m 7's	1891	Jan. & July	114	
Mo. Pac. 1st m 7's	1895	Jan. & July	121	124
K. P. 1st m 7's	1895	Feb. & Aug.	103	107
K. P. 1st m 6's	1896	June & Dec.	104	107
K. P. D. Ex. 7's	1899	May & Nov.	107	107
K. P. D. Ex. 7's	1919	May & Nov.	100	101
K. P. Consols	1892	Feb. & Aug.	116	118
St. L. & I. M. 1st 7's				

LAND WARRANTS.

		Buying.	Selling.
Land warrants	160 acres	$135	
Land warrants	120 acres	98	
Land warrants	80 acres	90	
Land warrants	40 acres	44	
Clearings to-day		$	2,543,882
Balances to-day			507,982
Clearings this week			14,921,709
Balances this week			3,036,162
Clearings this month			77,157,267
Balances this month			9,723,634
Clearings this year			833,129,267
Balances this year			138,484,976
Clearings last year			827,481,000
Balances last year			126,866,537

U. S. BONDS.

	When due.	Interest payable.	Bid.	Ask.
Ex 5's of 1881	1881	M. A. N. & F.	104¾	105¾
4½ per cent bonds	1891	J. & D. & M.	112¾	113¾
4 per cent bonds	1901	J. A. J. & O.	119½	120½

C. S. FOSTER, Jr. W. H. BARNETT.

FOSTER & CO.,
COTTON GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.
Contracts for "Future Delivery" promptly executed in New York, New Orleans and Chicago. 322 Pine street, Room 11.

R. H. SHOTWELL & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
And General Commission Brokers.
Orders promptly executed in New York, New Orleans and Chicago.
OFFICE: 216 South Main St., St. Louis.

COMMERCE.

Withdrawals of Grain at St. Louis.

FROM THE ELEVATORS FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING YESTERDAY.

	City.	R. R.	River.	Total.
Wheat	4,612	19,363		23,975
Corn	6,363	19,368	71,312	97,135
Oats	10,064	1,039	5,135	16,973
Rye		500		500
Barley		3,307	902	4,209

Stocks of Grain in St Louis Elevators.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley.
To-day	673,240	897,679	61,773	26,020	118,341
Yesterday	668,. 24	835,857	77,313	24,520	93,896
Dec. 30, 1881	760,988	959,776	152,406	91,941	67,714

Oil.

PITTSBURG, PA., December 30.—The feeling in oil circles to-day was quite bullish and the market at times was very much excited. Opening sales were made at 88¾ and the price soon advanced to 92, closing strong at noon at 91½. Transactions during the morning session were heavy.

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators and Warehouses.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1882.

WHEAT.

	Bushels.		Bushels.
No. 1 red	500	Rej. winter	28,981
No. 2 red	435,403	No. 3 Mel	4,620
No. 3 red	85,730	No. 3 spring	2,258
No. 4 winter	20,469	Rej. spring	900
No. 2 white winter	2,577	In special bins	60,365
No. 2 Med	37,623	No. 2 spring	
No. 3 white		No-grade winter	
Total, 673,406 bu.			

RYE.

No. 2	36,379	Rejected	6,641
Total, 43,020 bu.			

CORN.

New white-mixed	34,164	No. 2 yellow	
New mixed	91,330	Rej. white-mixed	8,253
St. Charles white	1,300	Rejected	16,683
No. 2 white		In special bins	2,000
No. 2 white-mixed	57,210	High-mixed	1,000
No. 2 mixed	682,475	No-grade	3,249
New		New white	
Total, 897,666 bu.			

OATS.

No. 2 mixed	54,926	Rejected	6,047
No. 2 white		In special bins	
Total, 61,773 bu.			

BARLEY.

No. 3 spring	611	In special bins	100,730
Total, 101,341 bu.			

The Markets.

FORENOON SESSION.

There was little business transacted on 'Change to-day. The annual entertainment of the Merrie Krewe took up most of the forenoon session, and after 11 o'clock the time of the members was devoted to the surveying of the treat offered them by the maskers. A cash call was held at 10 o'clock, at which most business was transacted, and outside of some trading in options nothing of any consequence was done. A telegram from Chicago received this morning stated that the Board of Trade of that city will be closed next Monday and Tuesday. The St. Louis Exchange will be open Tuesday as usual.

Flour—No Samples were offering and no sales made, so that the following quotations are entirely nominal. We quote: Extra fancy $4 85@5 00; family $3 80@4 70; choice $4 40@4 50; fancy $3 80@3 90; XXX $3 30@3 45; XXX 2d 90@3 00; XX $2 80@2 85; uncertain $2 70@2 75; fine $2 50@2 65; favorite brands 25c higher; patents $5 30@6.

Buckwheat Flour—Slow, not much of a demand. Western $6 50@6 75. New York $7.

Cornmeal—Dull and demand prices weak at $2 30@2 35 on orders delivered; grits, pearl meal and hominy at $3 50@3 60.

Rye Flour—Unchanged at $3 50@3 60.

Wheat—Higher. Market firm until the close, when the feeling was weaker, yet latest future sales were at advances of ⅝c for year, ⅞c for January, ⅝c for February, 5c for March and ⅝c for May over yesterday's close. Grade No 2 red sold readily for export, but all else dull. No 2 red cash 96¼@96⅝c regular, closing at 96¾; year 96¾; January 97¼ to 97; February 98⅝@98¾c, closing 98¾@99; March $1 01⅛ to $1 01¼; April $1 02⅜ and late $1 02¾ bid; May $1 03⅝ to $1 04; No. 3 red 92 in C. No. 4 83½ bid E. side; rejected 80 in C.

Mediterranean 97¼ in E., 96½ bid this side; No. 3 do 92 bid in C.

Corn—The cash market was higher, No. 2 mixed selling for export mainly, and new mixed meeting a good shipping demand. Futures were little changed in value, showing a stronger tone early, but casing off late. No. 2 mixed cash 44⅝@44¾c regular; year 44½ bid; January 44⅝ to 44¾@45c closing 44⅞; February 46 to 45¾; March 46¾ bid; closing 46¾; February 46 to 45¾; March 46¾ bid; May 48¾ to 48⅝@48¾; No. 2 white-mixed 44½ bid E. side; new 44¾ bid; No. 3 mixed 43½ bid; rejected; no grade 42 bid E. side; new 43 bid in St. L. and C. 44 E. side; rejected 41½ in C.; no grade 42 asked E. side.

Oats—Grade No. 2 was firmer, but rejected dull and unchanged. Futures dull and about steady. No. 2 cash 30¼@30⅜c regular; year 35½ bid; January 35⅝@35¾c; February 36; May 38¾; rejected 34 bid regular.

Rye entirely nominal; nothing done. Grade No. 2 offered at 55½, bid 54; rejected neglected.

Barley—No business. We quote: Rejected 40@45; No. 2 spring c prime to strictly prime 55@60; choice 65@75; fancy 80@85.

Hay—Dull, very little being done and that at about steady rates.

Millfeed—Sacked bran quotable at 80 at mill, 61@63 f. o. b. E. track; bulk 58@54 f. o. b. E. track.

Provisions—An absolute suspension of business in the hog product, and scarcely anything was done on the street. The tone was nominally steadier without change in value. Standard mess pork held at $17, and hard side at $16 50. Prime steam lard worth about 13¼. Loose 15@20 day dry salt meats quotable at 6¾@7¼c for shoulders, 8.00@8.60 for longs, 8.65@8.70 for rib sides, 9@9¼ for S. C. clear. Boxed bacon shoulders 8¾, longs 10¼, clear ribs 10¼, short clear 12¾. Hams 12¾@13. Tallow 7¼ for prime to strictly prime in oil tight offs in regular pkgs; medium and falling off lots in regular pkgs; 6¾@7¼c; grease tallow 6¼@6½. Breakfast bacon 12¾@13¾c. Grease 5¼@5¾c for brown, 6¾ for yellow, 7¾@8 for white. Beef—Extra mess $12@16 per brl according to brand; $7 50@8 50 per half brl; dried 11½@12½c strictly choice 13 per pound. Fresh smoked tongues $4 50@5 per doz. Sack—Domestic $1 20 this side, $1 15 on E. side per brl. Ground alum $1 10 per sack for round lots, $1 20@1 25 in a small way.

Highwines—Steady and firm, with sales at $1 14.

Lead—Entirely nominal. Refined salable at $4 25, as were special brands of hard.

Closing Prices—1 P. M.

CHICAGO.

Wheat—December 94; January 94; February 94½; May 81 01.

Corn—December 40¾; January 40¾; February 50¼; May 53¾.

Oats—Year 40½; January 35¾; February 35¼; May 36¾.

Pork—Year $17 07½; January $17 07½; February $17 22½; March $17 37½; May $17 70.

Lard—Year 10.82½; January 10.32½; February 10.55 a. 10.57½; March 10.72½@c.

Short Ribs—Year 8.75@80; January 8.77½@80; February 8.87½@90; March 8.97½@9; May 9.17½@20.

TOLEDO.

Wheat—December 97¼; January 97¾; February 98¾; March $1 02; April $1 04; May $1 05¾; July $1 00¼.

Corn—Year 53½; January 51¾; February 52 a.; May 53¾ b.

Oats—December 37½; January 38 a.; May 38¼.

NEW YORK.

Reported specially by J. M. Fuller & Co., of New York, represented in St. Louis by J. A. Glover.

Wheat—January $1 00¾@¾; February $1 11⅝@⅞; March $1 18¾; May $1 15¾@¾.

Corn—January 65¾@¾; February 64¾@¾; March 64¾@¾; May 63.

Wheat—December $1 01¾; January $1 08¾@¾; February $1 09¾@1 10; March $1 11¾@1 12.

Corn—Year 61¾@62; January 61¾@¾; February 61¾@¾; March 61¾.

Cotton.

The local spot market was very quiet, all other markets, both foreign and domestic, being closed until after the 1st of January. There were no receipts received, except from a few minor ones. All the prominent markets, however, were closed for business. Early in the day one sale, consisting of 2,000 bales, was made, but this comprised the business of the local market.

ST. LOUIS SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Low ordinary, 6 9-16; ordinary, 7 11-16; good ordinary, 8 11-16; low middling, 9 3-16; middling, 9 9-16; good middling, 9 13-16; middling fair, 10 15-16. Stained—Ordinary, 7¼; good ordinary, 8¼; low middling, 8¾; middling, 9¼.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCK.

Gross receipts to-day 3,740 bales, against 2,433 bales last year; since September 1, 1882, 373,482 bales, against 271,979 same time last year; shipments to-day, 1,072 bales, against 1,833 last year; since September 218,261 bales, against 183,039 same time last year. Stock to-day 56,950 bales, against 65,645 same time last year.

Country Produce.

BUTTER—Quote: Creamery—Fair to good 25@27; choice to fancy 28@30. Dairy—Choice to fancy 32@34; good to choice 26@30; fair to good 20@25; common 15@18; choice yellow country 18@20; poor to fair 13@17. Roll—Northern 24@26 for choice; 20@23 for medium to prime; near-by make 14@18 to 20@22 for poor to choice.

CHEESE—Mild are make full cream 12½@13½; sharp do 5@10; prime to choice skims 8@9¾; inferior do 2@4; young America 14@15.

GAME—Sales of selected stock ranged: Grouse $5; quail $1 00; duck—mallard $1 75@2; teal $1 25@1 50; mixed 50@100; deer carcasses 7@9; venison saddle 12@14 for do mestic, 17@18 for Minnesota and black tail; rabbit 75@90 for drawn—25@30c less for undrawn; and sour; squirrel 40@50; opossum 10@20; turkeys 50@$1 25, each and wild geese 20@25c each.

EGGS—Firm for choice marks; pickled lots much lower.

POULTRY—Dressed—Turkeys 15@16 for rough, thin or poorly-dressed. 17@18 for choice; per lb. Chickens $1 25@2 00 for small and thin; $2 25@2 75 for medium; $3 00@3 25 for choice to fancy large. Geese $2 50@4 for small and young; $5@6 for good to choice; $6 50@7 50 for heavy and fat. Ducks $2 50@3 50 for small and rough; $3 75@4 25 for choice and fancy tat.

WILD—Is quote: Tubwashed 28@30; for low, fair 32@33; 34@35c for choice; unwashed 25c for medium; 18@20c for coarse, 13@17 for burry-Southern do 10@12½.

FEATHERS—Prime live geese 56c in large and 57c in small sacks; unripe, quilly and wet 45@50c; mixed and old 30@40c. Tare 8 per cent on large, 10 on small sacks.

APPLES—We quote: Ben. Davis $3 50@5; Winesap $2 75@3; Genitting $2 25@2 75. Foregoing quotations are for good to fancy fruit. Inferior, decayed and slack barrels or otherwise inferior stock much less.

HIDES—Dry flint—No. 1 at 17; damaged 14; dry salted at

LATEST

A BEAUTY

Mr. J. H. Lan
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Eight Seats fo
Drives Mrs. Lang

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St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

BY JOSEPH PULITZER.

(Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.)

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 25
One month (delivered by carrier)	75
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	50

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed: POST-DISPATCH, S. E. cor. Fifth and Market streets.

TWELVE PAGES.

THE POST-DISPATCH will be published on New Year's Day. We know of no day of rest save Sunday.

JOHN A. LOGAN still talks against FITZ JOHN PORTER. He shall gnaw a file and he shall flee to the mountains of Hepsidam.

IN our extra sheet to-day will be found a record of the important events of the past year especially prepared for the POST-DISPATCH. It is a good thing to lay aside for reference.

A JERSEY CITY barkeeper first made a little boy drunk and then beat the boy's mother when she undertook to give the brute her opinion of him. When New Jersey advances a little further in civilization they will lynch fellows for offenses of that kind.

IT is the tendency of the newspapers in large cities to consolidate and combine. Not long ago the *Republican*, of this city, with a little assistance on the inside, swallowed up the *Times*, and the indications are that the *Globe-Democrat* is swallowing up the *Republican*.

OUR esteemed friend, the Rev. Dr. SNYDER, makes a strong appeal through our columns to-day to the people of St. Louis to exclude intoxicants from their reception rooms on Monday next. We know that he will be listened to and that his words will have weight.

IT is now likely that if both HUBBELL and FERRY are defeated in Michigan for the Senate, the fable of the dying fox and the swarm of flies will be repeated in the election of a campaign manager hungrier and more corrupt than HUBBELL and FERRY put together.

IN doubling up the great Republican newspapers of Cincinnati the spectacle of a journal with an adjective for a name will cease to offend correct taste. The new paper will be called the *Commercial Gazette*, without a hyphen, and a commercial gazette means something.

ST. LOUIS has many attractions as a place of residence. Yesterday there were only two new suits filed in the Circuit Court, and as there was one suit dismissed the net gain in litigation was one suit, and this was a divorce suit. We are sorry for the lawyers, but rejoice for the city.

ABOUT the easiest man to intimidate nowadays is John Bull. He has just sentenced an Irish editor to six weeks in jail for publishing a portion of a report of a Ladies' Land League meeting calculated to cause intimidation. John Bull should brace up and have more style about him than to admit that the ladies can intimidate him.

THE ridiculous people down at the corner of Third and Chestnut streets continue to poke fun at Dr. J. H. MCLEAN, as though he were an absurd and preposterous person. And yet the Doctor defeated a great Statesman and a candidate for the Presidency in the most intelligent and prosperous district in Missouri. This is where the humor comes in.

JAY GOULD seems to be driven to the adoption of those old tactics which he used so successfully in the old Erie days, when he and JIM FISK kept a Judge very much as MRS. JARLEY kept a poet, and when his Judges used to sign blank injunctions and restraining orders and mandamuses before going to bed, so as to save the trouble of opening court before daylight. The trouble is that now the other fellows keep a Judge, too, and between them the blind Goddess of Justice feels like throwing up her situation.

ONE of the features of legislation in Washington which is funny or not, according as one is minded to look at it, is the spectacle of a Congressional committee listening to an argument on a question of hydraulic engineering by old JOHN COWDEN, who has never in his life had charge of any kind or description of hydraulic or other engineering; who has never done the least piece of engineering work, and who would not know how to even build a mill-dam. This is the funny aspect of it. The serious aspect comes in in the fact that COWDEN has a private speculation which will be helped by tapping the Mississippi and drawing off the water from the jetty channel.

A NEW HAVEN Judge has rendered a decision in a municipal election case which, if sustained in further proceedings likely to be, will, if it, will utterly overthrow the re- small the November election in that State. the bre PARK has declared illegal a certain ballot used at the municipal election the Democrats, and, as the Democrats and counted 7,000 of the same ballots in g a State majority of 4,000, the proba- is that the Republican candi- for State offices will contest election, expecting the 7,000 "black" Mr. Patten to be thrown out. The law provides ballots shall be plain white paper the names of the candidates written thereon. The Democrats took white paper and printed the names of candidates thereon. But in doing this printing a stereotype block was used which left the names white and made all the rest of the surface of the paper black. Judge PARK holds that as this was done to prevent scratching, it was a species of coercion contrary to the policy of the law, and the ballots are therefore illegal.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL BREWSTER has severely reprimanded District Attorney WOODFORD for the impropriety of calling his attention to the violation of law committed by him in using an official envelope for private correspondence. What BREWSTER wants to do if he proposes to continue cock of the walk is to drop the first letter of his name and spell it REWSTER.

WANTED, A PLAY.

We believe there is some kind of an axiom in political economy about an alleged relation between supply and demand, and that all political economists, both those of the pig-iron protection school and the free-traders who feed on British gold, agree in saying that whenever there is a demand for any article, the supply will be forthcoming. It is evident, however, that the axioms of political economy do not apply to the drama, for there is in this country a wide-spread, deep, universal and urgent demand for an American play, and the play is not forthcoming. Every other requisite of the drama we possess; we have actors of inimitable excellence and ability. we have theaters in which Melpomene and Thalia would delight to dwell, we have most efficient managers, courteous treasurers and insinuating advance agents, and it is believed that in the matter of colored posters we dim the luster of mighty Rome. But all the genius, learning and literary experience of this vast continent are evidently inadequate to the production of a single play worthy of the name.

There is a fortune in a successful play, and even a bad play, if it will permit the genius of an actor to make a "hit" with it. will enable the author to live comfortably on his royalty. It would be hard to write a worse play than "The Mighty Dollar," and yet FLORENCE would give many mighty dollars for another play that could be put to as good use. SOTHERN tried for years to escape from the part of Dundreary in a play that had been knocked together by a stage carpenter, but he could get nothing to take the place of "The American Cousin." RAYMOND'S greatest success was in a play which is dramatically an insult to common sense, but RAYMOND spends weary hours in vain standing on the street corners and looking four ways for the man who will write him a play that he can play. And the case is the same with ROBSON and CRANE, and with the heavier stars, with MCCULLOUGH and MAGGIE MITCHELL, and with every actor of celebrity.

The ratio between supply and demand is not even an inverse ratio, for it is all demand and no supply at all. Not that no alleged plays are written. The popular actor now is compelled to maintain a sad-eyed secretary, whose mission is supposed to be to give careful and conscientious perusal to the hundreds of alleged plays which are written just to suit his style, and which are, in mercy, consigned to the oblivion of fire.

It is estimated that there are at least five thousand able-bodied literary men who are professionally or semi-occasionally occupied with the baffling search for the coming play, scratching, scribbling, cramming, translating, adapting, turning to religion, history, society, crime and the Encyclopedia Americana for the inspiration that tempts and that baffles them with the remorseless mockery of the search for perpetual motion, for the philosopher's stone or for the KEELEY Motor, and yet the coming play refuses to come.

Is there no one to supply this "long felt want"? Is America so poor in dramatic genius that it can not produce a single play? We have novelists, poets, historians, editors and people who write communications to the newspapers, but in a population of fifty-five millions there is not a dramatist. The history of literature presents no similar marvel, and the researches of science fail to account for so strange a phenomenon.

THE PANAMA FAILURE.

The active DE LESSEPS has announced as his most recent enterprise a scheme to convert the Desert of Sahara into an inland sea by flooding it from the Mediterranean. He has also undertaken to cut a canal across the Isthmus of Corinth; he has under consideration the project of a canal from Bordeaux to Marseilles and another across the Peninsula of Florida.

Yet it looks very much as if this vigorous old man had met his Waterloo in Panama, and he might as well lay aside all thought of other enterprises until he has either completed or abandoned this stupendous undertaking. If the reports which come from France and from Panama are to be believed, his Panama Canal demands the application of more urgent efforts and of more ample means than have yet been found to devote to it.

Thus far the enterprise has been a succession of failures, thinly disguised by the pompous pretenses of the company's bulletins. The organization of the company looked fraudulent, the exorbitant price paid for the concession being sufficient to subject the company to the gravest imputations, while the original device of issuing interest-bearing stock, the interest to be paid out of the principal, was a transaction which hardly bears looking into. The purchase of the Panama Railroad was a mistake if it was not a swindle, and the recent outrageous falsehoods with regard to the healthfulness of Panama issued on the authority of the president of the company have destroyed all confidence in any report he may hereafter make.

In face of the accumulated testimony of hundreds of thousands of victims to the deadly climate of the Isthmus Mr. DE LESSEPS has asserted that Panama was as healthy as Paris. This statement might ordinarily have imposed on the French people, but unfortunately in the present case the French people have had sad and accurate knowledge of the number of victims in the service of the company who have already succumbed and they are not likely to be reassured by any wild statements of Mr. DE LESSEPS.

We hear nothing of any construction work going on, and it looks as if the Panama Canal was "played out" before it could be called fairly begun. All that is needed now is to have the Government of the United States let it resolutely alone, so as not to give the company any complaint of persecution, and we shall soon see the disappearance of a scheme which threatened to bring dangerous European complications into American politics.

CREVE CŒUR LAKE.

Senator VEST hit the nail on the head when he asked a report from the General Land Office as to the condition of Creve Cœur Lake. The General Land Office report says the lake contains 1,000 acres; that one of the surveys covers a portion of the lake and has been sold to private parties, and the remainder is "regarded as a public highway, not subject to disposal without special authority of Congress." Mr. GIBSON was therefore right in his views, for the Government is clearly the authority to determine what is a "public highway," and if it treats this lake as such it settles the business. Senator VEST has announced his purpose to pass the act, which will, no doubt, be speedily done, and the Legislature will, of course, accept the grant and the trust implied in it and appoint a commission to govern it. It so happens that the part of the lake which the Commissioner of the General Land Office reports has been sold and should be excepted from the act belongs mostly to MR. GIBSON. He has already said it was his intention when the act was passed to make a donation of it to the State on the same basis stated in the act, and thus the State will obtain control of the whole of it. The lake will be valuable as a fishery as well as a place of public resort. It is more than four times the size of Tower Grove Park, and when properly improved will be an important acquisition to the city. The county can certainly afford to dredge it out, and the ice will yield enough to keep it in good order and under good control, and therefore it will be the cheapest of all our public places of resort.

SINCE our last publication we have received four more responses from members of the Legislature touching the proposition to submit to a vote of the people a Prohibition amendment to the Constitution. They are as follows:

GLENWOOD, Mo., December 25, 1882.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
I intend to vote for the submission of the Prohibition amendment if it causes h—l to freeze over.
Yours respectfully,
F. C. BERRY.

CALEDONIA, Mo., December 22, 1882.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
It, perhaps, will be sufficient for me to say that I am opposed to the Prohibition amendment and will certainly vote against its being submitted at any general election, as I think, if submitted at all, it should be submitted at a special election. In the first place I do not think the people are prepared for it, and so the law could not be enforced and would have a tendency to bring other laws into disrepute. A law that cannot be executed had better not be in the books. What will be done with the vast amount of capital that must be made useless to the owners? Are we prepared to make their losses good? We can't do it, and it would be a great wrong if we do not.
M. F. WILLIAMS.

ALTON, Mo., December 20, 1882.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
In answer to you, I will say that I will not vote for the submission of a Prohibition clause to the Constitution of Missouri. I do not think the people of Missouri want anything of this sort. If I did my duty as a representative would be to vote for it. I feel satisfied now that Prohibition is not what the people of Missouri want. Our statute is very strict on that point now were the people equally so, Prohibition would not be desired.
I am, very respectfully,
T. J. BRASWELL.

BELLEVIEW, Mo., December 26, 1882.
To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
In reply to your December circular I will say I have not fully determined how I shall cast my vote on the question, but think the submission of a single amendment clause expensive for our State, unnecessary and even useless, at present. From principle I would say the people are not ready for such submission, yet will "center" on my choice at the meeting of the General Assembly.
Yours, with kindest regards,
THOMAS G. FOLEY.

THE New York *Tribune* comes down on MARK TWAIN'S speech at the New England dinner with this avalanche of cruel remarks:

Mark Twain achieved what Milton would have denominated "a bad eminence" at the New England dinner. A professional humorist, it was to have been expected that his speech would be pervaded with humor. And so it was. But it was humor so low in tone, so coarse in suggestion, so trite in allusion, so foreign to the spirit of the occasion, that we apprehend that the average man, on reading it, would feel moved to exclaim:

I'm so in love with melancholy
I would not, if I could, be gay.

Of course it is hard for a man of Western birth and nurture to reach the New England ideal of the intellectual exaltation and reverence due to the celebration of a New England anniversary. But in MARK'S failure we have a melancholy instance of how a transplanted Western man degenerates under New England associations. While he associated with rough Western river-men, cow-boys, plains freighters and Rocky Mountain gamblers and miners, MARK'S productions fascinated New England readers and they never let him rest till they married him to a Hartford heiress. After a few years of daily and intimate association with New England 'culchah," they pronounce his new attempts at humor "so low in tone, so coarse in suggestion and so trite in allusion" as to fill them with melancholy and make them feel like kicking themselves with poetic feet for listening to him.

SATURDAY CHAT.

ONE of the pleasant features of society in St. Louis in the Christmas season is the appearance of the young gentlemen who have gone eastward from this city in search of knowledge and who bring back with them a fresh and grateful flavor of college life. They congregate about the University Club in the day-time (I do not know where they congregate after dark), and the passers-by on Fifth and Olive can "spot" them with unfailing accuracy by a few marks which distinguish them from the average St. Louis swell. They are apt to have some color in their cheeks, they wear good clothes without seeming to be conscious of it, and they hold their noses at a higher level than the St. Louis average, not because they are proud, but because sad experience has not taught them to look down for the broken bricks and concomitant puddles of the St. Louis sidewalks. They are fine young fellows and it is depressing to think that they are condemned when they get through college to become what is called "useful members of society."

THE beauty show at the Dime Museum has not received that patronage from the best society which it had a right to count on. In fact, I do not know of any lady in good society who felt enough interest in a question which has been full of interest since the days of Paris of Troy to look in on the modern contest of beauty But I do know that a young gentleman who has reappeared in society this season, after a disappointing experience which kept him at home a long secluded, was "crushed" because no offered to act as escort to the show for one of the young matrons of society, who is not less popular now than she was in the days of her girlhood, although she has reached the dignity of a mother-in-law.

LITERATURE has been visiting St. Louis during the past week in the person of Mr. C. L. Bynner, of Boston, who is not known as an author because he chose to publish anonymously, but who is the author of "Nimport" and "Darmer's Ghost," two novels that are standard in all libraries, but which have puzzled the librarians by not furnishing any clue to their authorship. The commonly received notion that a literary man wears old clothes and is eccentric in his manners is not supported by the appearance of Mr. Bynner, who wears good clothes and who is one of the most popular young gentlemen in St. Louis society since many a day. During his visit to this city, where he once resided, Mr. Bynner is the guest of District Attorney Bliss, the bond of sympathy between them being partly their common profession. During business hours Mr. Bynner is a lawyer, and his offices in Pemberton square are just over Gen. Ben. Butler's, but after business hours he soars still higher into the realms of literature, in which he will probably take up his permanent abode.

ANOTHER guest who, though young, is not unworthy of honorable mention, is the young instructor in Political Economy in Harvard College, Mr. Frank Taussig, the son of our well-known citizen Mr. William Taussig, the general manager of the Bridge Company. Harvard College has a pretty wide range of educated and competent men from whom to select her teachers, and it was no small compliment to Mr. Taussig that within three years after he was graduated he was appointed an instructor in a special department, which requires special training and fitness. Any college graduate ought to be able to teach the Latin or Greek he has learned, but political economy can not be taught by one who has learned only what is taught in a college course. The selection of Mr. Taussig, however, is justified by his fitness, some evidence of which is given by the fact, that when he was little more than a boy and living in a community almost wholly given to the worship of the mighty dollar, he chose for himself the life of a student and of a teacher, upon which life he has entered with such bright prospects.

THE approach of New Year's brings the old nuisance of a discussion of the question of wine at receptions. There ought to be a social parliamentary law, which after a given time—say twenty years, would close all such discussions and lay them aside. The result of the New Year's day discussion is that people who are in favor of wine are going to have wine, and people who are not in favor of it are not going to have it, and this is as it should be. If there are any in the gay and giddy spike-tailed procession who have so little self-control as to get drunk before ladies and on a day when they are trying to make themselves agreeable, that seems to me a reason, not for cutting off the wine from sober people, but for cutting the acquaintance of the irresponsible callers. The youth who gets drunk on New Year's day can be dropped from society without society thereby sustaining an irreparable loss.

IN spite of the conventional complaints about the deterioration of society in St. Louis, there is no doubt that manners and morals have vastly improved. We don't even allow a man to get drunk at a wedding, but I "mind the time," as the Irish say, when a man was hardly allowed to keep sober at a wedding, and was thought none the worse of if his after-supper dances at a party were boozy and tottering. Nowadays if a man were to turn up in that condition they would turn on the fire-alarm, or otherwise put him out. In the days that were earlier it was worse. I never had the pleasure of attending one of the famous masquerade balls at the Planters' House forty years ago, but those who have been there have told me that every masker, in addition to revealing his identity to the committee, was submitted to a thorough search for concealed weapons, every gentleman being supposed to carry a "pepper-box" and a "thug knife" as part of his social outfit. The pepper-box was not exactly a deadly weapon, as its power of penetration did not equal two thicknesses of broadcloth, but the thug-knife meant business.

THE condition of society in St. Louis in its best days, which, all of the old inhabitants say, were the days between 1820 and 1860, has never been adequately described in print. The more's the pity. We are piously asked to believe that the old dueling, cock-fighting, poker-playing, slave-trading aristocrats of those days were models of elegance and pinks of propriety, but we get glimpses of life, say in such books as "Darby's Reminiscences" and old "Elihu Shepard's Biography," which lead us to infer that our forerunners were not exactly what we would call nice young men for a small tea-party. In fact some of them were savages, not to put too fine a point on it, and indulged in pranks for which a man nowadays would be run out of Leadville or Socorro. In the absence of any authoritative contemporary record, this is of course mere matter of gossip; but is not such absence of authentic history in itself a proof of barbarism?

WHENEVER I think of the Historical Society burying its nose in the grave-mounds of prehistoric savages and shutting its eyes to the history of the white people who kept the nest warm for the Future Great City in the trading-post of *St. Louis des Illinois*, I feel like going up to Jefferson City to see if I can't get the charter of the society vacated. St. Louis now resembles any other city, even as one spike-tail resembles another, but there was a time when it had a distinctive character of its own, and when its pen portrait would have claimed a place in the gallery of history. But that portrait was never drawn, and there is not even a decent stock of tradition relating to the colonial period in St. Louis. Take, for instance, the one conspicuous event in its history, "*L'année du coup.*" Tradition tells us that in that memorable year Ste. Genevieve rallied to the defense of St. Louis, and that the Commandant of the former town rallied sixty good men and true in our market-place, where he made them a speech after the manner of the great Commanders in Herodotus, and then charged the dusky savages with such ferocity that they remembered that they had engagements elsewhere and excused themselves. I believe this story, because I have been in Ste. Genevieve and have seen the grave of the Commandant. But there is another tradition, rambling and confused, which represents the Ste. Genevieve contingent as exciting derision by their bare-footed condition, and as passing through the siege in the seclusion granted by Col. Auguste Chouteau's garret. Which story is true, or is either true? Did Don Fernando de Leyba train the guns of the forts on the citizen defenders of the town? Did he poison himself in the blind rage of drunken despair and remorse, or are these merely the simple fictions of gossiping Frenchmen who loved not the rule of Spain? Who knows? The tale is unwritten.

IN the building permits of last week was one to D. M. Houser for eight stone-front, three-story, five-thousand-dollar houses on Chestnut street, and in the list of buildings put up during the year Mrs. Ellen McKee comes well to the front with some twenty odd dwelling-houses erected on her property at a cost of some $80,000. These are indications of the kind of a newspaper Mr. Houser is publishing, and everybody will rejoice to see such substantial proofs of the prosperity of the Globe-Democrat. There is not in the history of journalism any better illustration of prosperity honestly won than in the case of that great newspaper, which has achieved success by deserving it. Good business management and intelligent editorial enterprise have made it a magnificent property, and its owners can afford to put away a hundred thousand dollars or so in improved real estate every year and have something left to go to market with on Saturday. Whenever I see people who make money by giving me a thousand dollars' worth of news for five cents I look on them as public benefactors and "look towards" them like Rip Van Winkle, saying: "May you live long and prosper." By the way, it is about time for Mr. McCullagh, the able editor of the Globe-Democrat to commence identifying his name with stone-front houses.

NEW YEAR'S WINE.

Dr. John Snyder's Appeal to the Citizens Who Will "Receive."

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

I want so speak a word through the columns of your paper to a congregation much larger than I can reach from my own pulpit. It is upon the subject of the entertainment of guests on the first day of the year. I will frankly say that I do not share many of those convictions upon the subject of temperance which are so conscientiously entertained and so earnestly advocated by many of my ministerial brethren, but I do share their righteous horror at intemperance and the ghastly train of diseases and crimes that sit in its court of death. With every sincere attempt to lessen its miseries, I am in hearty sympathy, even though I may question the wisdom of the methods employed to effect the great result. And I do most heartily wish that every person keeping "open house" on New Year's day would preach and practice the plan of total abstinence. Whatever you may think about the propriety or harmlessness of offering wine to a guest at your private dinner-table, you certainly must see a vast difference between such a social usage and the opening of a fashionable bar-room in your parlor for one day in the year. Visited by crowds of gentlemen all day long, of various ages and different degrees of self-restraint, the wine bottle on your table may do incalculable harm. Discriminatio is utterly out of your power. you cannot afford to indulge in social rudeness, and so you will be under the social necessity of passing the wine to persons to whom under ordinary circumstances self-respect would prevent you extending that courtesy. Gentlemen will call whose only weakness you know to be the wine-glass; others will call who only need the finishing touch of your ill-advised hospitality to transform them into helpless, simpering transient idiots. I am not touching those fundamental questions upon which conscientious temperance people come to an issue. You may urge your Christian right to wisely and modestly enjoy blessings, even though those blessings may be frequently and flagrantly abused. That question is not now in dispute. The only point for you to decide is this: Are you willing, as Christian wives, mothers, sisters, daughters and sweethearts, to open in your drawing-rooms on next Monday morning free drinking saloons? Pardon me, friends, if I put it bluntly. My only purpose is to present the unvarnished truth—to ask you, as you think of your own sons, brothers and lovers, to remember that simple rule of the New Testament: "All things whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them."

Your friend, JOHN SNYDER.

Answers to Correspondents.

MERCHANT.—A bank can refuse to take silver money on deposit. As a matter of fact a bank can refuse to take deposits of any kind.

SUBSCRIBER—A man who plays ghost and frightens a woman to death might possibly be convicted of manslaughter if the element of malice could be shown.

STOCK YARDS—There never was a champion belt in this country for heavy-weights. There is one in England, but Tom Allen never held it and never fought for it. Jem Mace was once considered champion of the world, because he issued a challenge to fight any man in the world, but he never contested with any one individual for that title.

OUR MAIL POUCH.

A Point in Fine Language.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 30, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

In Thursday's issue of your paper appears an interview of Oscar Wilde on his departure for Europe, in which he states that he had "much to contend against," and in another place he uses the words "contend with." Now, as "against" and "with" occupy no relationship as synonyms, which expression is correct? It can not be possible that both are correct and yet intelligent and presumably educated men use indiscriminately, both words. Please decide and oblige

HALF A DOZEN SUBSCRIBERS.

[It is possible that both phrases are correct. You can say "I have to contend against many obstacles," or "I am going to contend with a giant." You can say "I am going to fight with a man," and "I am going to fight against a man." There are vague points in our language which are difficult to settle.—ED. P.-D.]

The Proper Caper.

ST. LOUIS, December 27, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Please publish, for the benefit of a number of your subscribers, the exact dress for a young man who desires to call on his lady friends on the 1st of January.

[The proper thing is a swallow-tail coat, black, low-cut vest and black trousers; white shirt studs; white or black neck-tie; fob chain; gloves almost any color but terra cotta. Don't forget to black your boots.—ED. P.-D.]

All About the City of Rome.

ST. LOUIS, December 30.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Your statements in reference to the steamship City of Rome were partly correct, and I think it would have been better had Mr. Bain stated such. The City of Rome was built especially for the Inman Steamship Company, at Barrow-in-Furness, Lancashire, England, and was, I believe, intended to be floated in Whitweek in 1881; but, through an accident which occurred through the bursting of a boiler two days previous to the time fixed, the ceremony was postponed for a short time. It was built especially for the Atlantic passenger traffic between the United States and England. The reason, I believe, it was sold by its former owners, was that it could not be made to travel at a rate with their other vessels, but, at the same time, for accommodation it is one of the best vessels afloat. Previous to the building of the City of Rome the Egypt and Spain, of the National Line, were the largest passenger steamships which plied between the United States and England.

J. T. BULCOCH,
Late Emigration Agent.

A Candidate for Speaker.

From the Fort Madison (Iowa) Democrat.

The Hon. Wm. F. Bentley, of St. Louis, is prominently mentioned for Speaker of the House of Representatives of our sister State of Missouri, to which body he was elected in November by a flattering majority. Judge Bentley was for a number of years a citizen of Iowa and is well known to the Democracy of this State as the former Secretary of the Democratic State Central Committee. It is gratifying to us to note that he is appreciated in Missouri, where he has lived for the past seven years, and we think the Legislature of that State will do well to make him Speaker of the body of which he is a member.

A WORTHY TRIBUTE.

Deserving Testimonial to George H. Chase, Esq. Last Night.

Over sixty gentlemen who have at different times occupied the relations of employe to Mr. George H. Chase, of the late firm of Chase & Cabot, last evening assembled at his residence, No 3533 Chestnut street, and testified their appreciation of his many noble qualities, and the grateful remembrance in which they hold him as a friend, by presenting him a magnificent solitaire diamond of great value. In tendering the jewel Mr. W. F. Thompson read the following address:

The undersigned, late employes of the firm of Chase & Cabot, have assembled here for the purpose of giving expression to the high regard they entertain for you; to testify their pleasant recollections of a long and agreeable business association, and their admiration for that high standard of mercantile integrity which shone in your constant example no less than in your precepts. Our long familiarity with your business methods in all their details has fixed this admiration too firmly in our convictions for it ever to be disturbed by the shafts of calumny. We take much pleasure in asserting our unqualified indorsement of your management of the late firm, and in expressing our knowledge of the fact that in the conduct of the business you were actuated always by motives of the strictest integrity. A rigid discipline, a strict conformity to the business requirements of a large mercantile interest, an undeviating adherence to the principles of justice and honor in all dealings with employe customer or creditor, characterized the policy of your management. We can say for you, sir, that honestly for you, sir, that honestly and deservedly for you, sir, that your future success may be worthy of your conspicuous abilities, and your title to the unreserved confidence of all whom any business enterprise may bring into association with you.

As a testimonial of the sentiments above expressed, we present you with this pin.

The address was signed by Wm. Medart, W. F. Thompson, W. M. Craig, Joseph Weber, L. G. C. Miller, Chas. Miller, J. L. Atchison, J. Chamberlain, S. G. Wilson, J. C. Springs, T. A. Corbett, H. F. W Peters, F Fishwick, C. Maschmyer, E. C. Wilson, Ed. McClelland, A. H. Bruer, J. C. Finagin, John Heib, Jos. Ryan, Beverly Dyer, F. F. Ryan, A. Ryan, Wyand. Ayers, J. F. Wood, W. M. Lagram, Clem. M. Singleton, Edward Taylor, The. Yaeger, E. S. Lewis, Wm. G. Kraft, T. W. Taylor, T. K. Anderson, C. M. Adams, T. R. White, H. M. Fulwider, Jos. Vincent, Wm. Deubach, L. L. Adams, B. Wolff, Edward Green, Tom Sharp, J. C. Killingsworth, G. A. Sheble, Martin Medart, Wm. Kenzel, James Leaman, A. C. Stockton, Homer White, Frank Reddish, John Lockman, W. B. Strong, A. R. McDonald, F. V. Sieeth, J. M. Fagan, Thos. Corman, L. Beuchmann, A. Altman, Ed. Foster, C. Spencer, Arthur Belt, C. J. Speechler, C. P. Brown and E. P. Lardin.

Mr. Chase was deeply touched by the spirit of the occasion and with some emotion said: "In accepting this beautiful token of your friendship can I do more than thank you? The faces I see before me are the most familiar associates of my life. I have talked to you all; well, to speak moderately, often talked kindly when I was good humored, talked, perhaps, sharply when I was bothered. But, boys, it seems that after all my talk, after all our long intercourse, I am now assured you have a kindly recollection of me. This gives me great pleasure, and for this indication of your esteem I wish to thank each and every one of you, and to assure you, one and all, of my high personal regard. Kindred relationships do not test the character of men. Friendship does not test the merits of men. These are often partial. Public opinion does not test the character of men; the public are often deceived. There are no relations in life that test the character of men so severely as that of employer and employe. If you would know a man's character well, have him work for you, and friendships formed under these close and trying relations are things that sweeten life. When I was quite a young man I heard it even said: 'If you would know a man's character well, go to California with him.' The way they went to California in those days was to walk and drive an ox team, and do the cooking in the open air, evening by turns. Boys, I have been to California with you all. You have all taken turn at keeping camp and done it with hearty good will. My best wishes, my heart, my hand I give you all through life. I feel that it is your friendship and not my merit that has inspired this incident, and I thank you."

The company were then invited by Mr. Chase to partake of a magnificent collation, and over the bounteous board the health of the honored host was pledged again and again, while the song and sentiment went round.

A Boom for Southwestern Missouri.

Ex-Governor John S. Phelps arrived in the city this morning and registered at the Planter's. In a conversation with a POST-DISPATCH reporter he stated that he had nothing to say upon politics and could form no opinion as to the possible doings of the Legislature until he had read the Governor's message. The most interesting news he was able to impart was the fact that the Kansas City, Springfield and Memphis road was rapidly progressing and would be open to West Plains in a few days. The road was destined to advance very materially the interests of Southwestern Missouri, giving the yellow pine districts an outlet to Memphis, which they had long wanted.

Humane Society.

The report of Officer Holmes, of the Humane Society, for the past week, is as follows: Cases of unnecessary beating, 4; overloading, 2; driving when galled or lame, 5; depriving of necessary food and shelter, 1; and general cruelty, 2. Fourteen persons were warned to take better care of their animals. Six of the cases of overloading, etc., were remedied without prosecution. One man, Dennison McKenzie, was fined $15 and costs in the Court of Criminal Correction for overloading. Three animals were taken from work. The new ambulance of the society is doing good work, and is pronounced by the veterinary surgeons to be a complete success. Only one trip was made during the past week, but in the last three weeks it has rendered invaluable services and saved the lives of at least four different horses, which were stricken down in the street, and could never have been saved but for the timely arrival of the ambulance, by means of which they were placed in comfortable quarters and under the immediate care of veterinary surgeons.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

A festival for the benefit of the colored Baptist Church will be given at the church to-night.

It was reported this morning that the body of a man in the last stages of decomposition had been found on the turnpike road, but the report was pronounced unfounded by those that should know.

John Hunt and an unknown man from St. Louis arranged for a sparring exhibition for $25 a side, to take place in the saloon on Third and Christy avenue to-night. Hunt is regarded as an excellent sparrer by his friends.

John Hennessy and Tim Rielly, both railroad men, settled an old dispute by a pugilistic exhibition, near the old sugar mill on the Island, last evening. The stakes were placed at $20 a side, and after ten rounds were fought Hennessy was declared the victor, both men being badly punished.

The School Board held an adjourned meeting last night at the middle School, all the members with one exception attending. Michael A. Sullivan, member-elect to the legislature, tendered his resignation as 1st assistant in the Middle School, which was accepted, the position being conferred on Charles Carroll. The position of assistant to principals was abolished. Mr. McQuilken was authorized to use his own judgement in regulating the rooms, grading the classes and equalizing the attendance to each room. The question of building a school for the colored children was broached, but laid over for consideration at a special meeting to be held at Squire Lynn's office next Tuesday. A few sites will be selected by the board and petitions again circulated among the taxpayers, the site getting the most signatures being selected. An effort will be made to amicably adjust the difficulty between the board and Mr. Canty by a compromise for his lost time and trouble.

THE TRANCE TERMINATED.

"Professor" Wilson, the Monomaniac, Ends His Self-Imposed Task.

"Professor" Wilson, the religious monomaniac, who has been lying in a so-called trance during the past three days and nights, in a room at No. 1119 Pine street, arose from his bed at exactly five minutes after eleven o'clock this morning. In awakening he simply rubbed his eyes with both hands and then sat up in bed. Dr. Fitzgerald stated that his pulse-beat registered 120. Wilson's stomach was very much emaciated, and his first remarks came forth in a faint whisper. After sitting on the edge of his bed for about ten minutes Wilson arose and slowly attired himself in the well-worn suit of clothes in which he first made his appearance. Then he walked to the washstand, washed himself and combed his hair. To questions which were addressed to him during the progress of his ablutions, Wilson responded promptly in a voice that gradually grew stronger. He walked about with a slightly limping gait, but otherwise appeared in good health. Remarking upon this fact, Mr. Tuckett stated that Dr. Fitzgerald had expected it would be his first duty after the termination of the trance to send Wilson to the hospital.

"I think so yet," said the physician.

"That's all nonsense," Wilson broke in indignantly, "you don't understand this case at all."

After completing his toilet Wilson drank a small quantity of water and then advancing to a marble-top table in the center of the room he addressed his audience, which consisted of the reporter, Messrs. Tuckett, Burruss, Campbell, Hostetter, Kennedy, Fitzgerald and two strangers, in the following speech:

"Gentlemen—This is no small matter. It is the beginning of a movement that will enlighten the minds of thousands of people, although it begins in an humble way. It seems to be the plan of the Creator to bring about things of magnitude in a small way. It seemed to be necessary in one age, to bring about Christianity, to nail an innocent man to a tree. In this instance we are living in a different age. This is an age of reason, an age that requires more common sense and judgment than any other age before us. There was a time when it was necessary to use harsh measures to bring about certain results, but in this age it does not seem necessary. I am the beginning of a new dispensation. It seemed necessary that I should go through some torture. I have been lying here for three days and nights, but I went through it because it was for a purpose. It was only the beginning. Other developments will follow. Meet me here this afternoon and the nature of the business which I ask you to come together will be explained to you."

At the conclusion of his address Wilson sat down, and presently a meal of bread and milk was brought to him by Mr. P. A. Harvold, of Sioux Falls, D. T., whose presence in the city was necessitated by the fact that he is witness in the Dakota Land Scrip cases and who spent the hours between 4 and 8 o'clock this morning with the monomaniac. Wilson eat with relish, though not at all voraciously. Somebody having brought forth a collation of cold cooked sausage and buns, the expectation that Wilson might require a more substantial meal than bread and milk, thought it might be hurtful to him, and this being suggested to him, he wiped the suggestion out by stating that there was no danger he would make any mistake in what he ate, the power which controlled him being on hand to see to it. Wilson said, also, that he could not say yet at what time he would begin his fifty-day trance and fast, other things of moment intervening, but it would all be

...CE TERMINATED.

...n, the Monomaniac, Ends ...Imposed Task.

...n, the religious monomaniac, ...n a so-called trance during ...and nights, in a room at No. ... arose from his bed ... minutes after eleven ...orning. In awakening ...is eyes with both hands and ...Dr. Fitzgerald stated that his ...l 120. Wilson's stomach was ...d, and his first remarks came ...er. After sitting on the edge ...ten minutes Wilson arose and ...elf in the well-worn suit of ... first made his appearance. ...ed to the washstand, ...combed his hair. To ques- ...ddressed to him during the ...itions, Wilson responded ...eal gradually grew stronger. ...h a slightly limping gait, but ...in good health. Remarking ...Tuckett stated that Dr. Fitz- ...it would be his first duty after ...e trance to send Wilson to ...

...ld the physician. ...se," Wilson broke in indig- ...derstand this case at all." ...his toilet Wilson ...quantity of water and ...marble-top table in the center ...ssed his audience, which com- ...r, Messrs. Tuckett, Burruss, ...Kennedy, Fitzgerald and ...Following speech. Remarking ...is no small matter. It is the ...pent that will enlighten the ...of people, although it begins ...t seems to be the plan of the ...about things of magnifi- ...all way. It seemed ...eage to bring about Christ- ...ceat man to a tree. In this ...is a different age. This is ...ge that requires more com- ...end than any other age be- ...time when it was necessary ...ures to bring about certain ...e it does not seem necessary. ...of a new discovery. It ...t I should go through some ...ying here for three days and ...ough it because it was for a ...the beginning. Other devel- ...Meet me here this afternoon ...usiness for which I ask you ...be explained to you." ...of his address Wilson sat ...a meal of bread and milk was ...Dr. P. A. Havrevold, of Sioux ...presence in the city was ...ct that he is witness in the ...cases and who spent the ...o'clock this morning with the ...eal with relish, though not ...Somebody having brought ...ld cooked sausage and buns, ...at Wilson might require a ...al than bread and milk, ...urtful to him, and this being ...wiped the suggestion out by ...o danger he would make ...ds ate the entire wish con- ...hand to see to it. Wilson ...at he could not say ...e would begin his fifty-day ...r things of moment intervene ...be made known in good sea-

...TES, SEVEN SECONDS."

...—Barbers Arranging a ...h for $1,000.

...S. Hoefiner, of Olive street, ...Mr. A. Kleintopf, of North ...pt the latter's acceptance of ...having match at $25 to $1,000 ...de the offer in the POST-DIS- ...r, and Kleintopf accepted it ... Kleintopf does not believe ...ill put up the money. ...was seen this morn- ...'This man will not ...1,000, so he says, that won't ...named a smaller amount, I ...right away, but as he wants ...hing else will do him, he shall ...very few days, as soon as I ...of my friends." Mr. Kleintopf, ...ot the Fifth street shop, said: ...a number of matches and ...d. My thousand dol- ...when any one covers it. ...only looking for some cheap ...t get me to make a fool of ...amount. The last public ...in was at Chicago and for ...time I put the towel around ...an to when I told him 'all ...inutes and fifty-six seconds. ...er finished his job. I can ...minutes sometimes, but it ...r any man to say that ...in succession at this gait. ...man to shave in the ...he banker, but I shaved him ...bet. I have also shaved M. ...nes Fraley in that time. I ...take five minutes for the ...d I will show you what fast ...barber indicated the chair. ...repidation the reporter ...d nervously awaited the ...erations. Several lightning- ...the lather brush, and the ...notorious clown met his eye ...hair from the glass. The ...a razor of unusually small ...ance. The first two rapid ...ks and across the chin re- ...of the subject. The artist's ...dy as the stars, the ...face was firm, and the ...r the face with a percepti- ...tributed weight that suggest- ...ghly polished tool. It was ...a razor was being used. ...s with the razor, a little ...e hollow place below the ...sponge, a shower of bay- ...mpening of the hair; two ...twirl, and "there ...The job was ...s and seven seconds," said ...

...w your face better, I could ...conds," apologetically said ...r felt his face and chin. The ...morning said that as he is ..., Mr. Kleintopf had better ...e the match, or otherwise ...

...aw Courts.

...ase of Jecko vs. Hospes ...ort to-day and the receiver ...ation were granted to-day ...ecutor of Caroline Oehmer; ..., and to Gertrude Peiffer, ...a Peiffer; estate valued at ...

...-day is hearing the claim ...torney against the estate ...r, for $750 on account of ...e ecclesiastical trial of the ...Ellcardsville. ...L. Clemens et al. against ...et al., proceeding for ap- ...nder the will of James ...o-day appointed Jeremiah ...e is ordered to give bond ...

...to-day from Judge Boyle's ...ases: A. A. Mellier et al. ...y Orleans Transportation ...ewis' administrator; State ...on vs. Heinrichs; Hutch- ...of Keokuk Northern Line ...

...nks.

...St. Louis Protestant Or- ...eir thanks for the very ...he Christmas festival at ...ng returned to us filled ...Barry & Co. for the $200 ...ntributed in the same ...By order of the Board. ...H. MORTON, Secretary.

...a Horse.

...cked by a horse on Glas- ...terday evening, causing ...the left side of the head. ...ied him at his house, No. ...ve no definite opinion of ...

...s given by the O. F. C.

...at the residence of Mr. ...hursday evening. Dance- ... evening, after which a ...ing those present were ... Wilson, Carrie Allen, ..., Messrs. F. P. Bailey, ...obinson, F. B. Plant,

HAPPY NEW YEAR.

...st of Ladies Who Will Receive on the First of the Year.

A.

Mrs. J. T. Antrim, assisted by her sister, Miss Alice Malone, and Miss Mollie Murphy, will receive at the family residence, on Twentieth and Cass avenue.

Anderson, Mrs. J. M., will receive at her residence, No. 3017 Easton avenue, assisted by Mrs. James Post, Mrs. J. Anderson, Mrs. Clara Hubbard, and Misses Carrie Thorn, Iola Gwatheay, Annie Whitly and Katie Burden.

Audubon, Mrs. J., will receive with Mrs. Anderson, No. 3017 Easton avenue.

Andrews, Mrs. E. A. will receive with Mrs. H. M. Noel, 1532 Mississippi avenue.

Averill, Mrs. A. M., will receive with Mrs. Geo. T. Cram, 3641 Washington avenue.

Andre, Miss Philippa Andre will receive with the Misses L. and M. Mackey, No. 1906 Rutger street.

Anderson, Mrs. C. C., with Mrs. John T. Watson, No. 3032 Easton avenue.

Allen, Mrs. Edmond T., with Mrs. Robert H. Whitelaw, No. 3254 Pine street.

B.

Mrs. M. M. Buck, Grand avenue, head of Chestnut, assisted by Mrs. Edgar Park and Mrs. T. B. Boyd.

Mrs. R. T. Burke, 3063 Cook avenue, will be assisted by Mrs. G. W. Hussey, T. J. Gibbons, Misses Lily and Lucy Moore.

Miss Osceola I. Barnett, 1816 Pestalozzi street, assisted by Misses Cordie Spencer, Antonie Elwert, Hildah Merz and Madge Overstreet.

Mrs. Alfred Bevis, 3457 Morgan street, assisted by her sister, Mrs. Champlin, of Cincinnati, and daughter, Misses Florence and Nellie Shields and Lizzie Cook.

Mrs. George R. Barclay will receive at home, 2916 Chestnut street, assisted by Mrs. Arthur Foote, Mrs. C. C. Whittaker and the Misses Carrie Heacock and Emily Foote.

Mrs. A. H. Botsford will receive, assisted by her daughter, Miss Minnie S. Botsford, and niece, Miss Maud A. Hoyle, at her residence, 1424 Washington avenue.

Mrs. L. C. Bouvier will receive at her residence, 2313 Chestnut street.

Mrs. Dr. A. S. Barnes, 3013 Easton avenue, will receive on New Year's, assisted by Mrs. George A. Newcomb, Miss Emma Moore, Miss Ella L. Cozzens and Miss Ida M. Barnes.

Mrs. George A. Newcomb, of 2727 Russell avenue, Miss Emma Moore, of Vandeventer avenue, Miss Ella Cozzens, of 3112 St. Louis avenue, will receive with Mrs. Dr. A. S. Barnes, 3013 Easton avenue.

Bartley, Mrs. Walter S., No. 3539 Chestnut, assisted by Misses Blanche Mellier, Lida Hildreth, Annie Flatinigan and Mamie Haynes.

Buman, Miss Carrie, No. 2704 Wash street, assisted by Miss Louise Rickhart.

Bredell, Mrs. and Misses Lafayette avenue, assisted by Miss Daisy Lackland.

Block, Miss Lee, at 3125 Laclede avenue, with Mrs. Cheatham.

Birch, Mrs. James T. and Miss Mamie, assisted by Miss May Murray, Mrs. John T. O'Bannon, Mrs. J. W. Woodridge, at No. 2117 Walnut street.

Burr, Mrs. Charles P., with Mrs. W. C. Orr, of Compton Hill.

Beard, Mrs. Geo. W., assisted by Mrs. Evelyn Beall, Mrs. Sol Scott, Jr., Misses May Beard, Ella Parker, Maggie Scott, Julia Perkins, Daisy Dwight and Ida Beard, at 2612 Lafayette avenue.

Beall, Mrs. Evelyn, with Mrs. Beard, No. 2612 Lafayette avenue.

Brannin, Miss, with Misses Hopkins, No. 2906 Pine street.

Bent, Mrs. Samuel, with Mrs. J. W. McCullagh, No. 3100 Pine street.

Burdeau, with Miss Anderson, No. 3017 Easton avenue.

Bluestar, Miss Lula, No. 2500 North Tenth street, assisted by Misses Katie McDowell and Katie Garland.

Burd, Miss Florence, with Mrs. C. D. Comfort. 3709 Lindell avenue.

Brooks, Mrs. E. S., with Mrs. John T. Watson, 3032 Easton avenue.

Billingsley, Mrs. R. L., 3510 Lindell avenue, assisted by Mrs. Arthur Gall, Mrs. J. S. Nanson, Mrs. Charles E. Barney, Miss Barney, Miss Nanson, Mrs. A. B. Lansing, Miss Lansing, Miss Billingsley.

Barney, Mrs. Charles E., and Miss Barney, with Mrs. Billingsley, 3510 Lindell avenue.

Boyd, Mrs. Wm. G., with Mrs. John D. Perry No. 10 Vandeventer place.

Boyd, Dr. and Mrs. W. W., at 3025 Chestnut street.

Bascom, Mrs. J. D., with Mrs. Boyd, No. 3025 Chestnut street.

Becker, Miss Ida, with Mrs. H. H. Blanke, No. 2816 Walnut street.

Bartholow, Miss Mabel, with Mrs. J. D. Perry, No. 10 Vandeventer place.

Blanke, Mrs. H. W. Blanke, No. 2816 Walnut street, assisted by Mrs. Jas. Gettys, Julia C. Blanke, Julia Corley, Clara Kraft, and Misses Mamie and Hattie Corley, of Quincy, Ill.

Barron, Miss Addie, with Mrs. Geo. Harvey, 1608 Sullivan street.

Billon, Misses Clara and Ada, with Mrs. Thos. Dimmock, 3120 Washington avenue.

Bain, Mrs. George assisted by Mrs. Ed. P. Lindley, Mrs. Robt Bain and Miss Bain, will receive at the Bain family residence, 2107 Park avenue.

Beverly, Miss Nellie, assisted by her cousins, the Misses Mitchell of Toronto, will receive at her home, 1316 North Twenty-first street.

C.

Miss Lizzie Curran will receive, with Miss Minnie Lorenz, at 1325 St. Ange avenue.

Comfort, Mrs. C. D. Comfort, 3710 Lindell avenue, assisted by Misses Fannie J. Quinn, Florence Burd, Fannie Davis and Mrs. N. C. Durie.

Clapp, Miss, with Misses Hopkins, 2906 Pine street.

Cram, Mrs. Geo. T., No. 3641 Washington avenue.

Casey, Mrs. Sallie, with Mrs. John Langwith, No. 2729 Sheridan avenue.

Corelin, Mrs. and Miss Emma Copelin, No. 3300 Lafayette avenue.

Campbell, Miss Mamie, No. 1023 Amelia avenue, assisted by Miss Annie Coughlin.

Coughlin, with Miss Mamie Campbell, No. 1023 Amelia avenue.

Mrs. W. H. Cheetham, No. 3125 Laclede avenue, assisted by Miss Lee Block and Miss Fannie Pritchartt.

Carr, Miss Dorcas, with Miss Hopkins, No. 2906 Pine street.

Corrigan, Miss Lizzie, No. 2226 Carr street, assisted by Miss Maggie Wade and Miss Helen Mary McCowan.

Cox, Mrs. Charles B., No. 2228 Adams street, assisted by Misses Annie B. Wright, Lily McKenzie and Miss Groves.

Cooke, Miss Sophie, with Mrs. Thomas Dimmock, No. 3120 Washington avenue.

Corley, Miss Julie, with Mrs. N. W. Blanke, No. 2816 Walnut street.

Corley, Misses Hattie and Mamie, of Quincy, with Mrs. Blanke, No. 2816 Walnut street.

Chenot, Miss Emma, with Mrs. F. M. Worral, No. 1505 Chouteau avenue.

Chew, Miss Mamie, No. 1718 Minnesota avenue.

Cropper, Miss Lillie, of Louisville, with Mrs. L. S. Metcalfe, No. 2928 Dickson street.

Cupples, Miss Amelia, with Mrs. Holt, at 3017 Olive street.

Miss Tillie Comstock will receive her friends at the residence of Miss Katie Evill, 3250 Olive street.

Clement, Miss Cora E., assisted by Miss Minnie Barry and Miss Kate Fiori, will receive callers at 3716 North Ninth street.

D.

Dunham, Mrs. J. L., with Mrs. W. W. Boyd, 3025 Chestnut street.

Dunham, Miss, with Mrs. W. W. Boyd, 3025 Chestnut street.

Mrs. Frank R. Dolbee, Mrs. M. C. Thorp, Misses Carrie and Katie Henry will receive at 917 Hickory street.

Miss Lulu Deffry, at home, 1754 Second Carondelet avenue, assisted by her cousins, Miss Eugenia Deffry, Miss Hannah Hammond, and the Misses Bertha, Minnie and Katie Zimmerman.

Mrs. George F. Durant will receive at 2345 Park avenue, assisted by Mrs. Ford, Mrs. Richardson, of Illinois, Mrs. Mary Dodds and Miss Annie C. Foote.

Davies, Miss Faunie, with Mrs. C. D. Comfort, 3709 Lindell avenue.

Durie, Mrs. N. C., with Mrs. C. D. Comfort, 3709 Lindell avenue.

Donaldson, Mrs. J. W., with Mrs. W. C. Walker, No. 3416 Washington avenue.

Dwight, Miss Daisy, with Mrs. Beard, No. 2612 Lafayette avenue.

Douglas, Miss, with Mrs. W. C. Orr, Compton Hill.

Mrs. Thomas Dimmock, of 3120 Washington avenue, assisted by Mrs. Trowbridge, Mrs. Dr. Leftwich, Mrs. N. Garland, Miss Nellie Knapp, Miss Sophie Cooke, Miss Sallie Lewis, Misses Clara and Ada Bilton, Misses Merfree, Misses Julia and Lew Dimmock and Miss Lucie Renouard.

E.

Elgin, Mrs. A. M., with Mrs. John T. Watson, No. 3032 Easton avenue.

Easton, Mrs. Alex., with Mrs. R. H. Whitelaw No. 3254 Pine street.

Elliott, Miss Jessie, with Mrs. R. Kernan, No. 3025 Morgan street.

Easton, Miss, with Mrs. W. C. Walker, No. 3416 Washington avenue.

Ewald, Miss Kate, will receive with Miss Lillian Trusdell, 3036 Easton avenue.

F.

Misses B. and Annie Fletcher will receive calls with their sister, Mrs. F. B. Little, 3679 Washington avenue.

Mrs. G. F. Farrar will receive calls at 2417 Glasgow avenue, assisted by her sisters, Misses Mattie Hinds and Phronia Smiley.

Franois, Mrs. D. R., with Mrs. John D. Perry, No. 10 Vandeventer place.

Franklin, Mrs. Spencer, No. 3051 Cass avenue, assisted by Mrs. R. McLean.

Fox, Miss Nellie G., assisted by Miss Annie B. Keogh, No. 2215 Walnut street.

Francis Miss Mollie, with Mrs. Perry, No. 10 Vandeventer place.

Farquharson, Mrs. J. N., with Mrs. John Sobolewski, No. 2702 Morgan street, assisted by Misses Julia and Emma B. Fife.

Fife, Misses Julia and Emma B., with Mrs. Sobolewski, No. 2702 Morgan street.

Filley, Mrs. J. Dwight, with Mrs. W. C. Orr, Compton Hill.

Flannigan, Miss Marie, with Mrs. J. L. D. Morrison, Twenty-eighth and Locust streets.

Ferguson, Mrs. D. K., No. 3559 Pine street.

Flannigan, Miss Annie, with Mrs. Walter S. Bartley, No. 3539 Chestnut street.

Farish, Miss, with Mrs. J. L. D. Morrison, Twenty-eighth and Locust.

G.

Garland, Mrs. Nat., with Mrs. Thomas Dimmock, No. 3120 Washington avenue.

Gettys, Mrs. James M., with Mrs. Blanke, No. 2816 Walnut street.

Gulman, Mrs. Dr. N. and daughters, Misses Lizzie, Henrietta and Emma, assisted by Miss Nettie Meisner, of Bunker Hill, No. 1702 Biddle street.

Gale, Mrs. Arthur, with Mrs. R. L. Billingsley, No. 3510 Lindell avenue.

Gregg, Miss, with Mrs. W. W. Boyd, No. 3025 Chestnut street.

Garrison, Miss Luna, with Mrs. J. L. D. Morrison, Twenty-eighth and Locust streets.

Gibson, Miss, with Mrs. J. L. D. Morrison, Twenty-eighth and Locust streets.

Gaylord, Mrs. T. G., of Louisville, with the Misses Hopkins, No. 2906 Pine street.

Gumersell, Mrs. W. H., No. 3437 Franklin avenue, assisted by Misses Gumersell, Louise Gumersell, Georgie Gilliam, and Miss Webster, of New York.

Gilliam, Miss Georgie, with Mrs. W. H. Gumersell, No. 3437 Franklin avenue.

Gwatheway, Miss Iola, with Mrs. J. M. Anderson, 3017 Easton avenue.

Garland, Miss Katie, with Miss Bluestar, 2500 North Tenth street.

Gordon, Mrs. James, with Misses Tanner, 913 North Jefferson avenue.

Garrison, Miss, with Mrs. W. C. Orr, of Compton Hill.

Gamble, Mrs. Hamilton, with Miss Mattie Humphreys, No. 2702 Lucas avenue.

Gambie, Misses Mary and Carrie, with Miss Mattie Humphreys, No. 2702 Lucas avenue.

Glasgow, Mrs. W. H., No. 2735 Chestnut street, assisted by Miss Anita Glasgow, Misses Lennie and Edith Powell, Lizzie Sloan and Mary Schuyler.

Glasgow, Miss Anita, with Mrs. W. H. Glasgow, No. 2735 Chestnut street.

H.

Miss Dollie Hoxsey, of 3452 Laclede avenue, will receive with her friend Miss Ethel White, 3313 Laclede avenue.

Heley, Miss Janny, will assist Mrs. Capt. James L. Vandervort, at 1509 Hebert street.

Hail, Mrs. Theo., will assist Mrs. Capt. James L. Vandervort at 1509 Hebert street.

Henry, Mrs. Harcourt and Miss Ettie Haney will receive at their home, 1515 North Fifteenth street.

Hailiday, Miss Nellie, with Mrs. Perry, No. 10 Vandeventer place.

Hays, Mrs. Charles, with Mrs. W. W. Boyd, No. 3025 Chestnut street.

Harvey, Mrs. George, No. 1608 Sullivan avenue.

Humphreys, Misses Mattie and Louise, at 2709 Lucas avenue.

Hubbard, Mrs. Clara, with Mrs. Anderson, at 3017 Easton avenue.

Holt, Mrs. James R. and Miss Mildred, at 3617 Olive street.

Howard, Mrs. D. B., with Mrs, Geo. T. Cram, at 3641 Washington avenue.

Hutchinson, Mrs. David, with Mrs. Geo. T. Cram, No. 3641 Washington avenue.

Howard, Miss E. A., with Mrs. Geo. T. Cram, No. 3641 Washington avenue.

Huse, Mrs. Wm. L., No. 2033 Park avenue, assisted by Mrs. D. R. Powell.

Hall, Mrs. Lester M., with Mrs. E. G. Obear, No. 3311 Pine street.

Hildreth, Miss Lida, with Mrs. Walter S. Bartley, No. 3539 Chestnut street.

Haynes, Mis Mamie, with Mrs. Walter S. Bartley, No. 3539 Chestnut street.

Hoit, Miss, with Mrs. J. L. D. Morrison, Twenty-eighth and Locust streets.

Hopkins, Misses, No. 2906 Pine street.

J.

Miss Della Jones, of Lucas avenue, will receive with Miss Alma Parks at 1200 South Ewing avenue.

Miss Crosie C. Jones will receive at home, 2839 Cass avenue, assisted by Miss Nannie Fullerton and Miss Carrie Daniels, of Canton, Mo.

Jennings, Mrs. Dr., No. 1211 Garrison avenue, assisted by Mrs. H. C. West and Miss Bettie West.

Johnson, Mrs. T. C., with Mrs. John T. Watson, 3032 Easton avenue.

Joseph, Mrs. S. M., assisted by Miss Ida Isaacs, No. 2838 Franklin avenue.

Joy, Miss, with Mrs. W. W. Boyd, 3025 Chestnut street.

Jenkins, Miss Maggie, with Miss Lizzie Thompson, West End Place.

K.

Mrs. Robert B. King will receive with her aunt, Mrs. Bathurst Smith, at 3507 Pine street.

Mrs. Kerr will receive New Year's calls at her residence, 2807 Morgan street, assisted by her two daughters, Rebecca and Annie Kerr.

Misses Ella Keating and A. Keating, 1127 Leonard avenue.

Kennedy, Mrs. P. J., assisted by Miss Mary Morgan, will receive at Papin avenue.

Kraft, Miss Clara, with Mrs. W. W. Blank, 2816 Walnut street.

Knapp, Miss Nellie, with Mrs. Thomas Dimmock, 3120 Washington avenue.

Keogh, Miss Annie B., with Miss Nellie Fox, 2215 Walnut street.

Kinsella, Mrs. James, assisted by Misses L. M. and Mollie Kinsella, No. 2611 Chestnut street.

Kirkman, Misses Mollie and Mamie, with Miss Mackey, No. 1906 Rutger street.

Keating, Mrs. M., assisted by Misses E. and A. Keating, No. 605 South Fifth street.

Kernan, Mrs. R. C., 3025 Morgan street, assisted by Mrs. George H. Morgan.

L.

Mrs. P. B. Little will receive her friends New Year's, assisted by her sisters, the Misses Fletcher, at 3679 Washington avenue.

Mrs. R. D. Lancaster will receive at her home, 1 715 Compton avenue, assisted by Miss Lancaster and Mrs. D. Whalan.

Mrs. B. Lorenz will receive calls at 1325 St. Ange avenue, assisted by Misses Lillie and Minnie and Miss Lizzie Curran, and Mrs. Ben Brauderwede nee Osterholt.

Lawrence, Miss Corlane, with Mrs. J. W. McCullough, No. 3109 Pine street.

Ludington, Mrs. F. H., with Mrs. George H. Cram, 3641 Washington avenue.

Lackland, Miss Daisy, with Miss Bredell, Lafayette avenue.

Langwith, Mrs. John, with Mrs. Kate Williamson, South Third street.

Lewis, Miss Sallie, with Mrs. Thomas Dimmock, No. 3120 Washington avenue.

Lansing, Mrs. A. B., with Mrs. R. S. Billingsly, No. 3516 Lindell avenue.

Lansing, Miss, with Mrs. R. L. Billingley, No 3510 Lindell avenue.

Lee, Mrs. Charles A. with Mrs. W. C. Orr, of Compton Hill.

M.

Murfree, Misses, with Mrs. Dimmock, 3120 Washington avenue.

Miller, Mrs. S. J., 2215 Walnut street.

Metcalf, Mrs. S. S., 2928 Dickson street, assisted by Miss Cropper of Louisville, Ky.

Morrison, Mrs. J. L. D., Twenty-eigth and Locust, assisted by Misses Mimi Morrison, Newman, Farish, Shaw, Speck, Garrison, Hoit, Gibson, Schuyler, Wright and Flannigan.

Murray, Miss Mary, with Mrs. James T. Birch, 2117 Walnut street.

Meuse, Miss Mary, with Mrs. E. G. Obear, No. 2311 Pine street.

Melller, Miss Blanche, with Mrs. Walter S. Bartley, No. 3539 Chestnut street.

Minor, Miss Jennie, with Miss Mattie Humphreys, of 2702 Lucas avenue.

Mackay, Miss, No. 1906 Rutger street.

Macklin, Miss, of Frankfort, Ky., with Mrs Holt, 3617 Pine street.

Meuse, Miss Mary, with Mrs. E. G. Obear, No. 2311 Pine street.

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A BEAUTY'S

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First Christian Church, Corner Olive and Fourteenth streets.—W. T. Dobbs, pastor. Services each Lord's Day at 10:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sunday School at 9 o'clock a. m. Prayer-meeting Wednesday evening. Seats free. All are welcome.

Lafayette Park Presbyterian Church corner of the western gate of the park.—Rev. Dr. Marquis, the Pastor, will preach Sunday at 11 a. m. and at 8 p. m. Sunday School meets at 2 o'clock p. m. Prayer-meeting Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Teachers meet for the study of the lesson Sunday evening at 10 o'clock. All are cordially invited to attend all meetings.

Carondelet M. E. Church, Corner of Second and Union streets, Carondelet, Mo.—J. J. Hughes, D. D., pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening. S. S. at 2:30 p. m. Class-meeting Sunday at 9:30, and Friday evening.

Plymouth Congregational Church Bellegiade avenue.—Rev. J. A. Adams, pastor. Morning services 10:30 a. m.; evening services 7:45.

Washington and Compton Avenue Presbyterian Church.—James H. Brookes, D. D., Preaching on the Lord's Day at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m.; young people's meeting at 7 p. m. Lecture Wednesday evening, and prayer meeting Friday evening.

W. C. T. U.—The Women's Christian Temperance Union will meet every Saturday in the library of the Women's Christian Home, at 2:30 p. m. All ladies interested in temperance work are cordially invited to attend.

TELEPHONE OFFICES ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH.

All classes of "Want Advertisements" will be received for the POST-DISPATCH at the following places and charged for at the same rate as if left at the main office (twenty words for ten cents, when not of a business nature). Each branch office is provided with telephone connection with the main office. All wants handed in before 12 o'clock (mid day) will be telephoned at once to this office and appear in the issue of the same afternoon. Orders for the delivery of the paper, by carrier, at 15 cents a week, also received.

L. Geisler, Pharmacist, St. Ange and Park aves.
C. K. Jones & Co., Druggists, 1409 Garrison ave.
Otto D'Amour, Druggist, Broadway and Chambers street.
John W. O'Brien, Druggist, 1727 Cass avenue.
J. W. Tomfohrde, Pharmacist, 18th and Benton sts.
Wm. R. Grant, Druggist, 3342 Olive street.
H. F. A. Spilker, Druggist, 1500 Chouteau ave.
J. M. Good, Druggist, 2346 Olive street.
Geo. Weinsberg, Apothecary, Marion and Menard streets.
F. Sum, Druggist, 2835 Clark avenue.
Thos. S. Glenn, Druggist, 2338 Washington ave.
A. Szerenyi, 2746 Morgan street.
Adolph Pfeiffer, Druggist, Broadway and Salisbury streets.

Telephone Numbers—
Business Department . . . . . 598.
Editorial Rooms . . . . . 501.

PERSONAL.

Purely "Personal" advertisements are charged for at the rate of ten cents for twenty words. Matter for insertion under this office had a window of old can be sent through the mails.

PERSONAL—Dora Prinz: Are you here? Detroit Evening News copy; do not jeopardize me nor my friends. W. H. Prinz. m1

PERSONAL—Josie, No. 46: Note received too late. Leave note as before, giving address. Will write and explain all. s1

PERSONAL—Young lady desires the acquaintance of some gentleman not over 30 years of age; object, matrimony. Ad. M. 35, this office. s1

PERSONAL—Yours received; think as you do; Matthew Patten. Mr. B. watch; I am going to give them rope enough to hang by. O. K. Perreau. s1

PERSONAL—Young lady desires the acquaintance of an elderly gentleman; one that will be a true friend. Ad. N. 35, this office. s1

PERSONAL—A young gentleman desires a lady correspondent between sixteen and twenty years of age. Ad., with photograph, D. F. Lyle, Sedalia, Mo. s1

PERSONAL—Will buy inquiring Thursday for J. N. Marks; write him at this office? s1

PERSONAL—Maud: Received yours 27th and was disappointed at not meeting you Thursday evening; please send address. Address R. 92, this office.

PERSONAL—Estie: Mean saucy you, if friendship write again as before; if a trap to catch a sprat you are left. Bromo. s1

PERSONAL—A middle-aged widow of refinement wishes the acquaintance of a middle-aged or elderly gent, who would be willing to help her; will be a true friend in return. Ad. R. 8, this office. s1

PERSONAL—A gentleman of means having a few days to spend in the city, wishes to make the acquaintance of a young lady (working girl preferred). Ad. L. 22, this office. s1

PERSONAL—Does the lady, brunette, dressed in black dress and circular, to whom gentleman offered seat at people's Theater Xmas matinee, and with whom he conversed, desire to form his acquaintance more fully? If so, please address, giving name and where and when he can meet her. Ad. B. 10, this office. s1

PERSONAL—Clinton: If in city, write; make an appointment, as I want to see you very bad. s1

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

GREAT WESTERN PRINTING CO., Printers and Engravers, 509 and 511 Market street; largest and best in existence; designing, engraving and process work; printing and bookbinding in all branches.

CALIFORNIA ports, sherries, Angelica and brandies retailed at wholesale prices at Bleyer's, 8th and Market. 74

CARD WRITING—Two expert penmen and splendid New Year cards at Lindell Hotel. m14

JOHN LOTTRUP, 218 N. Seventh St., boot and shoemaker, makes the finest shoes in the world for the least money. 74

OLD family stock depot for fine wines, whiskies and brandies is the most complete west of New York, prices strictly wholesale. The Bieyer Distilling Co., 8th and Market. 74

PERSONAL—Highest cash price paid for cast-off clothing. Send note to J. Lampert, corner 6th and Morgan sts. 74

PERSONAL—"Parts of the human body enlarged, developed and strengthened," etc., is an interesting advertisement found in our paper. In reply to inquiries we will say that there is no evidence of humbug about it. On the contrary, the advertisers are very highly indorsed. Interested persons may get sealed circulars giving all particulars, by addressing Erie Medical Co., P. O. Box 315, Buffalo, N. Y.—[Toledo Evening Bee.

PERSONAL—Oysters and meals at all hours, day or night. Hotel Cosby, 12th and Poplar sts., opposite Union Depot. 74

PERSONAL—Piano for sale, fine square grand; cheap for cash or on time payments; must be sold by January 3. Ad. Y. 94, this office. s74

PIANOS —Wheelock pianos are the best, they last a lifetime; for sale on $12 monthly payments at H. Koerber's, 1103 Olive st.

THEATRICAL.

YOUNG lady wanted to sing and play the piano for a short season; amateur will do; good salary and fare advanced. Address Harry Marshall, Baxter Springs, Kas. m28

BUSINESS WANTED.

WANTED—A grocery store in a good location, with a stock of $1,000 to $2,000. Ad. S. 58, this office.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

SPENCER'S Patent Bluing Paddle gives twenty washings for ten cents.

FOR SALE—A route on the Post-Dispatch in East St. Louis. Apply to Jas. M. Johnston, carriers' room, 3rd and Pine. m

FOR SALE—Retail drug store, owner retiring. Good custom, prescription file, lease and location. Ad. J. B., Detief, 1405 Morgan st. s1

FOR SALE—Cheap, prompt-paying route on this paper; centrally located and in good condition. Good reason for selling. Address R. 33, this office.

FOR SALE—Cheap, an oyster and ice cream saloon. No. 1209 S. 4th st. m4

FOR SALE—Small fruit and confectionery stand; $100 to $150 required to make big money. Call at 307 S. 6th st. s4

GREAT business chance—a retail clothing business at Chester, Ill. Owner going into the log business. Can prove it profitable. Ad. Y. 32, this office.

LATEST STYLES. FASHIONABLE
BOOT AND SHOE MAKER.
724 Olive st

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

GREAT WESTERN PRINTING CO., Printers and Engravers, 509 and 511 Market st.; largest and best in existence; designing, engraving and process work, printing and bookbinding in all branches.

FOR SALE—900 pairs ladies fine Polkas, flannel lined, $1. 1028 Broadway and 1131 N. 8th st.

FOR SALE—Furniture of two rooms, complete for light house keeping. Nearly new and elegant. Rooms to rent. London Twenty-nine hand driver sts. Rare chance for young married couple. Ad or call at 204 N. 12th st. s1

FOR SALE—Fine new black broadcloth suit for boy 16 to 18 years old. $10 00. 821 Morgan st. m5

FOR SALE—One 14x24 inch steam engine.
One 12x30 inch steam engine.
One 8x12 upright steam engine.
One pair of 4-foot mill stones.
One pair of 3½ foot mill stones.
One 36-inch Jefferson turbine water wheel.
One 36-inch under-runner mortise geared mill.
One 12-inch cylinder, 14-inch face.
One large iron safe.
Apply to I. Q. HALTEMAN & CO.,
Manufacturers of Flour Mill Machinery,
s5 No. 1611 and 1613 S. Third st.

FOR SALE—20 packages fresh roll butter; 30 barrels pecan, hickory and walnuts; 30 dozen pairs men's wool socks, country knit. F. C. Taylor & Co., commission merchants, 116 Pine st. 5

FOR SALE—One new American Sewing Machine, in good order, cheap. 816 Washington ave. s1

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous—Furniture and carpets, dining-room and kitchen ware, etc., of seven-room house; in use four months; cheap for cash or on time; will exchange one fine piano on same terms. Ad. R. 92, this office. m5

FOR SALE—Cheap, a very fine sealskin sacque, at 1324 N. 10th st. s1

FOR SALE—Bar, counters and fixtures, bar bottles, tea cans, 100 gal. oil can, heating stove, 1600 Gratiot.

FOR SALE—Cheap, an elegant swallowtail suit, good as a new, cost $60, will sell for $30. Address E. 2, this office. s1

FOR SALE or trade half interest in letters patent for a double acting horse power. C. H. Tuney, 2125 Franklin ave. s5

GREAT STOVE SALE—In our legal columns will be found the announcement of an administrator's sale of stoves belonging to the estate of M. & E. C. Curtis. To take place January 4. s1

MEMORANDUM BOOKS—Best assortment at Russell's, the cheap stationer, 713 Olive st. s5

SAFE AND VAULT DOOR cheap at
L. BARGMANN'S,
17 and 17 N. 2d st.

Wanted.

WANTED—To buy a light, second-hand spring wagon or buggy; all or part of same to be paid forth house or sign painting. Address S. 92, this office. s11

For Sale.

FOR SALE—Lot of new and second-hand first-class buggies, phætons, spring wagons and harness to be sold before January. Gubbins & Co.

FOR SALE, cheap, a good top buggy and harness in good order, at a bargain. Inquire at 4201 N. 14th st. s12

G. F. VOGEL,
Manufacturer of Carriages, Buggies, Spring Wagons, City Trucks. Painting and repairing.
MAIN AND SPRUCE STS.

IMPORTED English saddles and riding equipments for both ladies and gents. Also a complete line of hand-made road harness, ranging from $12 upwards. Custom work a specialty, and in style and quality equal to any in the city or any other market. Henry J. Hammel, 704 Pine st. 12

PROPERTY OUT OF CITY FOR SALE

FOR SALE—A farm of 226 acres in Montezuma county, Mo., brick house 8 rooms; bank barn; cattle barn, 2 orchards, living water, hedge fences; to be sold on liberal terms; on Missouri Pacific Railroad. Address M. A. R., 2739 Morgan st. 6

IMP'V'D CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE

VANDEVENTER PLACE—For sale, a choice residence lot in the eastern portion for account of a non-resident. For particulars apply to E. G. Obear, real estate agent, 307 N. 7th st. s5

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

Wanted.

WANTED—To buy a light, second-hand spring wagon or buggy; all or part of same to be paid forth house or sign painting. Address S. 92, this office. s11

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CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

FOR SALE—Lot on Pine st., between 22d and 23d (25x 111 feet; good bargain. Ap. at 1124 N. 24th st.

F. NOHL,
Real Estate and General Agent,
216 Granite Building,
ST. LOUIS, MO.,
OFFERS FOR SALE:

UNIMPROVED PROPERTY.

50x115 e. s. Rankin av., 212 ft. n. of Manchester rd.
50x127 s. s. Elizabeth st., 110.9 w. of Prairie av.
50x127 n. s. Elizabeth st., 58.9 w. of Prairie av., blk 1816.
105x127 s. e. cor. Virginia and Prairie av., blk 1815.
75x139 w. s. Ashcroft st., 250 n. of Lafayette av.
25x100 e. s. St. Ange, 160 ft. n. of Park av., blk 476.
40x160 w. s. Preston Place opposite Shild av., blk 1330.
51.11x230 e. s. Gravois road or Gasconelet av., 240 ft. s. of Lafayette av., blk 821 w.
50x113 n. w. cor. Barton and Rosatti st., blk 803.
Triangle of 147 in n. w. cor. Jefferson and Rosatti st., blk 1412.
64.8x150 w. s. Jefferson av., 70 ft. s. of Geyer, blk 1322.
25x105 n. s. Allen av., 225 ft. w. of Ohio av., blk 1218.
25x126 e. s. Jules st., between Shenandoah and Ann av., blk 1852.
185x150 s. w. cor. Jefferson and Russell av., blk 1352.
50x141 w. s. Bates, 75 ft. n. of Gasconelet, blk 1401.
100x94 n. s. Lynch, corner Cambria, blk 1726.
100x125 e. s. Sterling st., 185 ft. n. of Pestalozzi.
50x122 w. s. Grand av., 200 ft. n. of Easton av., blk 1264.
120x119 n. w. cor. of Jefferson av. and Arsenal st.
50x124 e. s. of Jefferson, s. s. cor. Crittenden.
50x126 w. s. Adele, s. w. cor. Caittenden, blk 1981.
50x191.5 w. s. of Jefferson, s. w. cor. Crittenden.
50x125 e. s. Grand av., s. e. cor. Crittenden, blk 1981.
50x1286 w. s. Clara, s. w. cor. Crittenden, blk 1982.
50x1299 w. s. Ohio, s. w. cor. Crittenden, blk 1983.
50x132.5 s. e. cor. Crittenden and California ave.
25x125 w. s. Oregon st. 30 feet n. of Juniata st.
133x125 n. e. cor. Oregon and Wyoming, blk 1418.
50x1.73 w. s. Cherokee st. 88 ft. w. of Wisconsin av.
27x128 s. e. cor. Illinois and Utah sts., blk 1368.
100x116 w. s. Gravois rd., 117 ft. s. of Arsenal st.
Triangular n. w. cor. Gravois rd. and Minnesota av.
297.6x122 n. s. Winnebago, n. e. cor. of Sanguinette.
263x122 s. s. Thomas st. Grand and Sanguinette.
153x140 w. s. Grand, s. w. cor. of Winnebago, blk 1604.
440x122 s. s. Winnebago, s. e. cor. Sanguinette, blk 1604.
Triangular lot fronting 429 ft. on Old Manchester rd. and King's Highway.
250x100 e. s. King's Highway, near Old Manchester rd.
422x160 w. s. Old Manchester rd., near King's Highway.
75x125 w. s. Oregon av., n. of Keokuk st., blk 1633.
138x125 n. e. cor. Sarah and Finney av., blk 3622.
142 n. s. Leduc st., 850 ft. w. of Papin av.
102x164 s. s. Evans av., bet. Pendleton and Newstead.
50x130 n. s. St. Charles plank rd., 206 ft. w. of 21st st.
168.4x135 w. s. 17th st., n. w. cor. of Kansas st., blk 2955.
170.4x135 e. s. 18th st., n. e. cor. Kansas st., blk 2953.
180x135 w.s. Eighth st., bet. Kansas and Illinois sts.
49.4x135 e. s. Ninth st., n. e. cor. Kansas st., blk 2856.
80x110 e. s. 22d st., 50 ft. n. of Cass av., blk 1755.
55x70 e. s. Third st., 115.5 feet s. of Market st. (Carondelet), blk 2825.
175x125 e. s. Twentieth st., 25 ft. n. of Bremen av.
82.6x125 w. s. Pennsylvania av., 125 ft. s. of Itaska.
50x100 e. s. Fifteenth st., bet. California and Menard.
22 e. s. of Gravois rd. near Victor st., blk 1401.
25x118.2 e. s. of Eighth st., 75 n. of Wallst., blk 1758.
25x118.2 e. s. Eighth st., 75 ft. n. of Wallst., blk 1758.
182.3x108 s. w. cor. Fourth and Harper sts., blk 765.
50x140 s. s. Clarence av. (Lowell).
50x164 Evans av.
100x200, on Switzer avenue, Jennings Station.

IMPROVED PROPERTY.

2-story brick, 1611 State st., 10 rooms, modern improv.
2-story brick, 2704 N. Ninth st., 2x3x8, blk 332.
2-story brick, 1907 N. Tenth st., 15x35, blk 351.
3-story brick, 1901 Market st., 22x77x6, blk 491.
2-story brick, 4013 Clara st., 25x117.6, blk 1645.
1½-story brick, 4015 Clara st., 25x117.6, blk 1645.
2-story double brick, 319-21 Poplar st., 36x126, blk 79.
2-story double brick, 2502 Poplar st., 32x125, blk 2712.
2-story double brick, 1016-18 Hamm st., 32x112, blk 462.
1-story brick, 2211 Caswell st., 23x106, blk 2161.
2-story brick, 2 front and rear building, 1417 Closey st. 25x106, blk 412.
2-story brick, 50 Julia st., 25x175, blk 1287.
2-story brick, S. Eighth st., 25x115, blk 1755.
2-story brick, Main st. and Illinois av., Carondelet.
2-story brick, 1102 N. Thirteenth st., 25x147.4, blk 368.
2-story brick, 2743 Keokuk st., 135x215, blk 1629.
1-story brick, 2405 Buel st., 50x125, blk 815.
1-72 acres, 100.6x253.5 e. s. Old Manchester road, with 2-story brick.
2-story brick, 1337 Hickory street; 48x160.
3-story brick dwelling 2411 and 2413 Carondelet avenue, 50x182.
2-story brick, 215 Chouteau avenue, 40x83.
3-story stone-front, 3516 and 3518 Washington avenue.

F. NOHL,
Real Estate and General Agent,
216 Granite Building,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

THE finest wash blue in the world—Spencer's Patent Bluing Paddle.

7 S. SIXTEENTH ST.—Two nice unfurnished rooms, second floor, to nice parties only, without children. m13

16 N. EIGHTH ST—A nicely furnished front room, first floor, suitable for man and wife, or dressmaker. s1

608 MARKET ST. (near business center)—Elegant furnished rooms, by day, week or month. 12

908 PINE ST.—A front room, with board, for one gent; also a room for two gents and beds $1 per week. s12

1010 BROOKLYN ST. For rent, 7 rooms in good repair. s13

1017 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, suitable for one or two gentlemen. m13

1022 N. NINETEENTH—Large, neatly furnished front room, ground floor; suitable for two gents or couple without children. s13

1023 N. NINETEENTH ST.—Three large unfurnished rooms, second floor; stone-front house; all conveniences; $15. s13

1116 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished front room, also unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping to unobjectionable parties. s13

1125 WASHINGTON AV.—A suite of pleasant rooms: fur. or unfur.; none but responsible parties need appiy. s13

1127 CHESTNUT ST.—Nicely furnished front room for rent. s13

1205 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished third-story room, also hall room; for gents only. s13

1205 WEBSTER ST.—For rent, one nice furnished or unfurnished room. s13

1321 ANN AV.—Three nice first floor rooms, furnished attic and use of cellar. Close to cars. s13

1407 PAPIN ST.—Tenement of three rooms for housekeeping; furnished or unfurnished; partly furnished room. s5

1409 OLIVE—Nicely and newly furnished front and back room with or without board; hot and cold baths; everything first-class. s13

1430 DOLMAN ST.—Three rooms and garret, $12. Apply to Charles H. Frank, 705 Chestnut st. 13

1525 OLIVE ST.—Handsome front parlor; also other very desirable rooms; modern conveniences. 12

1916 MORGAN ST.—For rent—Large furnished room, with or without board. s13

1919 LUCAS AV.—Furnished second-story front room; modern conveniences, suitable for one or two gents; $15 per month. s12

2104 CLARK AV.—Two rooms suitable for light house-keeping; also stable. s12

2110 GRATIOT ST.—Three rooms and basement. Apply at 307 S. 21st st. s13

2205 ALBERT ST.—An elegantly furnished room, suitable for two gentlemen, with or without breakfast; private family; convenient to street cars. s13

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

2356 CHESTNUT ST.—Second-story front room, newly furnished, with fire and gas, also lower front room, unfurnished; private family. m13

2821 EASTON AV.—Suite of three rooms with bath, water-closet, stationary washstand, etc.; private family, $16 per month. s12

3503 LINDELL AV.—For rent, one large, elegantly furnished third-story front room, with fire, etc., for one or two gents; with or without board. s13

FOR RENT—Top floor of a desirable house, five rooms with hall, bath, gas, hydrant and indicators; good location, key at 720 Washington av. s12

FOR RENT—An elegant suit of furnished parlors for gent and wife in private family in Stoddard add., also single room, exceptional ref given and required. Ad M 80, this office. s12

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room, cheap, including breakfast and supper. 916 Catalpa st., (9th st., between Chouteau av and Gratiot st.) m13

FOR RENT—Four rooms for gentlemen, residents, or traveling salesmen or visiting Dr. city; first-class. Brolaski & Voorhis, 603 Pine st. s13

FOR RENT—Furnished front room, suitable for one or two persons. 506 Argyle av. s13

FOR RENT—Two furnished front rooms, suitable for light housekeeping at 1013 North Compton av. s12

GENT of 25 desires respectable room-mate of about the same age. Ref. exch. Ad. S. 46, this office. s13

NICELY furnished rooms for rent; centrally located. 1708 St. Charles st.; inquire up stairs; rates reasonable. s12

SUIT of rooms, with or without board. 1238 Washington av. s13

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

TELL your grocer to get Spencer's Patent Bluing Paddles for you.

114 S. SEVENTH ST.—Dwelling, 9 rooms, and large back building with several rooms at $15 per month. Apply to John L. Zwart, room 34, McLean Block. s14

410 MONTROSE AV.—Six-room house; large yard; $25. Terry & Scott, 204 N. Sixth. s14

1424 S. COMPTON AV.—New 8-room dwelling, bath, gas and gas fixtures. $25; also, adjoining thereto, two flats of 3 rooms each, same conveniences, $15. CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. 8th st. 14

1540 CHOUTEAU AV.—Furnace and all modern improvements. Apply H. C. Yocum, 960 N. Main st. 14

FOR RENT—A small two-story brick house containing four rooms; No. 1220 N. 18th st., near Carr Park. Inquire drug-store, cor. 13th and Biddle. m14

FOR RENT—2207 Chestnut st.; ten rooms; all modern conveniences. Apply to Chas. L. Pine st.

FOR RENT—House of six rooms, with one acre of ground; 3d Prairie av., corner Carondelet; $15. Terry & Scott, 204 N. 8th st. s14

WANTED—A responsible party to rent a first-class furnished house and board present occupants, a small family of adults; permanent and prompt paying. Ad. S. 22, this office. s14

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

FOR RENT ON SALE—Furnished house of 10 rooms, first-class place, wound rent dining-room, kitchen and laundry. Call at No. 28 S. 15th st. s15

TO LET—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

GREAT WESTERN PRINTING CO., Printers and Engravers, 509 and 511 Market street; largest and best in existence; designing, engraving and process work; printing and bookbinding in all branches.

612 AND 614 ST. CHARLES ST.—Three-story building, with basement, containing 8,000 feet floor-room; with hydraulic elevator and modern conveniences. Apply at 614 St. Charles st. 17

711 FOURTH ST.—For rent, the upper part of house; suitable for business purposes.

1600 GRATIOT ST.—For rent, a suitable room for a barber shop, in a good location. s17

FOR RENT—Hotel and saloon, twenty-five rooms, $50 per month. Address Dr. McKinney, St. Charles, Mo. s17

FOR RENT—Large building, with power, will be rented to some manufacturer. Jaynes & Co., 3d and Webster sts. 17

BOARDING.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

NO spilled bluing when you have Spencer's Patent Bluing Paddles in the house.

616 MARKET ST.—Madison Hotel; central location. Room and board $1 per day, $4 50 per week. Meals $5 per week. 18

617 S. FIFTH ST.—Good day board at reasonable rates. a18

1014 LOCUST ST.—Whole second floor for rent, two large, elegant rooms, hall-room, kitchen and bath-room, suitable for small family. s18

1827 OLIVE ST.—Elegant furnished rooms, with southern exposure and first-class board; day boarders accommodated. s18

2009 OLIVE ST.—Furnished rooms, with board; reference. s18

2305 PINE ST.—For rent, two furnished or unfurnished rooms, with board. s18

2324 PINE ST.—Well-furnished second-story front room, large closet attached, with first-class board at reasonable rate. s18

2730 WASHINGTON AV.—One nicely furnished room, with board. 18

$10 REWARD will be paid for the return of a small black and tan pointer dog, quilted lining and with name-plate on collar, taken from 2951 Olive st., and no questions asked.

LOST—On Thursday, December 28, in Sixth and Locust st. car, cabinet-size photograph of a gentleman. A mother's gem will be given at 823 N. 18th st.

LOST OR STOLEN—On Christmas day, in the neighborhood of the Lindell or Osborne's saloon, a lady's watch with silk chatelaine and locket attached. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning to owner. G. Fitz Gibbon, 2d and Carr. s30

LOST—A yellow setter dog; had on collar with two bells attached. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning same to 2700 Olive st. s30

LOST—A setter dog, tall, light brown with white breast. $5 reward by returning to 2008 Rutger st. f30

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

A RESPECTABLE young lady wishes to board in private family; must be convenient to cars; terms moderate. Ad. R., this office. s30

LADY wants room and board in private family in exchange for piano and French lessons. Ad. G. M., 1431 Lucas Place. s20

TWO rooms and plain comfortable boarding for four persons; terms must be reasonable and references preferred. References given and required. Ad. E 2, this office. s20

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

GREAT WESTERN PRINTING CO., Printers and Engravers, 509 and 511 Market street; largest and best in existence; designing, engraving and process work, printing and bookbinding in all branches.

A YOUNG married couple wishes one or two furnished or unfurnished rooms near business center; state terms. 304 N. 4th st. s21

WANTED—A pleasant unfurnished room with fire, for light housekeeping; by a carpenter and teacher; will give piano lessons in exchange; references exchanged. Ad. K. 67, this office. s23

WANTED—A house on Jefferson av., between Olive and Franklin av.; would share with family without children; references required and given. Ad. M. 47, this office. s21

WANTED—PARTNERS.

YOUNG man with $300 to $500 cash wanted as partner in restaurant and furnished room business. It will bear investigation. Ad. R. 30, this office. s23

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

I WILL trade some tin work for a good working horse. Ad. Y. 24, this office. s24

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

NO broken bottles when you use Spencer's Patent Bluing Paddles.

A MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE ticket; state price. M. 38, this office. s28

ALL the newest and most æsthetic goods, cards, picture-frames, etc., suitable for Xmas gifts, at Stephe's paper-hanging store, 413 and 415 Franklin av. s28

GENTLEMEN, go to 1498 Franklin av. to have your clothes dyed, cleaned and repaired. 26

WANTED—All parties to attend the carriage-making ball to be given at Druid's Hall, Sunday eve, December 31, 1882, New Year's Eve. s26

WANTED—Furniture of a ten-room house; must be cheap. Daniel Reed, 615 Pine st. s26

WANTED—A competent teacher, qualified to teach the higher English branches. Ad. K. 98, this office. s26

MUSICAL.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper

GREAT WESTERN PRINTING CO., Printers and Engravers, 509 and 511 Market st.; largest and best in existence; designing, engraving and process work; printing and bookbinding in all branches.

GET your Teeth and Breath in good condition for New Year's Day by using
CREME DENTIFRICE.
Ask your druggist for it. Price 25 cents. s22

HOUSE and furniture cleaning, quick work; short notice and lowest terms; satisfaction or no pay. Ad R 63 this office. s22

HEATING STOVES AT COST.
F. M. Campbell & Co.,
1615 Washington av.

Sold on Time Payments:
FURNITURE, STOVES, CARPETS, etc., and everything appertaining to housekeeping, at bottom prices for cash. Give me a call. Geo. J. Fritsch, 1513 and 1515 Carondelet avenue. f2

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

Book-keepers.

GREAT WESTERN PRINTING CO., Printers and Engravers, 509 and 511 Market st., largest and best in existence; designing, engraving and process work, printing and bookbinding in all branches.

A THOROUGH accountant wants situation, or would run a saloon; books by the day. Terms moderate, city references. Ad S 45 this office. m15

POSITION wanted as office manager, cashier or book-keeper by 32 yr old man; can examine books; best of references. P. O. box 2011. s12

SITUATION by a man as book-keeper, shipping clerk, collector or light porter; 16 years' experience; well posted in general merchandise; reference. Ad. K. 25, this office. s12

WANTED—General accountant and expert desires engagement in adjusting complicated books, closing and balancing books for the year with balance sheets, or opening new books. Ad. I refs. Ad. S. 62, this office. s13

BOOKS.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

1,000 STANDARD New and old books; cash paid for libraries. Dan Linahan, Fourth and Washington av.

DO not forget that all kinds of new books are sold at half price at Archer's, 515 Pine st.

PROFESSIONAL.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

FITS—EPILEPSY.—I feel that I would do a good work and my duty to the afflicted by communicating to sufferers from these complaints or to their friends a knowledge of the remedies—not advertised—which have proved so beneficial in the case of a member of my family. I will cheerfully and gratuitously furnish this information if addressed by letter, containing three-cent stamp for return postage. J. S., this office.

MRS. H. TYLER WILCOX, M. D., No. 1113 Garrison av. 34

EDUCATIONAL.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

SPENCER'S Patent Bluing Paddles do not spoil the linen.

Bryant & Stratton
BUSINESS AND TELEGRAPH COLLEGE, corner Fifth and Market streets, qualifies young men for business and telegraph positions, etc. Send for circular. Open day and night. 829

GRIER'S
BUSINESS COLLEGE, cor. Fourth and Morgan sts., St. Louis, offers students of both sexes superior instruction in Writing, Book-keeping and Arithmetic. New classes for business training will be formed January 3, 1883. For terms, etc., apply to S. J. GRIER & SON.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

JONES'
COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
309 and 311 North Fifth st. Established 42 years. New classes for business training will be formed January 2, 1883, in b th day and night schools. Address Jones & Williams, Managing Principal. s29

MARTIN'S **SHORTHAND** and type-writing Institute, 319 Olive street, Open day and evening. 22

SPANISH practically taught at reduced rates; superior advantages offered the learner; evening classes from 8 to 9:30 p. m. Mexican paper on sale in rooms at the service of students. For particulars ad. El Club Comercial Hispano-Americano, 107 S. 4th st.

THE STENOGRAPH, by means of which shorthand can be learned in less than half the usual time. 404 Market st. 20

STORAGE.

BEST storage for furniture; clean, dry and lowest rates. J. B. Brolaski, 603 Pine st. 84

LOST AND FOUND.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

GREAT WESTERN PRINTING CO., Printers and Engravers, 509 and 511 Market st.; largest and best in existence; designing, engraving and process work; printing and bookbinding in all branches.

A. MARKS
1107 Franklin avenue.
First-class glazing at lowest prices. Twenty-five per cent discount on regular rates. A full line of mirrors and picture frames.

BLANK BOOKS—Cheapest in the city, at Russell's. 713 Olive st. s32

BIRDS, BUTTER PARROTS, pet animals, gold fish, bird cages, bird seed, mock CHEESE LARD EGGS. WM. N. TIVY, 624 N. Second St. **HONEY.**

CORNS!
Extracted without pain, 25c each. All troubles of the feet treated in a skilled manner by
DR. N. KENISON & SON,
No 622½ Olive street.

FIRST-CLASS photographing at second-class prices; taken regardless of weather, at R. F. Adams & Co.'s gallery, 215 North Fourth st. 22

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

All advertisements can be sent through Post-Dispatch Telephone Offices. See list at the head of paper.

Clerks and Salesmen.

A SITUATION by a young man to keep books or as salesman. Can give the very best of references and security. Ad. M. 35, this office. s27

A MIDDLE-AGED man with 10 years' experience as a traveling salesman in Southwest Missouri and Northern Ark. and on Ark. River wants a situation as traveling salesman for some wholesale house. Ad. for three days, T. P. P., Atlantic House, No. 709 S. 4th.

COPYIST.—Wanted, employment in or for a lawyer's office. Long experience. Rapid and correct penman. Ad. M. 88, this office. m43

GRADUATE of Bryant & Stratton College wants a position; age 24; has traveled; good reference. Ad. K. 70, this office. s42

SITUATION of any kind by a middle-aged man; good penman and figurer; speaks English and German. Refe give. Ad. R. 94, this office. m42

SITUATION wanted by a young man of 29, with good business qual fications and the best of reference and security, as traveling sales

WANTED—FEMALE.

Companions, Etc.

PRINTING CO., Printers, 311 Market st., largest and finest office, engraving and process work in the city in all branches.

German young lady wishes a position as companion, or to assist in light housework; small family; best of references can be given. Address A. M., 1438 Biddle st.

and Saleswomen.

situation as copy writer or other work; call at 209 N. 12th st. inquire.

who has facilities for doing copy-work by type-writer in the best manner and at a less cost than usual, will be pleased to show samples of cost. Address M. E., 156

position in store, in notion or fancy goods line; seven years' experience; would begin on 26th of January. Ad. W. B. C., 1438

young, lady a position as corre-spondent, 71, this office. 852

or writing of any kind, either at office or home, by a lady. Ad. S. S., this office.

and Seamstresses.

who is a practical operator on ladies' wear, wishes to go out by the day; terms, reas., 1217 N. 17th st. 746

competent dressmaker, a good fitter; a few more engagements in families by day or week. Please call at 2722 Lucas av.

first-class dress-maker, a position as store or families. Ad. M., 1438 Biddle st.

Housekeepers.

as housekeeper by a young woman; competent. Best of references as to character and ability. Ad. M. 75, this office.

Housework.

general housework in a private family; woman, or to work in laundry. 1618 Biddle st.

Cooks, Etc.

girl wants work in a hotel, restaurant or country. 919 N. 14th. 849

a good cook, wants a situation. Address Anna Cook, 200 Cass.

in small family to do cooking. 749

Nurses.

lady would take a place to take care of baby. 1343 N. 17th st. 850

out to nurse or assist in light work; 88, this office. 156

as wet-nurse, by a respectable girl; child is three weeks old. Ad. or call at 1 Female Hospital. m56

Undresses.

washing any day in week without st., up stairs. m81

Miscellaneous.

to do housework and plain cooking. 23 Biddle st. 852

an intelligent lady as copying-clerk, or cashier; or as a respectable lady as companion. 152

to do housework and sewing. 152

copying or shorthand work by the hour or at home. Ad. R. 32, this office.

WANTED—FEMALE.

and Saleswomen.

lady clerk in office; must be acquainted with the city. St. Louis Directory. 853

Housework.

ST.—A good girl wanted for general housework; small family; no washing. 166

for general housework in small family, 1006 Clay av. 166

for general housework. Apply at 156

housework wanted; German or Swede girl; apply at 1008 Carr av. 166

to do general housework; also to assist in housework. 1305 Washington av. 166

to general housework at 1107 Lucas pl.

for general housework; small family; no washing. 166

small family, about 15 years old, for general housework, with some assistance; 3 in family. 1 Lindell av. 866

housework at 1302 Grattan st., between Lynch and Salisbury.

general housework; small family; references required. 2045 Washington av.

to assist in housework in small family at 2220 Walnut st.

housework. 2729 Dayton. 166

girl to do anything. Address 1 7th. 166

North Fourteenth st. for general housework. 1214

German girl for general housework, by F. W. Fenk. 856

general housework. German girl, at 1 09 Rutger st. 866

young house girl; ref. req. 871

in the work of a small family. Apply at 871

general housework; apply on the premises. 866

general housework; white or black; no washing or ironing. m66

girl or woman, at 820 Pine st. 866

general housework; small family; no washing. 166

girl for general housework in a family of two. Apply at 1 Fontaine pl., off Lucas pl., between Lynch and Salisbury.

for general housework in a family of two; references. Apply at 1 Fontaine pl., off Lucas pl., between Lynch and Salisbury. m56

for general housework. Apply 2031 Valle av. m66

girl to do general housework; reference required. Apply 1 Fontaine pl., off Lucas pl., between Lynch and Salisbury.

an girl for general housework. 166

ean girl for general housework. 2041 Laclede av. 166

r Swede girl for general housework. 166

st girl for general housework; the care of a little child and light work. 166

ay, the block west Rock Island depot; general housework in a family of two. 166

esses.

er, one washer, also girl for kitchen. Arcade Laundry. 710 Locust st.

Weaver's Restaurant, 118 Pine st.

ks.

cook; must understand cooking and be good at it; good wages. m68

ok, and to assist with housework; References required. 166

av., a No. 1 cook for small family; no washing or ironing. 166

second door N. of Chouteau av. and Ironer; small family; good wages. 166

ply at 1305 Washington av.

chambermaid at 1427 Olive st.

ed to nurse a child one year old. 166

girl. 1014½ N. 11th st.

ous.

years of age, to assist in light housework; no washing or ironing. Address 2031 Valle av., Mrs. Newdeliet.

light work in a restaurant. m71

and one girl for general housework; immediately at 2041 Eugenia st.

m twelve to thirteen years of age, to assist in house work; would do well with children. m71

ING.

cleaners, circulars and cross-mable rates. Ad. 573

WITH HOUNDS AND HORN.

The morn is frosty, cold and clear,
The hills are blue with haze.
The trees are bare, the meadows sere,
And ice the brooklets glaze;
A hoar frost sparkles 'neath our feet,
Our voices clear and high
Melt in the echoes soft and sweet
That from the hillsides fly.

Through forest arches tall and grand,
Through valleys wide and still,
Where watching cliffs as sentries stand
By side some purple hill;
Through cedars, tangled brush and brake,
By fountains deep and clear,
What way the eager foxhounds take
We follow with good cheer.
Now Ring, now Sport, each glad heart thrills,
For Reynard's found among the hills.

* * * * * * *

Now down the dark'ning homeward way
To where yon smoke wreaths rise,
The striding hunters roundelay
Assails the starlit skies.
With health pulsating in their veins,
And vigor in their tread,
The boon of hunger pays or pains
And toil makes soft their bed.
Now Ring, now Sport, our repast share,
Then fall asleep beside our chair.

Written for the Post-Dispatch.

"SELLING" A COLONEL.

An Old-Time Joke on a St. Louis Masher.

BY JUDGE CHAS. F. CADY.

Away back in the early fifties St. Louis had about the jolliest set of blades that ever inhabited any burg of its size in this country, and some of the practical jokes played by them on each other were amusing to all except the victims. We had among us a whole-souled gentleman whom I will call the Colonel. He stood about six feet two, built in proportion, and was as fine-looking a man as there was in the city. But he knew it, and he was as vain as he was large and good-looking. The Colonel always dressed well, and when going along Fourth street, if a lady passing happened to notice him, she was "dead gone" at once in his mind. The same at places of public amusements. On a warm summer morning I was sitting in my office trying to keep cool, when Tom C—— came in and proposed we get up something to have some fun.

"All right, Tom; who is the victim?"

"Well, let's give the Colonel a turn this time."

"Agreed."

Tom wrote a delicate female hand and addressed a note to the Colonel stating she had met him at Mr. Xaupi's balls and practicing parties, and had been introduced, but this was simply a ball-room acquaintance, and did not warrant further recognition, but that the writer wished to know him better, and if he would walk on the opposite side of Fifth street opposite Walsh's row (then a fashionable residence portion of the city) and carry a white handkerchief in his hand and carelessly wave it as he passed she would recognize the signal and have him admitted to the house. The note was left at the Colonel's office by a negro boy. The Colonel got it and bit like a trout. The time fixed was 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and it was a scorcher. Tom, myself and two others were at the Planters' about 2 o'clock, knowing he would pass that way. We had not long to wait. He came dressed in his best black suit, with white vest. He first went into Hickman's barber-shop and got shaved and fixed up. Then he went over to Melville's for a new shining tile; from there next door, to Shepherd's furnishing goods store, for a new linen handkerchief. There we came in on him.

"Hello, Colonel! Going to a wedding or dinner party? Haven't seen you look so fine for many a day."

"Do I look all right, boys?"

"Yes, yes; splendid!"

"Well, I am on a little private lay-out of my own—going to see a young lady by appointment; as pretty as a picture and as sweet as a peach."

After imbibing, at his invitation, a cooling beverage at Robbin's, he started, not down, but out Pine street. We had no occasion to keep close to him, as we knew where he would make for, and we turned in a handy book out of sight. The Colonel was punctual to the minute, as we saw him examine his watch, coming down the street. He complied strictly, and as he paraded up and down he waved his handkerchief carelessly, and every few minutes wiped the perspiration from the brow and the inside of his hat. The old boy stood it well. It was past 4 o'clock when he gave it up. As his lady did not show up he left in disgust. When he came we were at the Planters' waiting.

"Well, old boy, how did you make it?"

"Well, I had a pleasant hour, but shall cultivate further, you bet."

After we parted missive number two was fixed up for early next morning. It stated that the young lady was much gratified at his prompt response and regretted that mamma was very sick and she could not leave her to receive him, as she so much desired, but if he would come to the rear of the house at 9 o'clock that evening and whistle "The Last Rose of Summer" as a signal she would send a trusted maid servant to admit him. (Unfortunately the Colonel could not whistle a note to save him.) He would know the gate by a chalk mark. The chalk mark was there, of course, about midway of the row of gates in rear of the houses. Promptly at 9 the Colonel was on hand. It did not take him long to find the gate with chalk on, and then the most diabolical effort to raise a whistle was heard. We found the poor fellow could not succeed, and, there being three of us at each end of the alley, we started almost at the same moment to whistle the old-time favorite air. The Colonel heard us, and looking first at one end of the alley and then the other, exclaimed: "Great G—d! I'm for even, and somebody will get hurt." Of course when he reached the end of the alley there was no one in sight.

The next morning the Herald, a paper edited and run by Ferguson & Faucett, came out with head lines, "A Huge Sell on a Well-known Lawyer," but giving no name. About 11 o'clock the Colonel came into my office looking mad, very mad.

"Say, old fellow, have you a good club, or something of the kind? I want you to go with me to the Herald office."

"What for?" was the inquiry.

"Have you read the Herald this morning?"

"No."

In an instant he had the paper out and commenced reading about what is written above. When he had gotten through, I remarked:

"Well, what of it?"

"Why, d—n it, that's me!"

"The devil it is! Well, then, what do you want to go to the Herald office for?"

"Why, to find out who has done this thing."

"Why, you great fool, there was no name mentioned, and what you propose to do will give the whole thing to the public."

"Well, I am a fool," said the Colonel. "I never thought of that."

"Well, you just keep quiet and keep cool, and the boys who did it will let it leak out."

"Well, I will give $100 to find out who did it."

About a month after, one night we were all at the Planters, I took the Colonel one side and told him I had got on the trail and asked if he stood good for the $100.

"Yes, sir."

"Well, put it in Maj. Wright's hands and you shall know all about it."

The money was put up.

"Now, sir," said I, "Tom wrote the notice, and I did the balance."

"Well, you are a d—d set of scoundrels."

and many other pet names not worth mentioning. The Colonel then turned to Maj. Wright for his money, to which we objected. The Major said:

"Why, Colonel, you agreed to pay provided you got certain information, and it appears you have got it."

Here we proposed to produce the newspaper and the notes to prove our claim, but the Colonel objected to have the thing come out, not thinking that the whole party was posted. We finally compromised on three bottles of "Heidsieck," and the Colonel got his money, but with a promise to us that he would get even. He never did.

THE publishers of the Richmond, Va., Enquirer heartily recommend Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and say: "It has been well tried in our office and composing room, and has cured our city editor of a very bad case of Bronchitis."

A ROMANCE OF THE STAGE.

The Tragic Story of Walter Montgomery and His Beautiful Wife.

From the New York Star.

A veteran actor was lazily picking his teeth in front of the Morton House last evening, when a Star reporter showed him the story which, under the title of "Madeline's Mash," describes how the former wife of Walter Montgomery had lately left Denver for New York, after leading a life of dissipation. As he read it through his eyes snapped and crackled, and when he had concluded, he turned to the reporter and said, indignantly:

"This is all nonsense. This absurd story about Walter Montgomery's unhappy marriage and death has been so often told, and told falsely, that the real facts in the case should be known."

"And they are?"

"Walter Montgomery's first appearance in New York was made at Niblo's Garden about twelve years ago as Marc Antony in the famous revival of "Julius Cæsar." The public knew little of him, but the profession were aware of the great triumphs he had achieved in England and Australia, although he was American by birth, having been born on Long Island. The cast at Niblo's Garden was a notable one. Three of those who took part in it are now dead, E. L. Davenport, the Brutus; Walter Montgomery, the Antony, and Mark Smith, the Casca. It was in this revival that Lawrence Barrett made the first great professional hit of his life as Cassius, and he has since retained the character as one of the most important in his repertoire."

"How was Montgomery received on the occasion of his first appearance?"

"The moment he came upon the stage he astonished the audience by the grace and symmetry of his figure, although he was small in stature, and he had only spoken a few words when the public discovered in him a great actor. His rendering of the oration over the body of Cæsar aroused the audience to the wildest pitch of enthusiasm, and those who were present will never forget the scene. Three times was he recalled to repeat the masterpiece of oratory. He was, indeed, the perfection of physical beauty, grand, massive, towering like a god, and women loved him as they love all God-like creatures. The next morning the papers were loud in his praises, and he became almost the equal in popular favor to poor Harry Montague was in later years."

"And did not this turn his head?"

"Not a bit of it. But he made the great mistake of thinking he could star; whereas, effective and sympathetic as his acting was, he lacked that peculiar magnetism which some people call genius, and without which it is impossible to hold and thrill an audience. He hired the Academy of Music and appeared there as Macbeth. It was a fine performance, but he lacked the physique to give it dignity, and just here, for the first time, a notice which reached almost to the ground, and jumping on the billiard table, would go through the traditional pantomime monkey business. Then he would suddenly stop, assume a serious air, cry, 'Come, boys, I will give you a treat,' and drag a new unit of the good-natured into the Academy, seat them in the front rows of the orchestra, and go through the entire scenes of 'Hamlet' and 'Macbeth.'

"Did you not think this strange?"

"Some of us did," answered the veteran with a sigh, "and when we heard of his death in England, many of us were convinced that it was the result of a diseased mind. His last American appearances were made in Boston, and from that city he sailed for England. On the steamer he met a beautiful and accomplished woman, who was said to be the wife of a prominent Boston financier, who had become deeply smitten with the gallant actor. He was strangely fascinated by her beauty, and when the pair arrived in England Walter Montgomery and Winetta Montague, for that was her assumed name, became one. Their life seemed all sunshine; but one day, according to her story, he entered their apartments at the Langham Hotel, and saying, 'Madame, I honored you; by making you my wife, I now honor myself by making you a widow,' stepped into the bath-room adjoining and shot himself through the head."

"What was the true reason for this terrible act on the part of a man whose life seemed so happy?"

"Ah, that will always be a mystery. Some people say that Winetta Montague had deceived him, and others attribute it to his remorse for having deserted another wife in Australia. What the truth is can only be known when the last 'call' is made."

"And what became of Winetta Montague?"

"She returned to this country shortly afterward, married James M. Ward, the actor, and traveled with him. She has dropped out of sight of late years, but the story of escapades in Denver attributed to her I do not credit. Poor Walter! It was a sad end to such a bright life. Pshaw, this talking brings a lump into my throat and makes me dry."

JOSEPH W. WEBB, Bethany, Mo., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters entirely cured both my wife and myself of Dyspepsia."

Every Visitor Gets a Map and a Spy-Glass.

From the London News.

One of the novel ideas of the directors of the Novelty Theater on Saturday night was to issue Brobdingnagian stall tickets. They measure eighteen inches by eight and a quarter inches and contain the number and price of the seat, the procrumme, the plan of the house and advertisements. Far better ideas are those of numbering and reserving all seats in the house, even in the pit and gallery, totally forbidding fees and providing opera-glasses gratuitously to holders of stall, dress circle and private box tickets. Regarding the advisability of the revived system of half price at half-past 9 in the evening opinions may differ. Prettily clad girls sell flowers in the stalls, and a gallery has been opened for the exhibition and sale of pictures.

WASHINGTON PERSONAL.—Prof. Geo. M. Arth, 918 Eighth street, S. E., Washington, D. C., was attacked with so severe a pain in the foot that he could scarcely walk. St. Jacobs Oil, liberally used, entirely cured him.

Chickens for Christmas.

From the Boston Advertiser.

A Lawrence woman bought a chicken for Thanksgiving, which was warranted to be young and tender. Upon undertaking to prepare it for the table she found a paper neatly folded upon the inside, on which was written the following:

"I am five years old. I was called a beauty when young, but we all fade. Simmer me three days and nights, then boil like fury till Christmas, and serve with pepper and salt."

Dr. Adam's Turkish Bath,
311 N. SEVENTH ST., BETWEEN OLIVE & LOCUST.
Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings, for ladies. Sunday and New Year's Monday), for gentlemen until 12 o'clock noon.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Items of Interest from Towns and Cities in This Vicinity.

Mount Olive, Ill.

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

MOUNT OLIVE, December 29.—A grand New Year ball will be given by the Order of Foresters next Monday night.—Mr. Will Patrick, of Bunker Hill, was visiting friends here this week.—Mr. Henry P. Stullken, Miss Anna Stullken and Mr. Schwettman, of Edwardsville, Ill., spent this week with relations here.—Thomas Ewing spent the holidays in St. Louis.—Wesley A. Parks and Amanda Coalson, of Staunton, were married Wednesday, Rev. Smart, of St. Louis, officiating.—Adolph Marburger, Henry Nieman and Henry Wellenbrink who are going through a collegiate course in St. Louis this winter, are spending the holidays with their parents here.—S. S. Woodward, of Carlinville, Ill., was looking after his business interests here Thursday.—Peter Nischwitz is spending the holidays with his parents in Ohio.—Miss Lydia Nieman has returned from an extended visit at Edwardsville, Ill.—Ed. Cameron visited a portion of this week with his parents at Alton.—Gus. Krohme, of Carlinville, Ill., was here one day last week.—Mrs. H. W. Schoen and Misses Emma and Louise Marburger spent this week among friends at Mattoon, Ill.—Dr. W. N. Bahrenburg and wife, from St. Louis, were visiting their old neighbors here this week.—Miss Louise Luebker, of Bunker Hill, is visiting here.—The new officers of Mount Olive Lodge, No. 2,693, K. of H., are as follows: L. Simmering, D.; H. Kraft, V.D.; H. W. Johnson, A. D.; C. A. Stoidt, R.; M. Freiner, F. R.; A. H. Adden, T.; A. Roehl, C.; John Hessner, G., Julius Schunke, S.

Canton, Mo.

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

CANTON, Mo., December 29.—Miller Bros. commenced cutting and putting up ice Thursday morning. The ice is about eight inches thick and of a fine, clear quality.—The stock men are building and arranging stock pens just north of the depot, which will be a great help to farmers coming in with stock.—The new planing mill is nearing completion and the heavy machinery is already working. This mill furnishes work for about thirty-five men.—Dr. Chas. Findley, of La Fayette county, is spending the winter with his son, Prof. J. H. Findley, of the Canton University.—F. Bennett returned from Siloam Springs, Ark., a few days ago, with but little change in his health.—Miss Carrie Daniels left for Keokuk Thursday to stay over Sunday with friends.—Mrs. Jennie Noel, of Monroe county, is spending a few weeks with relatives here.—C. E. Cummings has returned from his Eastern trip.—Something novel in the way of parties was held last night at the residence of H. B. Owsley, being a sheet and pillow-case masquerade by the young people.—The telephone instruments connecting La Grange, Canton and Monticello have at last been put in.

Montgomery City, Mo

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

MONTGOMERY CITY, Mo., December 29.—Robt. C. Wheeler and lady, of St. Joseph, are spending the holidays with friends here.—Marcus Winegar, of New York, is visiting his sons, O. H. and Charles Winegar, of this place.—Misses Stella Bruner and Maggie Ham, of this place, who are attending the Synodical College at Fulton, are spending the holidays at home, as are also Misses Della Bast and Ida Nelson, who are attending Hardin College.—The Baptist congregation of this place gave an oyster supper in the hall last evening, which was well attended and was a pleasant affair.—Dr. Jones, of Jonesburg, in visiting Montgomery, and seems to be having a pleasant time.—Miss Lizzie Bell, of Fulton, came down on Sunday last to see his friends, returning home Sunday night.—The young men of Montgomery will give a New Year's party to the members of the Kettle Drum Club at the parlors of the Spinsky Hotel on Monday evening.—Dr. W. N. English and lady gave the children a party at their residence one evening this week, at which the little folks enjoyed themselves hugely.—Miss Alice Sharp is visiting friends in St. Louis this week.

Joplin, Mo.

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

JOPLIN, Mo., December 30.—Hon. J. F. Martin is in St. Louis, pending the meeting of the Legislature.—M. and Mrs. E. B. Leonard have been visiting relatives in Girard for the past week.—Mrs. J. G. Hollister, of Olney, Ill., and Miss Mattie Parks, of Butler, Mo., are visiting Mrs. A. J. Winzenburg, in this city.—C. H. Montgomery visited Pittsburg, Kas., on legal business yesterday.—D. C. Hodson was in the city yesterday.—E. Moffet, president of the Lone Elm Mining and Smelting Company, visited Pittsburg, Kas., yesterday.—L. P. Cunningham is in St. Louis on legal business.—Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Miller, of Galena, Kas., were in the Metropolis on last Wednesday.—L. M. Abbot, former Justice of the Peace of Joplin, came in from his Newton county farm yesterday to renew old acquaintances.—Mrs. Carver and son, of Carthage, are visiting with Capt C. J. Lewis.—Isaac Fountain, public administrator, was in town yesterday.—The city officers have taken possession of the new court-room.—J. W. Henry and bride are expected to arrive in a few days from the East.

Shelbyville, Ill.

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

SHELBYVILLE, ILL., December 29.—Most of the students will return to school the first of next week.—Capt. Allen and family expect to move to Jacksonville soon.—Miss Mattie Broyles is in Windsor.—The soldiers' reunion and entertainment was a success.—A petition is being circulated asking the City Council to make an ordinance against fire-works.—Miss Eva Cooper is in Taylorville.—Mrs. Chaffee entertained quite a number of the young folks last evening.—Miss Lola Parker gives a party to some of her young friends to-night.—Lewis Craig returns, Sunday, to the School of Pharmacy in St. Louis.—Mrs. Wm. Johnson will return to her home in Kansas, Monday.

Du Quoin, Ill.

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

DU QUOIN, ILL., December 29.—A citizens' meeting for the promotion of manufacturing in this city was held December 27. The attendance was large and the interest very encouraging.—A contest in spelling was held on the 28th by the W. C. T. U. Mrs. James Winters won the prize.—The Rolla Skating Club is thoroughly organized and holds meetings once a week.—Gus. Gordon, of St. Louis, was in town Monday.—Willie and Charlie Wall are at home from Racine, Wis.—John Hamilton is home again, but returns to St. Louis after the holidays.—Walter Parks, Grant Burgess and Clarence Blakeslee are at home from school for vacation.

Fairville, Mo.

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

FAIRVILLE, Mo., December 29.—Rev. B. E. Hart has returned from Cooper county, where he has been holding a series of meetings.—Rev. D. C. Bolton, pastor of the Baptist Church, has resigned and accepted a call near Carrolton.—Miss May Creel is spending Christmas week with her relations at Waverly.—Mr. Walter Brown is visiting friends at Blackburn.—Prof. Pritchett, of Glasgow, came over for a day this week.—Prof. Harvey, of Fayette, spent Christmas with his family, at this place.—Mr. and Mrs. W. M. L. Irvine are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Withers.—Rev. Jos. Connor and wife spent a few days in town this week visiting friends.—Miss Davis has returned from school at Independence.—Mr. Frank Tucker retured school at Fayette on Wednesday.—Mr. J. Kirby is visiting friends in Iowa.

The following instructions will be implicitly carried out:

MEMPHIS, TENN., December 27, 1882.—To Leubrie Bros., St. Louis, Mo.: Your telegram received. Have decided to take stock 15th January. *Sell all goods at cost for one week, to reduce stock.* This applies to *every department* in the house.

LOU LEUBRIE.

N. B.—As per above telegram, we are now reducing everything, and will *shortly* inaugurate our *Grand Reduction Sale*, due notice of which will be given through these columns.

LEUBRIE BROS.,
705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Footpads abound in Salt Lake City, Utah, just at present.

Palmyra, Mo., is to have a new Democratic daily, to be called the Marion County Herald.

Appropriations for the City Government of New York for 1883 amount to $28,593,385, against $27,412,831 in 1882.

In a fit of mental aberration Abraham B. Mills, a prominent citizen of Mount Victory, O., committed suicide on Friday.

Five children broke through the ice in a brook near Hyde Park, Boston, Mass., on Friday and three were drowned.

The visit of Prince Frederick Charles, of Germany, to Egypt and Palestine is connected with the German colonization plans.

The Czar has instructed Russsian embassadors abroad to report to him personally their views on the political situation in Europe.

The Missouri Valley State Teachers' Association closed a very successful and interesting session of three days at Sedalia, on Friday evening.

In New York on Friday, John F. Crotty, a plumber who pleaded guilty to violating the new plumbing law by putting in defective plumbing, was fined $50.

The Emperor of Austria has offered to act as mediator between King Humbert and the Pope, with a view of establishing an understanding satisfactory to both.

The Municipal Committee of Marseilles has requested the Mayor to obtain a formal deed of gift of Pharo Park from the ex-Empress Eugenie as a preliminary step to the discussion of her offer.

Philadelphia cigarmakers and others in the tobacco industry have petitioned Congress for immediate repeal of the internal revenue tax on tobacco, and to maintain the duty on imported cigars.

A secret marriage took place at Franklin, D. T., Thursday, between Dr. Viedakin Koss, a young Russian physician, and Sister Mary Paul, of the Convent of the Sacred Heart. Developments are expected.

W. C. Anderson, the young Canadian telegraph operator, who recently fell heir to $750,000, by the death of an uncle in Scotland, has just been notified of the bequest of another $100,000 by the decease of another uncle.

At Meriden, Conn., on Friday, two children, aged respectively 11 and 8 years, acknowledged that they placed an obstruction in the track of the New York passenger train on Tuesday, because an employe of the road drove them off the track.

The rear of a coach train on the Lake Erie and Western road while entering Lafayette, Ind., on Friday night, was thrown from the track by a broken flange, fell on its side and took fire at both ends. Many of the thirty-four passengers which the coach contained were cut and bruised.

Mensman's Peptonized Beef Tonic, the only preparation of beef containing its *entire nutritious properties*. It centains blood-making, force-generating and life-sustaining properties, invaluable for **Indigestion, Dyspepsia**, nervous prostration, and all forms of general debility. In all unfeebled conditions, whether the result of exhaustion, nervous prostration, overwork or acute disease, particularly if resulting from pulmonary complaints. CASWELL, HAZARD & CO., Proprietors, New York. Sold by Druggists. 3

CITY NEWS.

John F. Ryan has been appointed Superintendent of the Morgue. He enters upon his duties on Monday.

The Catholic Knights of America last evening elected M. W. Hogan president, and John J. Lane secretary and treasurer.

The advance of a dollar per barrel in the wholesale price of beer goes into effect on Monday. The saloon-keepers will not introduce any change in the size of glasses.

Chief Sexton, his assistants and the superintendent of the fire alarm service are discussing a revision of the rules and a new system of signals. They want to simplify the system.

The Tabernacle Mission Sunday School of the First Presbyterian Church, had a Christmas celebration last night. Dr. Ganse delivered an address and there was a large Christmas tree.

The Humane Society's annual exhibit shows a balance of $1,138 50 at the bankers' after paying $800 for the ambulance. There are 435 members. The society has issued during the year 1,533 warnings and 68 prosecutions were entered, resulting in 48 convictions.

The City Counsellor has prepared bills to be submitted to the Legislature by which the tax collection laws and the methods are to be more stringent; the Board of Health shall control the contracts for removal and disposition of dead animals, and the registration of diplomas from medical colleges shall be more strictly scrutinized.

The School Board Building Committee last evening had a lively discussion touching the resignation of Janitor Follett of the Carr Lane School. The janitor's health will not permit him to attend to his duties. An order issued for the thorough cleansing of the building. The matter of heating the Wayman Crow School was laid over.

Frank Gaiennie was yesterday declared the candidate of the opposition caucus for president of the Exchange. The Ewald vote at the regular caucus on 'Change stood 209; Frank Gaiennie 203. The opposition canvass yesterday led to some warm work. D. R. Francis was nominated first vice-president; James A. Gregory was nominated for second vice-president. The following directors were nominated: Ewing Hill, L. C. A. Koenig, P. P. Connor and Thos. H. Jacobs.

THAT husband of mine is three times the man he was before he began using "Wells' Health Renewer." $1.00. Druggists.

Wonders of the West.

Helena, Montana, boasts of Indian summer in December.

Ketchum, the healthiest town in Idaho, is without a doctor.

Weeksville, on the Northern Pacific, sprang to life in one week.

Huron, Dakota, has just dedicated a $9,000 public school-house.

At brand-new Townsend, Montana, lots are selling at $600 apiece.

Glendive, Montana, is able to build a $2,500 Congregational church.

Near Baker City 3,200 pounds of powder were used in one blast. A mountain was blown down.

Minneapolis built two thousand new houses during the present year.

Butte, Montana, lights up the path of civilization with electricity.

One hundred divorces were granted in a day at Seattle, W. T., recently.

Fifty citizens of Helena have an annual income of over $20,000 each.

Livingston was unknown a year ago. Corner lots there now sell for $1,000 each.

Seven hundred bushels of white potatoes were raised on one acre of Whatcom county, W. T., land.

A solid bit of gold that weighed 152 ounces was found at Happy Camp, near Yreka, California, a few days ago.

The mounted police of the Northwest Territory are to be supplied with portable houses for themselves and horses.

A grouse that was killed on Pine Creek, Baker county, Oregon, recently, had pieces of gold-bearing quartz of an aggregate value of fifty cents in its gizzard.

A "tenderfoot" who rented a room at Billings for the purpose of opening a restaurant placed the following notice in the window: "On or about December 1 Jimmy Johnson will sling hash on these premises."

St. Jacobs Oil

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY
FOR PAIN.
Relieves and cures
RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia,
Sciatica, Lumbago,
BACKACHE,
HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE,
SORE THROAT,
QUINSY, SWELLINGS,
SPRAINS,
Soreness, Cuts, Bruises,
FROSTBITES,
BURNS, SCALDS,
And all other bodily aches and pains.
FIFTY CENTS A BOTTLE.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Directions in 11 languages.
The Charles A. Vogeler Co.
(Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.)
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

KIDNEY-WORT
IS A SURE CURE
for all diseases of the Kidneys and
—LIVER—
It has specific action on this most important organ, enabling it to throw off torpidity and inaction, stimulating the healthy secretions of the Bile, and by keeping the bowels in free condition, effecting its regular discharge.
Malaria. If you are suffering from malaria, have the chills, are bilious, dyspeptic, or constipated, Kidney-Wort will surely relieve and quickly cure.
To cleanse the System, every one should take a thorough course of it.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Price $1.
KIDNEY-WORT

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS
Remember that stamina, vital energy, the life-principle, or whatever you may choose to call the resistant power which battles against the causes of disease and death, is the grand safeguard of health. It is the garrison of the human fortress, and when it waxes weak, the true policy is to throw in reinforcements. Another word—when such an emergency occurs, commence a course of the Bitters. For sale by Druggists and Dealers, to whom apply for our Almanac.

POND'S EXTRACT.
THE GREAT VEGETABLE
PAIN DESTROYER and SPECIFIC FOR INFLAMMATION AND HEMORRHAGES.

Rheumatism, Neuralgia.
No other preparation has cured so many cases of these distressing complaints as the Extract. Our Plaster is invaluable in these diseases. Lumbago, Palms in the Back or Sides, &c. Our Ointment (a combo for use when removal of clothing is inconvenient, is a great help in relieving inflammatory cases.

Hemorrhages. Bleeding from the Lungs, Stomach, Nose, or from any cause, is speedily controlled and stopped. Our Nasal Syringes (25 cents) and Inhalers ($1.00) are great aids in arresting internal bleeding.

Diphtheria & Sore Throat.
Use the Extract promptly. It is a sure cure. Delay is dangerous.

Catarrh. The Extract is the only specific for this disease. Cold in Head, &c. Our "Catarrh Cure," specially prepared to meet serious cases, contains all the curative properties of the Extract; our Nasal Syringe invaluable for use in catarrhal affections, is simple and inexpensive.

Sores, Ulcers, Wounds, Sprains and Bruises. It is unrivaled for healing, cooling and cleansing. Use our Ointment in connection with the Extract; it will aid in healing, softening and in keeping out the air.

Burns and Scalds. For allaying heat and pain it is unrivaled, and should be kept in every family ready for use in case of accidents. A dressing of our Ointment will aid in healing and prevent scars.

Inflamed or Sore Eyes. It can be used without the slightest fear of harm, quickly allaying all inflammation and soreness without pain.

Earache, Toothache and Faceache. When the Extract is used according to directions, its effect is simply wonderful.

Piles, Blind, Bleeding, or Itching. It is the greatest known remedy: rapidly curing when other medicines have failed. Pond's Extract Medicated Paper for closet use, is a preventive against Chafing and Piles. Our Ointment is of great service where the removal of clothing is inconvenient.

For Broken Breast and Sore Nipples. The Extract is so cleanly and efficacious that mothers who have once used it will never be without it. Our Ointment is the best emollient that can be applied.

Female Complaints. No physician need be called in for the majority of female diseases if the Extract be used. Full directions accompany each bottle.

CAUTION.
Pond's Extract has been imitated. The genuine has the words "Pond's Extract" blown in the glass, and our picture trade-mark on surrounding buff wrapper. None other is genuine. Always insist on having Pond's Extract. Take no other preparation. *It is never sold in bulk, or by measure.*

Price of Pond's Extract, Toilet Articles and Specialties.

POND'S EXTRACT	50c., $1.00 and $1.75	Toilet Cream	1 00
Catarrh Cure	1 00	Dentifrice	50
Plaster	25	Lip Salve	25
Inhaler	1.00	Toilet Soap (3 Cks)	50
Nasal Syringe	25	Ointment	50
Medicated Paper	25

Prepared only by POND'S EXTRACT CO.,
NEW YORK AND LONDON.
For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.
Orders for $1 worth, carriage free, on receipt of $2 25. Orders for $5 worth, carriage free, on receipt of $3, if addressed to 14 West Fourteenth street, New York.

LEGAL.

Administrators' Notices.

ESTATE of Ernst R. Vogelsang, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

Ernst R. Vogelsang,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 22d day of December, 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 27th day of December, 1882.

FRANCIS POUPENEY, JR.,
DANIEL HUGHES, SR.,
22N Executors.

ESTATE of William Brokate, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

William Brokate,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 22d day of December, 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 27th day of December, 1882.

SOPHIA BROKATE,
19N Administratrix.

ESTATE of Thomas A. Griffin, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

Thomas A. Griffin,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 18th day of December, 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 30th day of December, 1882.

HARRIET V. GRIFFIN,
28N Executrix.

ESTATE of Anton Koch, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

Anton Koch,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 22d day of December, 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 30th day of December, 1882.

CATHARINE KOCH,
18N Executrix of Anton Koch, deceased.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Charles F. Mueller, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 22d day of December, 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 1st day of December, 1882.

ADOLPH EXMEIER MUELLER,
16N Administrator of Charles F. Mueller, dec'd.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

John Green,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of March next.

SMITH P. GALT,
Administrator.
St. Louis, December 30, 1

LATEST

A BEAUTY'S

Mr. J. H. Langt
After

Mysterious Disappear
er-in-Law—Fred
Eight Seats for
Drives Mrs. Langt

Special to the Post-Dis
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ng. At 8:55 o'c

Closing Out

Our Fancy Goods before removal, at prices that cannot be duplicated in this city.

Robt. D. Patterson & Co

Chamber of Commerce, Chestnut St.

Opera Hats!

Are the thing for New Year's Calling.

M. J. Steinberg

303 N. FOURTH ST.

F. W. GUERIN, Photographer,

627 Olive Street, St. Louis.

Will remove to the new and elegant establishment, corner Twelfth and Washington avenue, January 1. Special attention paid to Crayon work and Pastel. Medal awarded at the World's Exposition, Paris.

SCHOLTEN,

PHOTOGRAPHER,

920 and 922 Olive St.

Grand Gold Medal Merchants' Exchange, 1879, two First Prizes American Institute, New York, 1882.

PRICES MODERATE.

HARD AND SOFT COAL!

SOLE AGENT

Brookside Coal Co.

JAS. J. SYLVESTER, 416 Olive st.

12 LBS Clarified Sugar $1; 11 lbs Granulated Sugar $1. Teas and Coffees 10 per cent lower than can be bought elsewhere. ST. LOUIS TEA CO., 106 N. Fifth Street.

DR. J. CONZELMAN'S COUGH SYRUP, FOR COUGHS, COLDS AND CROUP, UNSURPASSED. FOR WHOOPING COUGH IT IS THE ONLY SPECIFIC CURE. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

CHAS. K. RAMSEY,

ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT,

620 Chestnut St., Rooms 22 and 24.

DOCTORS

SUSANNA W. & MARY DODDS.

We treat all diseases successfully without medicine. Diseases of women a specialty. Send 1 with stamp for circulars.

2826 WASHINGTON AV.

I HAVE THEM.

GREATER BARGAINS THAN EVER.

A complete set of soln silver, 6 pieces, beautifully designed, and very massive; originally cost $1,800, will be sold low. Then I have an elegant stock of diamonds, mounted in ear-rings of all sizes, prettily set in new designs, very low, also, bar pins, bracelets, bangles, rings, mounted in clusters and solitaires, of all the newest styles, and the largest assortment of ladies' and gents' gold watches in the city. Come and see both stock and prices and be convinced.

Respectfully, I. G. MOSS,

RED FRONT. 208 N. Fourth St.

CHAS. WEZLER,

214 S. Fourth Street,

Is the Jobbing Headquarters for

Whiskies and Cognac.

New Arrivals German and French Sherry and Oporto Wines.

CITY NEWS.

Dress Gloves,

For New Year's Day, in immense choice at D. Crawford & Co.'s, in whites, operas and tans For ladies in lengths from 6-buttons to 14-buttons and in prices from $1 to $3 a pair, and for gents at prices from $1 to $2a pair. Kid gloves artistically fitted to the hand. Always buy your gloves at the headquarters.

FOR A GOOD HAVANA CIGAR, RETAIL Or Wholesale, go to P. Roddy, 422 Washington ave.

SHE has a complexion like a rose. Why? Sh Dr. Campbell's Medicated Complexion Powder.

Dr. E. C. Chase,

622 Olive street. Set of teeth $8.

DR. DINSMOR removed to 814 Pine street, where he will dispense safe medicines, skillful treatment and speedy cures for chronic disease.

DR. Wy[illegible] a regular graduate, 617 St. Charles st., [illegible] twenty-five years, treats with unparalleled success, blood impurities, impediments to marriage, nervous prostration, debility—diseases from indiscretion, excesses, exposure, indulgences. Moderate charges; safely, confidentially; advice free. MARRIAGE GUIDE, 250 pp., sealed, by mail 25 cts.; pamphlet free. Treatment by mail, express or boat.

Blair's Pills

Great English Remedy for Gout, Rheumatism and Kidney Complaints. Sure, prompt and effective. Oval box, $1; round 50 cts. Of druggists.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

Time at the boat yard was reduced yesterday to nine hours a day.

Joseph Engle, who had his right foot hurt at the boat yard, has been presented with $25, contribution from his fellow workmen.

Regular annual election for officers of Inpeter Lodge, No. Knights of Honor, took place last night with the following result: F. B. Pike, dictator; J. A. Buehner, vice-dictator; Jacob Dillman, assistant dictator; Wm. L. Pratt, reporter; Wm. W. Hoffmeister, financial reporter; [illegible] Spatrick, Sr., treasurer; L. F. Weibel, [illegible] E. E. Barlow, guide; Wm. Button, [illegible] John G. Cluly sentinel; Thomas Emerson, R. O. Hyre and J. E. Williams, trustees. [illegible] Outten and Bubach, medical examiners; E. field and the name [illegible] Robbins, representative to Grand Lodge and [illegible] A. Powell, alternate.

READING NOTICES.

Forty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never failing success by millions of mothers for their children. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhœa, griping in the bowels and wind colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price twenty-five cents a bottle

THE SOCIAL WORLD.

Festivities in Fashionable Circles During the Week.

Musicales, Dejeuners, Luncheons, Dinners, Theater Parties--Personals.

Mrs. Ben. O. Clark receives each Thursday with Mrs. Gale.

Miss Lowenstein will be married on the 3rd to Mr. Sam Farman.

Mrs. Kate Isbell and son will return from their visit to Tennessee.

Mrs. Sweringen is expecting a visit from her niece, Miss Farrar.

Mr. and Mrs. Dixon are the guests of her mother Mrs. Gerard B. Allen.

Mr. Hart Vance will visit his relatives at Louisville on New Years Day.

Mr. H. E. Dickson, of New York, is spending the holidays with his family.

Miss Saunderson is the guest during the holidays of Miss Lucy Russell.

Mr. Stephen Kearney, of Colorado, is spending this week with his mother.

On New Year's evening Mrs. Gerard B. Allen will give a New Year party.

Judge and Mrs. Krum have returned from their visit to her sister in the East.

Rev. William McPheeters is the guest of his brother, Mr. Tom McPheeters.

Miss Anna M. Bilbrough will be married early in January to Mr. D. Kingsland.

Judge and Mrs. Treat will spend the holidays in Philadelphia with their daughter.

Miss Mamie Clark is expected to visit next week her aunt, Mrs. E. Bathurst Smith.

On Monday evening Mrs. E. Bathurst Smith will give her annual New Year party.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Gratz have returned from the East, and are at the Beaumont Flats.

Mrs. Fuller and Miss Morrison are entertaining Mrs. James S. Thompson, of Glasgow.

Misses Mamie and Jennie Phillips, of Virginia, Ill., are guests of Mrs. Garland Pollard.

Miss Mattie McKitterick gave a soiree dansante on Friday evening to her young friends.

Miss Royal, of Columbia, is the guest of Judge and Mrs. Henderson, of 2729 Clark avenue.

Mr. John Bryan is spending the holidays in Louisville with his aunt, Mrs. Sam Churchill.

Mr. John O'Fallon Clark and Mr. C. Jeff Clark are spending the holidays with their families.

The class of Madame de Vervin will meet next week at Mrs. Foy's residence, on Grand avenue.

On Friday afternoon Mrs. Hugh McKittrick gave a musicale at her residence on Locust street.

Mr. Winston Barret will sail for Europe very soon, where he will complete his medical education.

Mrs. Farber, of Baltimore, has returned home after a delightful visit to St. Louis during the holidays.

Mrs. Eugene W. Lewis left on Thursday evening for Boston and New York to be absent three weeks.

Miss Minnie Sharp, of Lexington, Ky., is the guest of Mrs. C. L. Freeman, of 3309 Morgan street.

Miss Wickham has returned from her visit to Louisville.

Miss Robinson, of Louisville, will visit Mrs Will Scott and receive on New Year's Day with Miss Wickham.

Mrs. John A. Ladd is entertaining Miss Parker, a graduate of the Royal Conservatory of Music, at Leipsic.

Mrs. Bartley and Miss Emma Bartley, of Louisville, are guests of Mrs. William Bartley, of Delmar avenue.

Mr. Branner has returned from a protracted visit south, and has gone to Washington to spend the holidays.

Dr. and Mrs. Magruder, of Fort Leavenworth, were the guests last week of Mrs. Larkin, of Lucas Place.

On Tuesday night the Happy Thought Club had the first reunion of the season at Miss Valle's, on Lucas Place.

Misses Sallie and Nannie McCulloch, of Lake Providence, La., are guests of Mrs. Dr. Broaddus, 2722 Pine street.

Mr. William Henry, of Marysville, Kas., formerly of this city, is the guest of Mrs. H. C. West, 2901 Dayton street.

Misses Hattie and Minnie Corby, of Quincy, Ill., are visiting the family of Mr. W. H. Blanke, No. 2816 Walnut street.

Mr. and Mrs. Robertson, nee Lulu Powell, are spending the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Willis Powell.

Mr. John Alden gave a theater party on Tuesday evening to Mrs. Morrison and her daughter, Miss Morrison.

Miss Annie Webb and Miss Almy Breckenridge leave soon after the New Year to visit their relatives in Louisville, Ky.

Mr. James Edmunds, a young attorney of Halifax, Va., is stopping at the Lindell Hotel, and will probably locate here.

Miss Lizzie Eaton, of Grand Rapids, Mich., is the guest of Miss Ada Haggerty, at Mrs. John Grether's, on Olive street.

The sons and daughters of Judge Withrow, of Chicago, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Rufus J. Lackland, for the holidays.

Mrs. S. R. Alexander, widow of the late Col. T. L. Alexander, U. S. A., is the guest of Mrs. A. R. Taylor, 2926 Glasgow Place.

Admiral and Mrs. Radford, of Washington City, will return next week after a visit to Mrs. General Kearney, of Pine street.

Miss Bridget Harrison gave a luncheon on Wednesday at three o'clock, to last year's class of graduates from Mary Institute.

Miss Andrews, daughter of Col. James Andrews, of Allegheny, is visiting her sister Mrs. A. G. Cochran, at 2106 Lafayette avenue.

On the 5th of January, Mrs. J. W. Donaldson will give a large reception complimentary to her nieces, Misses Alby and Etta Walker.

Mrs. Geo. Drake returned last Saturday. The Goethe Club, under Prof. Snyder's instruction, will meet at her residence on January 8.

Cards are out for the twenty-fifth anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. W. Carter, at their residence, 2604 Dayton street, on Monday, January 8.

Judge Turner, an old and well-known resident, was suddenly stricken with paralysis at his residence on Sheridan avenue on Thursday evening.

Mr. Frank Taussig, Instructor in Political Economy of Harvard College, is spending the holiday vacation with his father, Dr. William Taussig.

Mrs. Annie P. Welsh, a sister of Mr. G. G. Perry, of the well known firm of Turner, Frazier & Co., of St. Joseph, is spending the holidays with Mrs. Kimbrough, 1005 Elliot avenue.

Mrs. Grimes Randolph, of Virginia, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ben. O'Fallon, of Grand avenue. Mr. Randolph arrived on Saturday to spend the holidays with them.

Mr. Arthur Robinson, who has enjoyed the hospitalities of the West End Club during his brief visits to the city, sent them on Christmas day a beautiful floral design of choice flowers.

On Saturday afternoon, Prof. A. J. Mahler gave his annual children's party at the Pickwick. Over two hundred invitations were issued, and a large number of children with their mammas assembled.

Mrs. De Nagel has given her friends much pleasure through the Quartette Club that plays at her house. Mrs. Ed. Main, Mrs. Nagel, Mrs. Tennie Taussig and Miss Taussig are the performers.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie Craig gave a dinner party on Christmas day. Among the guests present were Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Reese, Mr. and Mrs. Robert W. Stockton, Mr. and Mrs. Burton and others.

The Qui Vive, one of the pleasantest dancing clubs of the season, met at the residence of Mrs. M. Dashiel Stephenson, 3507 Lindell avenue, on Wednesday. There were present about thirty young people.

Miss Josie Hewitt, daughter of Mr. Charles Hewitt, of 2929 Chestnut street, was married to Mr. James Wellington, formerly of Chicago, but now connected with the house of Dodd, Brown & Co., on Thursday evening.

Mr. Sterling Edmunds gave a dejeuner on Christmas day. Among the guests were: Major and Mrs. R. L. Brockenboro, Messrs. Henry and Tom Edmunds, Miss Estrel Edmunds, Miss Ella Grasty, Messrs. Carrington, Farrish, and others.

Mrs. Ellis Walnwright gave a dinner party on Saturday in honor of Mr. Birnfrey, an English gentleman now residing in Chicago. Among the guests present were Mr. and Mrs. Patterson, Mr. and Mrs. Turner, Miss Wade, Miss Barlow, Mr. Barlow, and others.

Maj. and Mrs. R. L. Brockenboro had a dinner party on Christmas day with dinner served a la Russe. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Sterling Edmunds, Miss Ethel Edmunds, Messrs. Henry and Tom Edmunds, Miss Ella Grasty, Miss Anderson, Mr. Hooker and others.

Mrs. and Mrs. P. W. Paramore left on Wednesday evening for Chicago, where Mr. Paramore attended the annual banquet of the alumni of the Yale college on Thursday evening, and Mrs. Paramore will receive with Miss Lillie Palmer on New Year's Day. They return on the 2d of January.

On Tuesday evening the Misses Hopkins gave a theater party at the Olympic, complimentary to Miss Brannin, of Louisville, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Filley chaperoning the party. Among the guests were Misses Dixie Thaw, Luna Garrison, Messrs. Robert Aull, M. L. Hopkins, Stephen Von Phul, Quintus Price and Percy McLaren.

Mrs. Floyd-Jones had a family reunion on Christmas day. There were present Mrs. Floyd-Jones and her sons, Messrs. Robert, and Temple, and Edgar Floyd-Jones; Mrs. L. V. S. Ames and her family, Misses Ada and Minnie Ames, and Messrs. Henry and Edgar Ames; Mr. and Mrs. Ashley D. Scott and their children, Minnie Scott and Masters Semple and Ashley D. Scott; Miss Cairnes and Mr. S. S. Scott. A delightful dinner was served in courses at three o'clock.

Church Entertainments.

The Children's Hospital had their entertainment on Sunday afternoon, when a beautiful tree was provided for the little ones.

Old Santa Claus was sent out in person, in a handsome car drawn by four prancing steeds, by Famous, to distribute beautiful gifts to the Mission Schools.

The Church of the Holy Communion had their Christmas entertainment for the children on Monday morning, when beautiful presents were given to each child.

The Grand Avenue Presbyterian Church gave a Christmas party on Friday evening in charge of the young people of the church. Besides a Christmas tree refreshments were served to the children.

The ladies of the Memorial Home Association gave a Christmas dinner to the aged couples who are domiciled there. So many contributions were sent in that Chistmas dinners will be served each day.

The Christmas festival of the Church of the Messiah took place on Wednesday afternoon. A beautiful tree was prepared for the children from which they received a number of presents. Dr. Kingsley rendered efficient service in dispensing the gifts.

The entertainment of the First Christian Church was in charge of the young people, and took place on Wednesday evening. From a table beautifully decorated with trees and flowers over 200 persons were served with delicious sandwiches, salads and coffee, cakes and ices prepared by the good housewives, and dispensed by the young ladies and gentlemen of the church.

The Christmas tree at Christ Church was exhibited on Thursday evening. The teachers and pupils enjoyed themselves heartily, and the infant class was especially happy under the generous care of their young superintendent, Mr. Post, and the young teachers, Miss Eliza Carr, Mrs. Lackland, Miss Snepley and Miss Schuyler. The tree was placed in the main church, and a calcium light thrown upon it.

TO CONSUMPTIVES,

Or those with weak lungs, spitting of blood, bronchitis, or kindred affections of throat or lungs, send two stamps for Dr. R. V. Pierce's treatise on these maladies. Address the doctor, Buffalo, N. Y.

MILLS AND AVERILL.

Clothing Made to Order.

We wish to call your attention to the largest stock of woolens to be found in St. Louis. From these goods we are prepared to MAKE CLOTHING TO ORDER at reasonable prices, preferring to make our profit on volume of business rather than in excessive charges. If you intend to have an overcoat, suit or a pair of pants this week, call and examine our stock, at southwest corner Fourth and Olive streets, before you make a purchase.

A GREAT MAN'S DIVERSION.

How Roscoe Conkling Witnessed a Private Greco-Roman Wrestling Match.

Theoband Bauer, the wrestler, who is sojourning in the city, tells a story which shows how an occasion the eminent and austere statesman Roscoe Conkling can unbend. It was during the last campaign that Bauer, who had dabbled somewhat in local politics, went with a friend to the Republican headquarters in the Fifth Avenue Hotel, in search of the sinews of war. Mr. Conkling was in the room, and to him Mr. Bauer was introduced as Professsr. "I have often heard of you and of your Greco-Roman wrestling, I should very much like to witness an exhibition of the sport."

Bauer replied that it could be very easily arranged, and a few minutes later a party composed of Conkling, an intimate friend, Bauer and a detective, walked quietly out of the hotel and were driven to East Twenty-second street, where Muldoon, the wrestler, has a saloon and gymnasium, part of the equipment of which is a wrestling arena. Muldoon was willing to give a private exhibition, and he and Bauer at once retired to dress, or rather undress for the bout. The only spectators to the twenty minutes of his fine wrestling as was ever seen in the country, either in public or private, were Conkling, his friend and the detective. Bauer in telling of it says: "Muldoon and I wrestle very hard, and Conkling he was tickled to death. He laughed and shouted, clapped his hands and say what a very fine young man he was twenty years ago. When I threw Muldoon he clapped his hands and say, 'Gentlemen, I am very much obliged for this grand exhibition,' and then he walked out without buying a glass of wine or offering to set up the cigars. I tell you I was hot. I said to Muldoon, 'Bill, I will strike him for $100.' 'No,' said Bill, because he knew his business. Since that time Mr. Conkling has gone to Muldoon's place on the quiet many times to see Bill wrestle. He is very fond of the sport."

M. F. LUCAS, Milton Mo., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters entirely cured me of malaria and indigestion."

GET your wines, whiskies and brandies for family use at wholesale prices at Bleyer's, Fifth and Market streets.

BANQUETING THE BENCH.

Judge Boyle and Lindley Retire To-Day—Two Banquets Arranged for Them.

To-day Judges Boyle and Lindley step down from the Circuit bench and retire to private life. Their place on the woolsack will be filled by Judges Lubke and Barclay on Tuesday next, the former in court No. 2 and the latter in court No. 3. The last day is spent in winding up various matters of litigation which have claimed the attention of the retiring judges, cases of long standing in the courts, perfecting appeals, etc. Judge Lindley has seen nearly 13 years of bench service, and Judge Boyle six years. They retire with the best wishes of the profession. On Tuesday evening a banquet will be tendered at the Lindell by about fifty gentlemen—merchants, bankers, lawyers and others—in compliment to Judges Boyle and Lindley. The bar's expression of regard and esteem for Judges Boyle, Lindley and Laughlin will take similar shape on Friday next at the Mercantile Club. Judge Lindley's plans have not been fully determined for the future. Judge Boyle will engage in private practice.

ALLEN'S Brain Food is the most reliable tonic for the brain and generative organs. It positively cures nervous debility, nervous headache, loss of memory, and all seminal and sexual weakness. All druggists; $1 a bottle; six for $5.

Wasted Tissues.

If your brain is overworked, your nerves unstrung and you suffer from nervous or general debility and feel a want of vigor or vitality, try Maguire's Quinine and Iron Cordial and it will soon restore you to health, strength and energy.

THE most elegant retail liquor department in America is Bleyer's, Fifth and Market.

NORTH ST. LOUIS.

The Red Cross Literary Club are arranging for an evening reception.

The congregation of the Second Lutheran Church will watch the old year out and the new one in.

The officers elect of Hyde Park Council, No. 4, Legion of Honor, will be installed next Thursday night at Garfield Hall, Thirteenth and Wright streets.

Mr. Joseph Hafner, the sash, door manufacturer, returned from Wisconsin yesterday evening. The foundation for Hafner's new Planing-mill has been laid.

The Koons Bro.'s planing mill, Second street and Bremen avenue, has shut down for repairs. The mill will be idle a week, and during the time the new engine will be put in.

Columbia Council, American Legion of Honor, met last night and elected the following officers: Commander, Adolph Dietz; vice-commander, Mrs. Annie Kruer; orator, Stanley Benedict; secretary and collector, Chas. H. Linck; treasurer, Fred W. Walkenhirst; chaplain, Philip Warenecke; guide, Wm. Pittroff; warden, Anton Peine; sentry, C. W. Heine; trustees, Adolph Deitz, A. Kruger and Frank Mile. Election of representative to grand council laid over until next meeting.

GENTS' RAILROAD EDGE, BUTTON.

PRICE $2.50.

Good heavy double sole, with full Scotch edge. Fitted and tasted as well as the higher price goods, and wear first-class.

J. C. BRANDT, 504 and 506 Franklin Avenue.

AT THE OLD STAND.

Tom Allen Back in St. Louis and Ready to Resume Business.

Hale as Ever, He is Anxious to Fight but Objects to Glove Contests.

Tom Allen surprised his old friends by dropping in upon them last evening. It is six years ago since he left St. Louis, and he returns looking as hale and hearty as the day he departed. He is as straight as ever, and there is the same bright look in his eyes. Asked as to how he felt, he replied that he was as well as ever in his life, barring a sore throat, the result of a slight cold. The story which went the rounds to the effect that Rooke had knocked him out easily was mentioned, and in response to the query as to how that happened, he laughed and said: "Why man, there was no knockin' out there. It was a friendly set-to with soft gloves, and before we went at it it was understood we should go light. The people howled at Rooke and then at me, but bless you we weren't goin' to give 'em a two dollar show for fifty and seventy-five cents. When we were windin' up my foot went through a plank of the stage and I fell heavily. Then the crowd yelled and the reporters sent out word that I was knocked out, but bless you there was no knockin'."

"You think, then, you could hold your own with Rooke?"

"Why, bless you, easily," said Mr. Allen. "Out here they say Cleary, of Philadelphia, is the best man in the country, barring Sullivan."

"Don't you believe it. I set to with him just after the meetin' with Rooke, and he isn't nearly as clever as George."

"What do you think of Sullivan?"

"He's a stout young fellow, but bless you, he won't fight. He'd be

A FOOL IF HE DID,

for he can make twice the money at knockin' out. I'd meet Sullivan, but he won't meet me. It wouldn't pay him to do so."

Tom was asked what he intended doing out here, but was very reticent on this point. It appears, however, that the Mace or the latter's promoter has sent him by a gentleman who was at his back in nearly all the old fights. This gentleman intended setting Tom up in business here, as a saloon keeper, and if he will challenge any man in the world to fight for any sum and the championship. He will not expect an an answer from Sullivan, but hopes to hear from the backer of Mace or the latter's protege. The battle-ground to be chosen in the event of such a fight taking place, will be in the Indian Nation, on the line of the M., K. & T. road, a day's ride from St. Louis. This point will be selected for the purpose of avoiding police interference and to do away with the prospects of a "barney." The manager of the match, should it is made, will expect a larger attendance than if the fight was to take place on sacred soil, and while the Eastern cities may not be well represented, the big western towns will be expected to furnish large delegations. That Allen means fight there is no doubt. The poor record made by him with the gloves since als return, he says, is the result of his own indifference, for, like all

OLD MEN AT THE BUSINESS,

he prefers work with the bare fists to either hard or soft gloves.

In Chicago Allen received a pretty rough deal. He says that up there 'the Parson' and a few others wanted him to indulge in a hippodrome with Elliot, but he referred to be a party to any such affair. Then 'the Parson' and a lot of others spread the report that he was on a big spree, had become a total wreck and all that sort of thing.

"Who spread the report that you were played out and not even a match for Rooke?" the reporter asked.

"Joe Elliott, the old fellow who writes for the New York Herald, started that story," said Tom. "He's had it in for me for something or other."

Wrestling—Bauer Wants to Meet Muldoon.

Theobaud Bauer, who is to wrestle a match with Fred Mueller at Eshers' Theater this evening, was the first to introduce Greco-Roman wrestling in this country. Bauer came to America from France ten years ago with a company of wrestlers, who for a long time made St. Louis their headquarters. Of late lot, Bauer was the best wrestler, not a single one of his opponents being able to throw him. At a tournament held in this city seven years ago Bauer defeated Engelbert, the Oak of the Rhine, and Christol, Miller and Schraeder. The belt he won then he wears to-day. This company of Bauer's clung together for a little while and then drifted apart. Bauer made a trip to the far East and West and then crossed to Europe. Wherever he went he took part in wrestling matches, but never met his master at the Græco-Roman style. Returning to New York he made a match with Bibby, the English champion, and defeated him after a hard struggle. At a benefit given to one of the New York wrestlers, Bauer threw in succession such good men as Barney Goodwin, Pat McKay, Frank Tweed and Big John Ryan, of Hackensack. The latter, not satisfied with his defeat, challenged the Frenchman at side holds, and the latter accepted, but not being an expert at that game, Ryan threw him easily. There being no more matches to be made in the East, Bauer came West again and located in Cincinnati. About this time Muldoon, who had been away from the metropolis, returned there, and hearing of Bauer's great doings, sent a challenge to the Frenchman. They met for $1,000 a side in the Coliseum, at Cincinnati, two weeks ago tonight. Bauer

WON TWO FALLS

and Muldoon scored the same number. Then came the final struggle, which lasted for thirteen minutes. At the expiration of that time Bauer's head was upon the ground and Muldoon was working hard to make his shoulders touch the floor. The Frenchman says he failed to make them touch, but the referee called a fall and Muldoon was declared the winner of the match. The struggle is said to have been a terrific one, and while the men were locked together the most intense excitement prevailed. Nearly all had seen Muldoon wrestle before, but this was the first time they had ever seen him meet a foeman worthy of his steel. Bauer was never satisfied with the result of this match, and now wants to wrestle the solid man again. He has many friends in St. Louis, and among them are gentlemen willing to back him for a large sum against Muldoon, so a match between the two is looked for. If it is made Bauer will go into training at Coal Herbert's place and Tom Kelly will help him get in condition. Bauer looks upon his match with Mueller to-night as a sort of sparring with very large plums in the middle, but his opponent is the very pink of confidence, so that a good hard tussle may be the result of their meeting.

OLD men, tottering from Rheumatism, or with Kidney troubles, made newby using Hop Bitters.

Poker Checks,

Seventy-five cents to $3 per 100, at Ed. Wright's, 314 Vine street.

SEVENTEEN brands of mineral waters. Bleyer, Fifth and Market streets.

THE LUXURY OF DOING GOOD.

If you intend treating yourself to a new suit or overcoat, we have just what you need. If it is a Dressing Gown, House Coat or Swallow-Tail Coat for yourself or some one else, here is the place to find it. Ladies can pick up in our Furnishing Department various articles suitable for presents, such as Neckwear, Gloves, Fancy Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, fine Umbrellas, etc., etc.

In Boys' attire we keep almost everything—Clothes, Underclothes, Collars, Sleeve Buttons, as fine sorts as anybody wants, and as cheap as are worth buying. If you have no boy of your own and want to make some poor lad happy, a few dollars invested here will keep a little fellow warm the rest of the winter, and send a glow of pleasure through your own heart as you enjoy the festivities of the JOYOUS NEW YEAR.

Electric Light. Open till 10 o'clock to-night.

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LEGAL.

Assignees' Notices.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND—A second dividend of ten per cent on the allowed claims against the Christian Manufacturing Company has been declared, and is payable on demand.

S. H. GORDON,
As Assignee, 919 Olive street, room 12.

St. Louis, December 22, 1882.

A TRANQUIL TERRITORY.

Arizona Rustlers and Redskins Reduced to Law and Order.

An interesting party, consisting of the Hon. George Ouray, delegate to Congress from Arizona Territory, Mrs. Oury, Miss Oury, Mrs. George C. Smith and two daughters, of Arizona, and Miss Nellie Pettibone, of Louisiana, Mo., arrived at the Hotel Barnum yesterday. Mr. Oury, who is on his way to Washington, D. C., will leave for the Capital to-night, and will be accompanied by all the party except Mrs. Oury, who remained in conversation with a POST-DISPATCH reporter this morning. Mr. Oury stated that several bills were pending in Congress of interest to Arizona and that he believed they would receive favorable consideration during the present session.

"I believe you have already introduced a bill to have Arizona admitted as a State?" the reporter asked.

"Yes, sir, but I hardly expect the present Congress to pass upon the question. The Forty-eighth Congress will, I believe, admit Arizona to the sisterhood of States."

"How are your mining interests being developed,"

"If they continue to grow as they are now doing Arizona will, in another year, produce more bullion than any other State or Territory in the Union. She is second now to Colorado and before twelve months pass she will be in the lead."

"How about cattle raising?"

"The business is constantly increasing. Immigration is fast occupying our lands and settlers are thriving."

"There is not so much talk now about the 'Rustlers' as there used to be. Has the cowboy been suppressed?"

"The published accounts of troubles with the cowboys were always more or less exaggerated. It is true that they are at times a turbulent set of fellows, but they have never been as black as they have been painted. Certainly no such terrorism prevailed on their account as was described as existing around Tombstone about a year ago. The people in that part of the Territory are abundantly able to suppress riotous outbreaks on the part of cowboys or any other class of people, and when they took the trouble in hand they very soon put an end to it. We shall hear of no more such accounts of rioting rustlers as were published at that time."

"How are the Indians behaving?"

"They are quiet. Simon Geni, Crooks took charge of the troops in the Territory the Indians at the San Carlos Agency have been kept in subjection, and no fears are entertained of an outbreak. Altogether the territory presents an inviting field for the emigrant, and its population, now increasing rapidly, will soon prove the strongest argument in favor of its being raised to the dignity of a State.

FOREMAN & DYER, Jonesburg, Mo., say: "The sales of Brown's Iron Bitters are good and give excellent satisfaction."

A DENTIST'S INNOVATION.

Graphic Manner In which Tooth-Carpenters now Present Their Bills.

A gentleman this morning showed a POST-DISPATCH reporter a bill rendered to him by a St. Louis dentist for work done upon the teeth of one of his boys, which was accompanied by an ingenuous diagram, which at a glance indicated the amount and nature of the tooth-carpentering executed. Lithographed in neat style is an exact diagram of the interior of a mouth showing the 32 permanent teeth, numbered from 1 to 32, and so arranged that when folded on a dotted line, the twelve upper teeth and twenty lower teeth are in the same position as in the mouth. The patient who is to have teeth filled is seated in the chair, while the dentist with his reflecting glass carefully examines with red ink on the diagram of each tooth the exact shape of the "filling." As the work is done, the amount of gold, silver, platinum or zinc used is marked on the diagram, and a single glance at it indicates exactly what has been done. A smaller diagram suppressing the twenty-four deciduous teeth, "milk teeth" they are called by mothers, and they are lettered from A to T. Nothing is ever done to these teeth but to extract them, the operation being indicated on the diagram by red ink blots. Some dentist or got this thing up and secured a copyright for it and the dentists generally are adopting it. It has been suggested that the plan of thus correctly indicating what has been done, may also be introduced among the surgeons. For instance, before the man of saws and lances commences an operation upon a mangled leg, for instance, he could have a photograph of the patient taken, which he should label "before." After the leg has been neatly sawed off and dressed, another photograph to be marked "after," would clearly indicate the nature and extent of the operation.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF NEW YEAR CARDS AT THE NEW BOOK STORE!

N. W. COR. FIFTH AND PINE.

Prof. W. S. Carver, the well-known Pen Artist, will remain at our store until after New Years, and write your cards while you wait for them.

POST-DISPATCH NEW DRESS

Was made by the

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BOSTON, MASS.

PHELPS, DALTON & CO.,

Proprietors.

EVERYBODY Should Read Carefully.

BETTER THAN PILLS or other purgative medicine

TROPIC FRUIT LAXATIVE

THE DOSE IS SMALL, THE ACTION IS PROMPT. THE TASTE IS DELICIOUS. LADIES AND CHILDREN LIKE IT.

One trial proves its extraordinary curative value.

TRY A 25 CENT BOX. Sold by all Druggists

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1882.

Principal Events in the World's History During the Dying Year.

Wars, Assassinations, Disasters--Political--Labor Troubles and Other Pangs of the Past Twelve Months.

The following is a record of the principal events which have happened during the year 1882:

JANUARY.

January 13—Collision between passenger trains on the Hudson River Railroad, near Spuyten Duyvil; eight persons killed, including Webster Wagner, New York State Senator.

January 16—Railroad accident at New Albin, Ia.; twenty-one persons killed.

Congress passed resolution of thanks to the Khedive of Egypt for the gift of Cleopatra's needle. The Italian Senate passed the Reform bill, entitling all to vote who can read and write.

Conclusion of a treaty of peace between Bolivia and Chili, the former surrendering her territory along the coast and seven-ing relations with Peru. Imperial rescript addressed to the Prussian ministry, asserting the constitutional right of the King to direct personally the policy of the Goveroment.

January 25—Guiteau, assassin of President Garfield, found guilty of murder and sentenced to be hanged June 30.

January 30—Reservoir at Calais burst, drowning twelve persons.

January 31—The Potter building, New York, formerly occupied by the World, burned; six lives lost.

FEBRUARY.

February 3—Explosion in the Midlothian, Va., coal mine; thirty-two men killed.

February 6—Loss of the British steamer Cosma in the Black Sea; twenty-seven lives lost.

February 10—Steamship Bahama, Porto Rico for New York, foundered; the Captain and nineteen lives lost.

February 17—Colliery explosion at Trion-don Grange, Durham, England; loss of seventy lives.

February 17—Explosion of fireworks factory at Chester, Pa.; fourteen lives lost. Business portion of Haverhill, Mass., destroyed by fire; loss of $2,000,000. The Senate passed the Edmunds anti-polygamy bill February 16th, and a bill for relief of Mrs. Lincoln; immediate grant of $15,000 and pention increased to $5,000. Gov. Cameron, of Virginia vetoed the anti-cueling bill passed by the General Assembly. British Parliament opened.

February 7—Bradlaugh presented himself to be sworn in, but was prevented on motion of Sir Stafford Northcote. The French Chamber of Deputies rejected the Government bill for revision of the Constitution, including the provision for scrutin de liste. The Gambetta element in the ministry resigned and a new Cabinet was formed.

February 23—Russian steamer Vesta sunk in collision in the Black Sea; all hands lost.

February 27—Coal mine explosion at Leoben, Styria; 150 persons killed.

MARCH.

March 2—Collier wrecked off Yarmouth, England; 23 men drowned. Ferryboat crossing the lagoon of Lagos, Western Africa, capsized; 47 lives lost.

March 6—Forty persons killed by the falling in of the shaft of a mine near Toplitz, Bohemia. Great overflow of the Mississippi river and tributaries, causing great destruction of life and property. By official report it appeared that 85,000 persons had been rendered destitute by the floods. Subscriptions were opened in all parts of the country. The Senate voted an appropriation of $100,000 for the relief of the sufferers; the House voted for $150,000.

March 9—The Senate passed the bill to suspend Chinese immigration to the United States for twenty years.

March 14—Senator Edmunds' anti-polygamy bill passed the House. The President, February 24th, nominated Oscoe Conkling for Associate Justice of the Supreme Court; and the Senate confirmed him. Conkling declined, and Judge Samuel Matchford was nominated. Ex-Senator Sarnt was nominated Minister to Germany; Cornelius A. Logan Minister to Chili, and John Russell Young Minister to China. The Texas Legislature passed a resolution amend the State Constitution so as to give suffrage to women. Dead-lock in Virginia Legislature broken February 21, the Re-adjusters being successful. Victoria was shot at by Roderick Maclean while crossing the platform of the Windsor Railway Station, March 2. Sullivan took the oath of office as a member of the House of Commons February 21, but was not permitted to take his seat. The next day he was expelled. A new election resulted in his return. March 6, the House of Commons reaffirmed its resolution denying Bradlaugh the privilege of taking the oath. A bill to exclude atheists from both houses of Parliament was introduced in the House of Lords. Baron De Worms stated in the British House that 201 Jewish women had been assaulted in Russia, 40 Jews killed, 70 Jews wounded, 20,000 persons rendered homeless and property of the value of $16,000,000 wrecked.

March 21—Emod in Hungary totally destroyed by fire; nine lives lost. Eight men killed by a collision on the Northern Pacific near Bismarck, D. T.

March 26—A life-boat to the rescue of a top off Havre capsized. Nineteen lives lost.

March 28—Eighteen lives lost by the sinking of a coasting steamer in the English Channel. Eleven men killed by an explosion in the Vulcan Powder Works. Steamer Thomas Cornell wrecked near Newburgh, N. Y.

March 29—The Ralston gin, near Lake St. John, La., destroyed by the flood and 120 negroes drowned.

March 30—Steamer Golden City burned at Memphis; thirty-five lives lost.

APRIL.

April 3—Steamer collision off Cape Finisterre, Spain; fifty lives lost.

April 18—Explosion at the Black Horse Colliery, Sunderland. Loss of the United States ship Rodgers, burned and sunk a wreck-ing for the Jeannette survivors. Twelve persons killed and property destroyed by a tornado in the Western States. Boiler of the steamer Bella Mac exploded near Brownsville, Mo.; several lives lost. Prince Gortchakoff, Minister of Foreign Affairs for Russia, retires on account of ill health. Five hundred and thirty-one agrarian outrages are reported to the Irish Constabulary, including 2 murders, 30 cases of arson, 12 cases of firing. Massachusetts Prohibitory Liquor Bill defeated in the House; a tie vote. Anti-Chinese Bill, twenty years, passed the House; vetoed April 4; attempt to pass it over the veto defeated. April 17 another bill suspending Chinese immigration for ten years passed the House. The President approved the anti-polygamy bill.

MAY.

May 2—Seven men killed by an explosion in a colliery near Leeds, England.

May 5—Dispatch from Engineer Melville at the Lena Delta announcing discovery of the body of Lieut. De Long, of the Jeannette, and the remains of ten of his party.

May 11—Fire-damp explosion in Westphalia; 56 lives lost.

May 15—Fifty Turkish soldiers drowned in the Bosphorus; twelve persons drowned by the capsizing of a sail-boat in Lake Calumet, Ill.

May 16—Report of 120 lives lost in a cyclone at McAllister, Indian Territory. Mississippi improvement bill passed the Senate. Tariff Commission bill passed House and Senate. Apache Indians in Arizona took the war-path and massacred the white settlers; outbrerk quelled by the military. Earl Cowper resigned as Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland, and Earl Spencer took his place. Lord Frederick Cavendish, Chief Secretary for Ireland in place of W. E. Forster, resigned, and Thos. Henry Burke. Under Secretary, assassinated in Phœnix Park.

May 6—Prince Leopold, of England, married to Princess Helena of Waldeck, at St. George's Chapel, Windsor. Political massacres resumed at Mandalay; King Theebaw put to death an inferior wife, two half-sisters, the Chancellor of the Exchequer and fifty relatives. President Arthur signed the anti-Chinese bill, ten years.

May 24—Coal mine explosion at Shenandoah, Pa.; six men killed.

May 30—Railroad collision near Heidelberg, Germany; eight persons killed.

JUNE.

June 1—Twenty persons burned to death in Poor-house at Osthammer, Sweden.

June 4—Schooner Industry capsized on Lake Michigan; all hands lost.

June 13—British steamer Pera foundered off Cape Race; eleven men lost.

June 15—Eleven persons drowned by flood at Winchester, Ky.

June 18—Cyclone passed over Grinnell, Iowa, destroying half the town and killing more than one hundred persons. Geneva award for distribution of unappropriated moneys passed Senate. River and harbor appropriation $17,367,675 passed the House. England and France required the temporary removal of Arabi Bey from Egypt with retention of rank and pay and the resignation of the Ministry. The Ministry rejected the ultimatum and resigned. Complete anarchy followed, with great excitement. The army insisted on Arabi Bey's reinstatement, and he was reappointed. On Sunday, June 11, riots broke out in Alexandria between hostile natives and Europeans, and 340 of the latter were killed. Many Europeans left the country. The Khedive left Cairo and went to Alexandria. Ragheb Pasha undertook the formation of a new ministry.

June 29—Long Branch express on Central Railroad of New Jersey ran off the bridge across Parker's Creek; five passengers killed. Eleven men drowned lowering a life-boat near mouth of the Tyne, England.

June 30—Charles J. Guiteau, assassin of President Garfield, hanged in the corridor of the jail at Washington, D. C.

JULY.

July 4—Excursion steamer Sciota collided with tug boat near Mingo Junction, Ohio; fifty-nine lives lost.

July 12—House struck by lightning at Texarkana, Ark.; thirty persons crushed to death beneath the walls.

July 13—Railroad train ran off the track near Tcherny, Russia; 178 passengers killed. The Repression of Crime in Ireland bill passed the House of Commons July 7th and the Lords July 11th; royal assent day following. John Bright resigned July 14th as a member of the British Cabinet on account of his opposition to the Egyptian policy.

Prohibitory liquor law amendment to the constitution passed by people of Iowa, June 27, by a majority of 29,751. The Egyptian crisis reached a climax early in July. On the 6th Admiral Seymour, of the British fleet, demanded stoppage of earthworks defending the city of Alexandria. The Sultan telegraphed, holding the Khedive and Ministry responsible for the consequences. The conference agreed on a formal invitation to the Porte to intervene in Egypt and urged a reply by the 12th of July. Admiral Seymour meanwhile demanded temporary surrender of the fortifications within twelve hours under the penalty of bombardment. The surrender was refused and the British fleet opened fire on Alexandria July 11. The bombardment was continued throughout that day and was resumed the following morning. At noon a flag of truce was hoisted, under cover of which the Egyptians fled from the city. They opened the prisons and released the convicts, who set fire to the buildings and committed frightful atrocities. Hundreds of Europeans were massacred and their houses pillaged.

July 19—Great fire in Smyrna, destroying 1,400 houses.

July 21—Forty-seven persons drowned by floods in Bohemia.

AUGUST.

August 7—Boiler of steamer Gold Dust exploded on the Ohio River, near Hickman, Ky.; seventeen lives lost. Congress adjourned, sine die, August 8th, after sitting 247 days; 251 public acts, 233 private acts and 84 joint resolutions became laws. Bill to pay the widow Garfield $50,000 passed the Senate July 22d. The President vetoed the River and Harbor bill August 1, and both Houses passed the bill over the veto the next day. Defeat in Tennessee of the proposition to call a constitutional convention.

July 23—The Khedive dismissed Arabi Pasha from the office of Minister of War August 15. Gen. Sir Garnet Wolseley arrived at Alexandria, and he issued a proclamation, declaring the sole object of the British to be the restoration of the Khedive's authority. The Khedive issued two decrees, one authorizing the British Admiral and Commander of the troops to occupy forts on the Isthmus of Suez, and the other authorizing the British authorities to prevent importation of coal and munitions of war along the coast between Alexandria and Port Said. The Porte consented to participate in the conference of the Powers and a collective police supervision of the Suez Canal was decided upon.

July 20—The French Ministry resigned on account of an overwhelming defeat on the vote of credit for protection of the Suez Canal.

August 28—Hailstorm near Pesth, Hungary, destroying lives, houses, vineyards, etc.

SEPTEMBER.

September 4—Railroad train running from Freiburg to Colmar left the track near Huggstetten, Germany; many lives lost.

September 9—British bark Canoma, from Sunderland for Java, foundered at sea; all hands lost.

September 14—Steamer Asia, from Collingwood for French River, foundered near Owen Sound, Lake Huron; nearly 100 lives lost. Arkansas election September 4, 28,000 plurality for Democrats; Vermont, September 5, Republicans 20,000 majority; Maine, September 11, Republican plurality nearly 9,000. War in Egypt ended September 15, one month from date of Gen. Wolseley's landing at Alexandria. The British seized the Suez Canal August 20, and began a rapid march from Ismailia for the interior. At Magfar and Kassassin Lock the Egyptians were defeated with great loss. September 13th Arabi's army was utterly routed, and Tel-el-Kebir and Zagazig were captured. The British entered Cairo on the 14th, and were received with enthusiasm. Arabi Pasha, who had fled to the city and who had been arrested by the Egyptian police, was turned over to the British. The steamer Hope, which left England in June in search of the steamer Eira, picked up the crew of that vessel in Matotshkin Strait, Nova Zembia, August 3. Insurrection in Corea instigated by the ex-Regent. All the royal inmates of the palace excepting the King were murdered.

September 22—Collision between the Portchester special and Harlem Rapid Transit trains in the Fourth avenue tunnel, New York; three lives lost.

September 23—Thirty soldiers drowned by fall of a railroad bridge over the River Drave.

September 30—Steamer Robert E. Lee burned on the river below Vicksburg; twenty-one lives lost.

OCTOBER.

October 7—Tidal waves in Panama, drowning about seventy persons.

October 17—Steamer City of Antwerp sunk in a collision near Eddystone; fourteen lives lost. Alexander H. Stephens elected Governor of Georgia, October 4, by 50,000 majority. On October 10 the Democrats carried Ohio and the Republicans made large gains in West Virginia; one thousand polygamists disfranchised in Utah Territory.

September 23—Egyptian Rebellion disposed of by the surrender of Damietta. The Khedive returned to Cairo September 25. Turco-Greek difficulty settled by order from the Sultan for immediate surrender to Greece of the whole frontier fixed by the International Commission. Six hundred Jewish families obliged to leave Presburg, Hungary, on account of anti-Jewish riots. Adverse report on the channel tunnel scheme. Police Agent Priene, a friend of the Nihilist Committee, assassinated in church at Smolenski.

October 14—Prince of Wales threatened with assassination by Brookshaw, a commercial traveler. Jurors in the Star Route case make affidavit of attempts to influence their verdict.

October 30—Gen. Mabry killed by Thos. O'Connor, a banker, at Knoxville, Tenn. Joseph Mabry, Jr., avenges his father's death and is killed himself.

October 22—Collision in the North Adams, Mass., freight yard; boiler of locomotive burst, killing eight men.

October 24—Attempt to assassinate King Milan of Servia in the Cathedral at Belgrade by the widow of Col. Markowich, executed in 1878; incendiary work of the Nihilists on the Neva; destruction of the Laye lumber yards. Manilla, Philippine Islands, destroyed by a cyclone.

October 25—Bi-centenary celebration of the landing of William Penn at Philadelphia.

October 30—Steamer Gulf of Panama, from Japan to Bremen, stranded off Zuiderhaaks; twenty-two persons drowned. Labor troubles at Lyons, France; all points guarded by troops.

October 29—Sir Garnet Wolseley lands at Dover and is received with enthusiasm.

October 31—Destruction of the Park Theater, New York, by fire the night announced for the debut of Mrs. Langtry. Insurrection in Soudan; Egyptian Government asks for British aid to suppress it. The Massini Theater at Barcelona destroyed by fire.

NOVEMBER.

November 2—Longfellow memorial meeting in London for placing a bust in Westminster Abbey. Deadly combat between soldiers and citizens at Ashland, Ky.; attempt to lynch the prisoners repulsed; three men killed. Mrs. Dr. Seguin, of New York, insane, killed her three children and committed suicide.

November 5—Great conflagration at Ulcaborg, Russia; the city partially destroyed.

November 7—State elections in New York, Pennsylvania and Massachusetts Democratic by enormous majorities; Gov. St. John badly defeated in Kansas; Cleveland, Pattison and Butler elected. Thirty-one paupers in the asylum at Halifax, N. S., roasted alive; fearful conflagration.

November 8—Terrific colliery explosion at Clay Cross, Derbyshire, England; fifty lives lost. Destruction by fire of the Government buildings, Sydney, New South Wales.

November 10—Herbert Spencer, the English philosopher, entertained at a banquet in New York.

November 11—Attempt to assassinate Judge Lawson, at Dublin.

November 13—Boiler explosion in a Cleveland rolling mill; five men killed. Unknown steamer sunk in a collision with the Hamburg-American Line steamer Westphalia, off the English coast; all on board lost.

November 14—Birth of a princess at Madrid.

November 17—Patrick Casey convicted at Dublin of the murder of the Joyce family. Review in London of the British troops from Egypt by Queen Victoria.

November 25—District Marshal Henry, Postmaster Linger, Assistant Parker, Foreman Blein and Commissioner Spencer, all Star-Route sympathizers removed from office by the President. Schooner Collingwood lost in a storm on Lake Michigan; captain and five of the crew drowned.

November 27—Train on the North Scottish Railroad falls through a bridge at Fyvie, Aberdeenshire; fourteen passengers killed. Steamer Cambrian, from Nantes, sunk in collision in the Brittish Channel; fourteen lives lost.

November 29—Disastrous floods in Germany; rising of the Rhine; great destruction of life and property at Coblentz and Mayence.

DECEMBER.

December 1—Wreck of steamship Cedar Grove on Walker's Reef, Cape Island; several lives lost. Frank Frayne, the actor, accidentally kills Annie Von Behren on the stage at Cincinnati.

December 4—Opening of the second session of the Forty-seventh Congress at Washington, D. C.

December 7—First severe spell of winter weather throughout the country. Great fire in London; Wood street wholesale warehouse district; $5,000,000 damages.

December 11—The Town Hall of Dumbarton, Scotland, burned to the ground. Boiler explosion at Shawneetown, Ill.; nine persons killed.

December 12—Destruction by fire of the business portion of Kingston, Jamaica; loss, $20,000,000.

December 13—Lord Derby enters the British Cabinet as Secretary for India. Fall of a bridge on the Mexican Pacific extension of the Sunset route; seven men killed.

December 14—Depot and wharf of the Manhattan Beach Railroad at Bay Ridge, N. Y., destroyed by fire.

December 14—Destructive fire at Hampton Court Palace, near London.

December 15—Murderers of the Joyce family executed in Ireland.

December 16—Terrific explosion in the Canton, Ill., Agricultural Works; eight men killed.

December 17—Town of Newport, Ark., destroyed by fire.

December 18—Great fire at Canton, China; 800 houses and several lives destroyed. Collision on the Little Miami, Panhandle Road; engineer and three postal clerks killed.

December 19—Evacuation of Tonquin by the Chinese.

December 21—Suspension of the City Bank of Rochester, N. Y. The president's indebtedness on account of speculations over $250,000.

December 22—Extensive conflagration at Buffalo, N. Y. The Commercial Advertiser building destroyed.

December 23—Twenty miners killed by fall of the cage in a mine at Hardenburg, Prussia. Leon and Armand Peltzer, murderers of Bernays, convicted and sentenced to death at Brussels. Twenty-four Socialists sentenced at Prague, five acquitted. Theresa Sturla, the woman who shot Charles Stiles at Chicago, sentenced to one year at Joliet.

December 24—Front-end collision of two trains on the St. Louis division of the Wabash road near Decatur; conductor and engineer killed. Capt. A. C. Nutt, cashier of the Pennsylvania State Treasury, killed by N. L. Dukes, member-elect of the Legislature.

December 25—Bishop Benson accepts the Archbishopric of Canterbury.

December 26—Arabi Pasha and other revolutionary leaders exiled. Railroad collision near Slate Creek bridge, Bath county, Ky.; several lives lost.

December 28—Overflow of the Rhine and tributaries; great destruction of property from Lake Constance to Cologne; twenty lives lost.

December 28—Steamship New England wrecked in Clarence River, New South Wales; all on board lost. Fall of a chimney at Bradford, Yorkshire, England; thirty-six operatives killed and fifty injured.

Curious Notes in Matrimony.

W. J. McLane, a Concho county, Texas, land-owner, took his bride home in a wagon, a trip of 150 miles.

Alfred Jenkins, of Stokes county, N. C., weaned of his bride before he had finished, the honeymoon, sold her to a neighbor, Noah Glidewell, for $50, sold his farm and moved away.

The next night after his wedding, James Sidely, of Mascotah, Kas., went to a saloon to celebrate the event. His wife followed with a pistol, blazed away at her lord, missed his head by a few inches, and, he says, spoiled his pleasure for the evening.

To win Mary Brown's consent to be his wife, Emory Thomas, of Jackson, Mich., presented her with a silk dress. When she learned it was part of the booty of a burglary she gave testimony against him that sent him to prison. She afterward relented, and a few days ago the prison chaplain joined them in wedlock.

AMUSEMENTS.

Attractions at the Various Theaters Next Week.

"Esmeralda" and "The Professor"--"Squatter Sovereignty" and "Hearts of Oak."

The holiday week at the theaters brought the usual run of patronage and the attractions offered were of more than ordinary quality. At the Olympic Mr. Jefferson and his excellent comedy company, including Mrs. John Drew, appeared in "The Rivals" and the "Poor Gentleman" to large and appreciative houses. Mr. Jefferson's engagement concludes to-day with two performances of "Rip Van Winkle." At the People's little Minnie Palmer and the Rogers' Company, including T. J. Hawkins and Robert E. Graham, entertained large audiences with "My Sweetheart." The spectacular production, "The World" was furnished as the holiday-week bill at the Grand Opera-house, marking a second season here with substantial results. Oliver Doud Byron and his company played to a good business at Pope's

In the musical world the event of the week was the rendition of "The Messiah" by the Choral Society at the Mercantile Library Hall on Thursday evening. The performance was in every respect creditable to the society. Last evening the McCullough Dramatic Club presented "The Cricket on the Hearth" at the Pickwick to a fashionable audience.

POPE'S.

The original Madison Square Company in Gillette's comedy, "The Professor," returns to Pope's next week, commencing with the usual New Year's matinee. "The Professor" has had a remarkable run this season, and it is this time much improved and with a stronger company. The original scenery, including the brook scene, will be presented. The story is as follows: Daisy Browne is the name of a pretty young girl who lived in the solitude of the White Mountains. One day an awkward but handsome professor strayed into the woods hunting for specimens. In a wild and tangled glen he met this quaintly interesting maiden. The dark-haired Daisy had a very wicked father, who wished to sell her to a wicked old man for his money. The professor became her teacher and friend, and did all he could to save her from the clutches of her naughty father. About this time her brother, who had not seen her since she was a little girl, came to woods with a party of young girls from Boston. The brother did not recognize Daisy Browne as his sister, consequently he too fell in love with the little wood nymph, and the result was that the Professor of trigonometry and acute angles felt very melancholy and wanted to die.

The brother of course cannot marry his own sister. All is now clear for the Professor. Daisy Browne nestles confidingly in his bosom, and gives him her heart forever. The detective takes the wicked father off to jail. But this is not all, the pretty Boston girls also find lovers and there is joy all around.

The cast will be as follows: Arthur Hinsdale, A. M. Ph. D., Mr. W. H. Gillette; Mrs. Elliot, Mrs. Nellie Taylor; Daisy Brown, Miss Belle Jackson; Henry Marston, Mr. W. C. Cowper; Esthelle, Miss Lizzie Duroy; Grace Gay, Miss Blanche Weaver; Mr. Thomkins, Mr. Harry Allen; Gustavus, Mr. E. P. Wilks; Moses Brown, Mr. Charles W. Stokes; Mr. Beauregard, Mr. R. B. Graham; Annie Timms, Miss Lizade Le Baron; Susy Sundown, Miss Ella Southern; Fred Bangs, Mr. Ramsay Morris; Jack Topley, Mr. Geo. R. Roaler; Mollie Merry, Miss Rebel Thorn; Dottie Pinney, Miss Cora Macy; Minnie Moss, Miss Lida Lacey; Thomas, Mr. Jules Cafre; Sheriff, Mr. E. K. Marshall.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

The original Madison Square Theater Company will appear at the Grand Opera-house during the coming week in "Esmeralda," commencing with the matinee New Year's Day. The story runs as follows:

Elbert Rogers, an honest old North Carolina farmer, lived with his wife, Lyddy Ann, and his daughter Esmeralda, on a poor farm in one of the western counties of the State. The young girl was in love with Dave Hardy, a noble specimen of a Southern yoeman. Dave had secretly built him a little house for Esmeralda, and when the play opens he is just about telling Esmeralda's mother of his love for her daughter and his prospects in life. Mrs. Rogers, a shrewd, scheming mother, has reluctantly given consent to their marriage, when a Northern speculator appears upon the scene and proposes to buy the farm, all the while concealing the fact that it contains a valuable vein of iron ore. Mrs. Rogers, who "runs things generally," is about to dispose of the barren property at any price, when Dave Hardy, who has seen the speculator and his friend viewing the land and examining specimens, suddenly suspects that they are after the property for its mineral deposits. He snatches the deed from Mrs. Rodgers, who is about to deliver it, and exposes the scheme of the speculator. Mrs. Rogers then makes a new bargain, whereby the farm makes them millionaires. Her first act is to discard Dave, who would never do for the husband of her rich daughter. Esmeralda clings to Dave, who finally leaves her so as not to stand in the way of her education and advancement.

In the second, act the Rogers in Paris have formed the acquaintance of a young American painter and his sisters residing there. The Rogers family are living in luxury, and the mother is planning the marriage of Esmeralda to a French Marquis. The faithful girl clings fondly to her love for Dave, who has secretly followed her to Paris and is living there in poverty. He comes to the studio to sit as a model, and there meets a friend of the speculator, who tells him that the vein of ore on the Rogers land suddenly gave out and turned up on the farm where Dave had built his little house for Esmeralda, thus making him a very rich man.

In the next act Kind-hearted old Mr. Rogers tries to get the Marquis to give up his claim to Esmeralda, because she is breaking her heart for Dave. The Frenchman refuses. When Esmeralda discovers that Dave is in Paris, poor and hungry, she rejects the Marquis with scorn, defies her mother and fails fainting in her father's arms, going "back to North Carolina in spite of them all."

In the last act old Mr. Rogers, who has always given up to his wife, makes a stand and resolves to bring Esmeralda and Dave together, which he does. Mrs. Rogers now first finds out that her money was long since exhausted, and that Dave had been secretly furnishing the family with funds, and finally relents, and the curtain rises down with the "sun shining on the little house," where Dave and Esmeralda go to pass their honeymoon.

The following is the cast complete: Elbert Rogers, a North Carolina farmer, Mr. John E. Owens; Mrs. Rogers, "Mother, ye Know," Mrs. Kate Denin Wilson; Esmeralda, their daughter, Miss Annie Russell; Dave Hardy, a young North Carolinian, Mr. Ed. J. Buckley; Estabrook, an atmospheric artist, Mr. Charles Walcot; Jack Desmond, an American painter in Paris, Gene Wiley Presbrey; Marquis de Montessin, an adventurer, Mr. W. H. Pope; George Drew, a mining engineer, Mr. E. G. Spangler; Nora and Kate Desmond, Jack's sisters, Mrs. Chas. Walcot and Miss Louisa Dillon.

Miss Annie Russell, who plays the titular role is not quite seventeen years of age. John E. Owens gets $300 per week for playing Elbert Rogers. Souvenir programmes will be presented to every lady attending the 'Esmeralda" performances at the Grand Opera House next week.

THE PEOPLE'S.

At this popular house, commencing to-morrow evening, Ed. Harrigan's "Squatter Sovereignty" will be presented by M. W. Hanley's company. It has had a run of over 300 nights at Harrigan & Hart's Broadway Theater. The piece abounds in wholesome sparkling jollity. It will be presented here with the original cast and all the scenic and mechanical effects. Act I: "The Match" will be set in the Widow Nolan's Shanty. Act II: "The Brimstone Scene," laid in a drawing-room in Capt. Kline's mansion. Act III: "Ignition," with a view of Shantytown by moonlight. Artistic goats, pigs, chickens, the big telescope and the comical donkey are introduced on the stage.

THE OLYMPIC.

To-morrow evening and during the coming week the Olympic boards will be occupied by James A. Herne's "Hearts of Oak" Company. The attraction is so well known here that the mere announcement is sufficient. The "Hearts of Oak" is a popular production. It is presented by a good company, and will draw well.

CHRISTINE NILSSON.

Next Saturday evening Mme. Christine Nilsson will appear in a grand concert at the Olympic. The distinguished artiste will be assisted by Miss Hope Glenn. M. Theodore Biorksten, Signor Del Puente and the Mendelssohn Quintette Club of Boston.

THE DIME MUSEUM.

The Dime Museum, Fourth and Walnut streets, offers as the special attraction next week a contest of hair beauty. Prizes are offered for the longest and most luxuriant growth of hair.

THE NATATORIUM.

The Natatorium, Nineteenth and Pine streets, is open Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings and on Saturday afternoon for skating exercise. The attendance is large and fashionable.

MOCK AUCTIONS IN NEW YORK.

Where Twelve Boxes of Cigars Are Sold for Six Dollars, You Know.

New York Letter in Cincinnati Enquirer.

A red flag and the gabble of an auctioneer drew my attention to a small store on my return to Chatham Square. I entered what was intended to be mistaken for a bankrupt cigar concern. Several show-cases were piled promiscuously on boxes, and smokers' utensils were tumbled on a shelf. A burly fellow scrutinized me covertly as I walked in. He was at the same time excluding some women of a kind which were thronging the street. The place was full of men, among them a number of stool-pigeons, for this sale was a fraud. One of the swindlers told me his regular lie, which was that the Sheriff had seized the stock and was shamefully sacrificing it. Then he pretended to buy twelve boxes for $6, in the expectation that I would bid the same for the next lot. If I had done so I would have found that I was buying a dozen at $6 apiece and could take my choice between losing that sum or $72. I made some casual remarks about the silliness of anybody who would permit himself to be fooled by so transparent a trick. That aroused bad feeling and I was loudly blackguarded out of the place.

"You'd better not make any trouble in there," said a policeman whom I had encountered before.

"You had better stop their swindling," I replied.

"Look here," and he scowled as he toyed with his club, "I don't allow no man to tell me my biz."

His "biz" was to protect that mock auction.

FASHION NOTES.

The Persian cloaks are sold for half the price they brought last spring.

Black silk beaded Jerseys are favorite waists for young ladies' black dresses.

Turbans with a fur band and gathered cloth crowns are worn with redingotes of cloth trimmed with fur.

Tan colored silk stockings are worn with the tan colored gloves that are part of many full dress toilets.

Dashes of red appear everywhere in the toilet, from the plumes on the bonnet to the "clocks" of black silk hose.

Real bullion embroidery decorates the dog collars of black velvet which are worn with low dress waists, and which greatly enhance the fairness of the complexion.

The fashionable fan is of large ostrich feathers, mounted with shell, amber, ivory or pearl, and ornamented with a bird with long tail plumage falling on the sticks.

The newest turbans of folded cloth, or velvet, are without brims, the folds reaching down to the hair, and are without trimming.

Brocaded flounces, with the figures of velvet raised on repped silk, are the elegant trimmings for the fronts of trained dresses of silk or velvet.

Theater bonnets are made of velvet, in small gathered puffs that begin in the middle of the crown, and are trimmed on the edge in front and back with frills of gold lace.

Floral buckles are used to catch up the folds of the drapery of evening dresses. These buckles are large and square, and are made of cardboard covered with silk; small flowers are then sewed thickly upon them.

Gold tinsel lace trims puffed white tulle skirts of ball dresses. The puffs of lace arranged alternately form the skirt over its silk lining. The pointed waist is of gold-colored satin edged at the neck and sleeves with lace.

New ball dresses are of shrimp-colored crepe de chine with white tulle flounces embroidered with white feathery floss. The low pointed bodice is of pomegranate red satin with high square neck and elbow sleeves, and is laced behind.

Straight English collars, with the points turned back in front, are made of black and colored velvet over a piece of stiff lining, and worn with a large jabot of cream-white lace that falls low on the dress waist and forms its only trimming.

Black satin does not lose its prestige for the long-trained dresses worn at small dinner parties. Jetted lace laid over pink or salmon surah trims the front of the waist and skirt. The sleeves are entirely of the jetted lace, the satin lining being omitted.

French gray cashmere combined with Ottoman velvet makes a charming dress for the house or street. The velvet skirt is plaited in hollow box-plaits; the cashmere waist is peaked in front, has short paniers attached, and the back in princess style with great fulness, made by raising the back of the skirt in box-plaits with erect heading high on the tournure.

Cloth costumes are made with two bodices; that for the house is a basque with vest collar and cuffs trimmed with cord gimp in designs of Gothic points; that for outdoor wear is a long pelisse with full plaiting at the back, trimmed with gimp twice the width of that of the basque. The skirt, which is to be worn with either of these bodices, is plain in front, falling on a balayeuse plaiting, and has all its fullness drawn to the back and massed in quadruple box-plaits.

The hair is dressed in the simplest manner with the most elaborate toilet; no false hair is worn. The Psyche knot at the back cannot be too small, but must not be braided. The front hair is combed straight back and the forehead is shaded by light and fluffy locks arranged in any irregular, unstudied way that is becoming; the forehead is less covered than formerly. The only ornaments worn are a panache of feathers, or some jeweled pin, or a comb of jewels.

RELIGIOUS.

What the Various Churches are Doing.

Sabbath Topics--Pastoral Movements--Old Year Sermons--Notes.

The religious notes of the week past and the doings in the churches to-morrow are epitomized in the notes appended:

PRESBYTERIAN.

On next Monday, New Year's Day, Dr. Niccolls and wife will receive their congregation at their home, 2651 Washington avenue.

On to-morrow morning Dr. Niccolls will preach a sermon specially appropriate to the occasion, the spirit of the discourse having for its illustration the closing of the year and the moral lesson to be drawn therefrom. In the evening Dr. Niccolls' theme will be the "The Solemn Warning."

Dr. C. C. Cooper, editor of the Evangelist, went to Cincinnati last night to spend New Year's with friends in that city. The arrangements for the publication of the Evangelist now enlarged from a sixteen page monthly to a twenty page weekly, have all been perfected. The first number of the paper in its new form will be issued January 1.

Ordination and installation of elders will take place at the North Presbyterian Church to-morrow evening. The ordinance of infant baptism will also be administered. The pastor, Rev. H. S. Williams, will preach in the morning appropriate to the last Sabbath day in the year. In the evening a lecture on "The Principal Events of the Year and Their Relations to the Progress of Christianity."

BAPTISTS.

Rev. Ira A. Cain, of Tahlequah, I. T., is in the city in the interest of the Indian University at that place.

A series of meetings will be held at the Park Avenue Baptist Church every evening during the next week, conducted by the pastor, Rev. Dr. Lofton.

Rev. Dr. Lofton will preach to-morrow morning on the subject, "God's Set Time to Bless Zion." In the evening he will preach from the subject, "The Pool of Bethesda."

To-morrow evening Rev. W. W. Boyd concludes the series of lectures upon "City Life," with a lecture upon the bright side of St. Louis, entitled "The Helps of Our City."

The Olivet Mission of the Second Baptist Church will enter, to-morrow afternoon, its renovated and improved chapel on North Benton street, near Jefferson avenue. Interesting services at 3 p. m.

An interesting feature of the Christmas service at the Second Baptist Church last Sunday morning was a generous collection, by which twenty families were provided on Monday with a full supply of provisions.

All members of the Second Baptist Church and congregation should attend the morning service to-morrow, as the souvenirs of the semi-centennial and the tickets of admission to the "Golden Sociable" will then be distributed.

The semi-centennial celebration of the Second Baptist Church will begin on Friday evening next, with a "Meeting of Consecration." On Saturday evening at 8 o'clock the "Golden Sociable" will be held, to which only those who have tickets will be admitted. On the following Sunday, January 7th, the golden anniversary will be observed by a special sermon from Rev. W. W. Boyd, in the forenoon, and a mass-meeting in the evening. Great interest is felt in the arrangements and everything is being done to make them grand occasions.

METHODIST (SOUTH.)

The Nashville Advocate has lately been enlarged to 20 pages.

On last Thursday evening the Sunday School of Centennary Church held their Christmas services, and a highly enjoyable and satisfactory evening was spent by young and old alike. At the close of the meeting Mr. George Baker, in behalf of the Sabbath School and Church, presented in a very happy address, an elegant and costly vase, containing flowers and fruits, to Mrs. Dr. W. V Tudor, wife of the pastor. Mrs. Tudor's labors both in the Sabbath school and church have been untiring and the occasion was one of the happiest.

The St. Louis Christian Advocate, the recognized organ throughout the west of the M. E. Church, South, is to be enlarged, within a few months, from a sixteen-page weekly to a 24-page weekly. The Board of Publication does not meet until the first Tuesday of February, when all the arrangements for the enlargement will be made. The Advocate has now the largest circulation of any denominational paper in the west, with one or two exceptions perhaps. Next week's number of the Advocate will appear in a slightly changed form, but then that will make it much more convenient. It will be trimmed and pasted.

Dr. McAnally will preach by special invitation for Rev. T. Hicks, at Association Hall, to-morrow morning and evening. Dr. McAnally, at his own urgent request, was relieved of all pastoral duty by the last conference; yet, though advanced in years and with the laborious duties as editor of the Advocate to perform, the habits of industry contracted through a wonderfully active career in the ministry of nearly sixty years, will not permit him to break away from the work all at once, and he has preached every Sabbath, since Conference, at least once, and frequently twice. Such instances of both mental and bodily vigor as that of Dr. McAnally are not common.

METHODIST.

Bishop Bowman will deliver his lecture on China and Japan in Union Church on January 4, at 8 p. m. Bishop Bowman is one the most eloquent and scholarly divines in this city. He graduated in early life at Dickinson College, was for several years principal of Cazanovia Seminary, and there for many years was president of Indiana Asbury University. He has twice visited the Orient on mission work, and has devoted his life to scientific and literary pursuits. All should hear this distinguished man.

At St. Luke's Church, corner of Potomac street and Texas avenue, to-morrow morning the pastor, Rev. Albert Jump, will preach on "Intemperance;

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And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be pub-
lished according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch,
a newspaper printed and published in the city of St.
Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City
of St. Louis, this 8th day of December, 1882.
(L. S.) 8M CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

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Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Friday, December 15, 1882.
Charles W. Simmons, Jr.,
vs.
Minnie B. Simmons.
No. 60,941.
Attachment.

It appearing from the affidavit this day filed that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, wherefore on motion of the plaintiff by attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and said defendant, on the ground that the defendant has absented herself from plaintiff for the space of one whole year, to wit, from the 12th day of March, 1881, to this date, and is guilty of desertion without cause, and has failed to perform her duties as the wife of the plaintiff.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 23d day of November, 1882.
(L. S.) 15J CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Friday, December 15, 1882.
Marinus Kleiner
vs.
Theophil Kleiner.

The plaintiff comes, by her attorney, and files a petition and affidavit herein from which the affidavit that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, wherefore, on motion of said plaintiff, by attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground of habitual drunkenness and indignities such as to render plaintiff's condition intolerable; that defendant has absented himself from plaintiff without reasonable cause for the space of more than one year next before the filing of said petition.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 12th day of December, 1882.
(L. S.) 60L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Friday, December 15, 1882.
Jeremiah Buckley, Mary Coughlin and Thomas Coughlin, her husband,
vs.
Nathaniel R. Thompson, William Thompson, Sarah Thompson, Charles Thompson and James F. Murray.
No. 60,938.

Now at this day, it appearing from the affidavit to the petition herein that the defendants Nathaniel R. Thompson and James F. Murray are non-residents of the State of Missouri, on motion of the plaintiffs, by their attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that defendant has absented himself from plaintiff without reasonable cause for more than one whole year next before the filing of said petition.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 12th day of December, 1882.
(L. S.) 58L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Thursday, December 7, 1882.
Charles P. Wonderly, Peter Wonderly, Sarah E. Calhan and Patrick H. Calhahan, her husband,
vs.
Nathaniel R. Thompson, William Thompson, Sarah Thompson, Charles Thompson and James F. Murray.
No. 60,938.

Now at this day, it appearing from the affidavit to the petition herein that the defendants Nathaniel R. Thompson and James F. Murray are non-residents of the State of Missouri, on motion of the plaintiffs, by their attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground of cruel and barbarous treatment, indignities and failure of support.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this sixteenth day of December, 1882.
(L. S.) 56L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Monday, December 11, 1882.
Mathew Pallen
vs.
Emma Pallen.

It appearing to the court from the petition herein, verified by affidavit, that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground of habitual drunkenness and indignities such as to render plaintiff's condition intolerable.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 11th day of December, 1882.
(L. S.) 37L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Monday, December 11, 1882.
Mathew Pallen
vs.
Emma Pallen.

It appearing to the court from the petition herein, verified by affidavit, that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground of habitual drunkenness and indignities such as to render plaintiff's condition intolerable.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 12th day of December, 1882.
(L. S.) 57L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
Frank K. Ryan, Attorney for Plaintiff. 35L

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Friday, December 15, 1882.
Martina Kleiner
vs.
Theophil Kleiner.

The plaintiff comes, by her attorney, and files a petition and affidavit herein from which the affidavit that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, wherefore, on motion of said plaintiff, by attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground of habitual drunkenness and indignities such as to render plaintiff's condition intolerable.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 15th day of December, 1882.
(L. S.) 61L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Friday, December 15, 1882.
Jeremiah Buckley, Mary Coughlin and Thomas Coughlin, her husband,
vs.
Nathaniel R. Thompson, William Thompson, Sarah Thompson, Charles Thompson and James F. Murray.
No. 60,938.

Now at this day, it appearing from the affidavit to the petition herein that the defendants Nathaniel R. Thompson and James F. Murray are non-residents of the State of Missouri, on motion of the plaintiffs, by their attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground of cruel and barbarous treatment, indignities and failure of support.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this sixteenth day of December, 1882.
(L. S.) 56L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Monday, December 11, 1882.
Laura M. Morton
vs.
George W. Morton.
No. 60,907.

It appearing to the court that an error was committed in publishing the order heretofore granted herein, and it further appearing from the affidavit herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant on the ground that defendant has absented herself from plaintiff without reasonable cause for more than one whole year next before the filing of said petition.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 12th day of December, 1882.
(L. S.) 60L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
October Term, 1882.
Thursday, December 7, 1882.
Elizabeth Wilson
vs.
James Wilson.
No. 59,228.

It appearing to the court from the return of the Sheriff of the City of St. Louis to the writ herein, that the defendant cannot be found in the city of St. Louis, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that defendant has absented himself from plaintiff without reasonable cause for the space of one year and more; and that he has been guilty of such conduct as to constitute him a vagrant within the meaning of the law relative to vagrancy; and that he has wholly neglected and pulled her half; and for the decree of this court giving her the custody and care of the minor child of said plaintiff and defendant, to-wit: Charles Wilson.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 15th day of December, 1882.
(L. S.) 63L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
Wm. Audre, Plaintiff's Attorney. 40L

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Monday, December 11, 1882.
John W. Garratt
vs.
The Jacksonville Car Company.
No. 60,277.
Attachment.

It appearing from the affidavit to the petition heretofore filed herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Illinois, wherefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney.

It is ordered that the defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against it for the sum of $7,388 90 on account of a promissory note dated February 1, 1882, and executed by defendant, payable to the order of plaintiff at sixty days after date; and that its property has been attached.

And unless it appear at the term of court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 13th day of December, 1882.
(L. S.) 41L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Friday, December 15, 1882.
Anton Bernhard
vs.
Pelagie Morin.
Attachment.

It appearing from the affidavit attached to the petition herein that the defendant is not a resident of this State, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney.

It is ordered that the defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment for damages in the sum of $800 and interest, caused the plaintiff by breach of covenant contained in a deed executed by plaintiff to plaintiff dated May 15th, 1878, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis city, in book 613, page 103, conveying a lot in block No. 31 of said city of St. Louis, beginning at a point 104 feet west of Second street 70½ feet south of Cedar street, thence running south 26¾ feet along said line of Second street; thence west and parallel with Cedar street 142 feet to an alley; thence northwardly along said alley 26¾ feet and thence east to the place of beginning, said breach of covenant consisting in a failure of title to a part of said land and plaintiff's eviction therefrom, and that her property has been attached.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer to the action aforesaid, according to law, judgment will be rendered against it, and its property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 12th day of December, 1882.
(L. S.) 59L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
October Term, 1882.
Thursday, December 14, 1882.
Edwin Porter,
vs.
Delilah C. Porter.

It appearing from the petition hereinafter filed herein, that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, wherefore, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground of adultery.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 15th day of December, 1882.
(L. S.) 62L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
October Term, 1882.
Thursday, December 7, 1882.
George J. Enderle
vs.
Antoine Roy.
No. 60,114.

It appearing from the affidavit to plaintiff's petition herein that the defendant is not a resident of the State of Missouri; therefore, on motion of said plaintiff by his attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him the object and general nature of which is to obtain partition of the following described premises, to-wit: Certain realty lying and situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit:

Lot No. nine (9) of Eller's survey, Carondelet, Motier's subdivision city block of said city, No. 2054, having a front of twenty-five feet on Second street, by a depth of that width of 137 feet eleven inches, more or less, to a twenty-foot alley, and bounded on the north by Paul Krasuow, east by said alley, south by Louis Illingworth and west by Second street; and for the decree of this court giving her the custody and care of the minor child of said plaintiff and defendant, to-wit: Charles Enderle.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 15th day of December, 1882.
(L. S.) 64L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Friday, December 15, 1882.
Anton Bernhard
vs.
Pelagie Morin.
Attachment.

It appearing from the affidavit attached to the petition herein that the defendant is no a resident of this State, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney.

It is ordered that the defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment for damages in the sum of $800 and interest, caused the plaintiff by breach of covenant contained in a deed executed by plaintiff to plaintiff dated May 15th, 1878, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis city, in book 613, page 103, conveying a lot in block No. 31 of said city of St. Louis, beginning at a point 104 feet west of Second street 70½ feet south of Cedar street, thence running south 26¾ feet along said line of Second street; thence west and parallel with Cedar street 142 feet to an alley; thence northwardly along said alley 26¾ feet and thence east to the place of beginning, said breach of covenant consisting in a failure of title to a part of said land and plaintiff's eviction therefrom, and that her property has been attached.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer to the action aforesaid, according to law, judgment will be rendered against it, and its property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 12th day of December, 1882.
(L. S.) 60L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
October Term, 18-2.
Thursday, December 7, 1882.
Elizabeth Wilson
vs.
James Wilson.
No. 59,228.

It appearing to the court from the return of the Sheriff of the City of St. Louis to the writ herein, that the defendant cannot be found in the city of St. Louis, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground of habitual drunkenness and indignities such as to render plaintiff's condition intolerable; that defendant has absented himself from plaintiff without reasonable cause for the space of one year next past.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 15th day of December, 1882.
(L. S.) 63L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
Wm. Audre, Plaintiff's Attorney. 40L

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Monday, December 11, 1882.
John W. Garratt
vs.
The Jacksonville Car Company.
No. 60,277.
Attachment.

It appearing from the affidavit to the petition heretofore filed herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Illinois, wherefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney.

It is ordered that the defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against it for the sum of $7,388 90 on account of a promissory note dated February 1, 1882, and executed by defendant, payable to the order of plaintiff at sixty days after date; and that its property has been attached.

And unless it appear at the term of court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 13th day of December, 1882.
(L. S.) 41L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Friday, December 15, 1882.
Anton Bernhard
vs.
Pelagie Morin.
Attachment.

It appearing from the affidavit attached to the petition herein that the defendant is no a resident of this State, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney.

It is ordered that the defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment for damages in the sum of $800 and interest, caused the plaintiff by breach of covenant contained in a deed executed by plaintiff to plaintiff dated May 15th, 1878, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis city, in book 613, page 103, conveying a lot in block No. 31 of said city of St. Louis, beginning at a point 104 feet west of Second street 70½ feet south of Cedar street, thence running south 26¾ feet along said line of Second street; thence west and parallel with Cedar street 142 feet to an alley; thence northwardly along said alley 26¾ feet and thence east to the place of beginning, said breach of covenant consisting in a failure of title to a part of said land and plaintiff's eviction therefrom, and that her property has been attached.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer to the action aforesaid, according to law, judgment will be rendered against it, and its property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 12th day of December, 1882.
(L. S.) 60L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
October Term, 1882.
Thursday, December 7, 1882.
George J. Enderle
vs.
Antoine Roy.
No. 60,114.

It appearing from the affidavit to plaintiff's petition herein that the defendant is not a resident of the State of Missouri; therefore, on motion of said plaintiff by his attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him the object and general nature of which is to obtain partition of the following described premises, to-wit: Certain realty lying and situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit:

Lot No. nine (9) of Eller's survey, Carondelet, Motier's subdivision city block of said city, No. 2054, having a front of twenty-five feet on Second street, by a depth of that width of 137 feet eleven inches, more or less, to a twenty-foot alley, and bounded on the north by Paul Krasuow, east by said alley, south by Louis Illingworth and west by Second street; and for the decree of this court giving her the custody and care of the minor child of said plaintiff and defendant, to-wit: Charles Enderle.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 15th day of December, 1882.
(L. S.) 64L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Friday, December 15, 1882.
Minna Beste
vs.
August Beste.
No. 59,950.

It appearing from the petition herein, verified by affidavit that the defendant is a non-resident of this State, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that defendant has absented herself from plaintiff without reasonable cause for the space of more than one year next before the filing of said petition.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 15th day of December, 1882.
(L. S.) 65L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
October Term, 1882.
Monday, December 11, 1882.
Laura M. Morton
vs.
George W. Morton.
No. 60,907.

It appearing to the court that an error was committed in publishing the order heretofore granted herein, and it further appearing from the affidavit herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that defendant has absented herself from plaintiff without reasonable cause for more than one whole year next before the filing of said petition.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 12th day of December, 1882.
(L. S.) 60L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
October Term, 18-2.
Thursday, December 7, 1882.
Elizabeth Wilson
vs.
James Wilson.
No. 59,228.

It appearing to the court from the return of the Sheriff of the City of St. Louis to the writ herein, that the defendant cannot be found in the city of St. Louis, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground of habitual drunkenness and indignities such as to render plaintiff's condition intolerable; that defendant has absented himself from plaintiff without reasonable cause for the space of one year next past.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 15th day of December, 1882.
(L. S.) 63L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Friday, December 15, 1882.
Louis Kohlbry and Frederick Kohlbry, plaintiffs,
against
Heinrich Hunicke, Wilhelm Hunicke, his wife, Theodore Hunicke, August Hunicke and W. Kohlby, defendants.
No. 59,404.

Now come plaintiffs and present to the court an affidavit of Rudolph Blumenburg, attorney of Louis Kohlbry, one of the plaintiffs, from which it appears that W. Kohlby, one of the defendants herein, has evaded the process of the court, and that the original cannot be served upon him. Wherefore, on motion of plaintiffs.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground of desertion and vagrancy.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 15th day of December, 1882.
(L. S.) 66L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
October Term, 1882.
Friday, December 1, 1882.
Monka James
vs.
Amos James.

It appearing to the court from the affidavit to the petition herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, on motion of the plaintiff, by her attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant on the ground of desertion.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 15th day of December, 1882.
(L. S.) 67L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Friday, December 15, 1882.
Glenn Hatch
vs.
Martha Hatch.

It appearing, from the affidavit attached to the petition herein, that the defendant is a new resident of this state, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground of desertion.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 15th day of December, 1882.
(L. S.) 47L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
December Term, 1882.
Friday, December 15, 1882.
Lizzie Arnold
vs.
George Arnold.

It appearing from the petition of the plaintiff, duly verified by affidavit, that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground of habitual drunkenness and indignities such as to render plaintiff's condition intolerable.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 15th day of December, 1882.
(L. S.) 68L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
October Term, 1882.
Friday, December 1, 1882.
Monka James
vs.
Amos James.

It appearing to the court from the affidavit to the petition herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, on motion of the plaintiff, by her attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant on the ground of desertion.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 15th day of December, 1882.
(L. S.) 67L CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
October Term, 1882.
Friday, December 1, 1882.
Monka James
vs.
Amos James.

It appearing to the court

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

...S.—By virtue and authority of a ... issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the ... for a term, 1882, of said court ... in favor of Andrew C. Sherwood ... Smith, ... and seized all the right, title and ... defendant in and to the following ... situated in the city of St. Louis, ... court, and described as follows ... depth of 139 feet.

...TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, ... of nine o'clock in the forenoon and ... afternoon of that day, at the east ... court-house, in the city of St. Louis, ... sell at public auction, for cash, to ... the right, title, interest, claim, ... of the above-named Robert Smith ... ove described property, to satisfy ... costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

...ber 29, 1882. 13N

...rs of Publication.

...PUBLICATION—RENEWED.

...souri, City of St. Louis—ss ... Court for the City of St. Louis. ... December Term, 1882. ... 1. December 5, A. D. 1882. ... of Peter Dickinson, Sr. ... comes Thomas Mackrell, administ... of Peter Dickinson, Sr., ... for a renewed order of publica... stating in the court that the or... made herein at the last September ... not been complied with, it is ordered ... the requirement of that an persons in... ...e of said deceased be notified that ... in cause for the sale of real estate ... by said deceased, and ...ut unpaid ... assets, and that unless cause to the contrary ... before the first day of the next term ... hereof, and file a copy thereof in ... for the city of St. Louis, on the first ... next, an order will be made for ... or so much of the real estate of ... will be sufficient for the payment of ...

...ordered that a copy hereof be pub... newspaper printed in the city of St. ... four weeks before the next term ... in the record.

...and seal of the Probate Court ... Louis hereto affixed, this 22d day of ...

W. E. WAGNER, Clerk.

...inistrators' Notices.

...ne F. Pister, deceased.—Notice is ... that letters of administration on the ... granted to the undersigned by the Pro... City of St. Louis, on the 16th day of ...

...ing claims against said estate are re... the same to the undersigned for ... one year after the date of said letters, ... be precluded from any benefit of said ... claims be not exhibited within two ... of this publication, they will be ...

...y of December, 1882. ...

JOSEPH P. PISTER, Administrator.

...Greensfelder, deceased.—Notice is ... that letters testamentary on the es...

...lla Greensfelder. ...granted to the undersigned by the ... City of St. Louis, on the 29th day ...

...ing claims against said estate are re... the same to the undersigned for ... one year after the date of said letters, ... be precluded from any benefit of said ... claims be not exhibited within two ... of this publication, they will be ...

...day of December, 1882. ...

JOSEPH B. GREENSFELDER, ...tate of Lily Greensfelder, deceased.

...orge Mossbacher, deceased.—Notice ...en that letters of administration on ...

...eorge Mossbacher, ...granted to the undersigned by the ... City of St. Louis, on the eighth ...

...ing claims against said estate are re... the same to the undersigned for ... be precluded from any benefit of ... such claims be not exhibited within ... date of this publication, they will ...

...th day of December, 1882. ...

CHARLES F. WALTHER, ...of George Mossbacher, deceased.

...ary Hilkerbrauer, deceased.—Notice ...en that letters of administration on ...

...ary Hilkerbrauer, ...granted to the undersigned by the ... City of St. Louis, on the 28th day ...

...g claims against said estate are re... the same to the undersigned for ... one year after the date of said letters, ... be precluded from any benefit of said ... claims be not exhibited within ... date of this publication, they will ...

...y of November, 1882. ...

HENRY C. HILKERBRAUER, ...ary Hilkerbrauer deceased.

...garet Sullivan, deceased.—Notice ...en that letters of administration on ...

...argaret Sullivan, ...granted to the undersigned by the Pro... City of St. Louis, on the 5th day of ...

...g claims against said estate are re... the same to the undersigned for ... one year after the date of said let... be precluded from any benefit of said ... claims be not exhibited within ... date of this publication, they will ...

...y of May, 1883. ...

AMOS B. TAYLOR, Administrator.

...ise E. Bry, deceased.—Notice is ... that letters testamentary on the ...

...Louise E. Bry, ...ined to the undersigned by the ... City of St. Louis, on the fifth day ...

...ng claims against said estate are re... the same to the undersigned for al... one year after the date of said letters, ... be precluded from any benefit of said ... claims be not exhibited within two ... of this publication, they will be ...

...y of December, 1882. ...

SUSAN V. BEESON, ...ate of Louise E. Bry, dec'd.

...chael Walsh, deceased.—Notice is ... that letters testamentary on the ...

...Michael Walsh, ...ointed to the undersigned by the ... City of St. Louis, on the 30th day ...

...ing claims against said estate are re... the same to the undersigned for ... one year after the date of said letters, ... be precluded from any benefit of said ... claims be not exhibited within ... date of this publication, they will be ...

...of December, 1882. ...

CHARLES McCLEAN, ...Executor of Mary Ann McClean.

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the plaintiff, and Henry B. Butts and Charles Henckenberger, defendants, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendants in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 1, on the north side of Fourth street, in city block 2826, 150 feet 6 inches in front or width and 147 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being the west half of block 9 in Eichelberger's survey 1, and bounded on the north by Eichelberger street, on the east by real estate of one McAnulty, and on the south and west by one Blow, on the west by Fourth street.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Washington street, in city block 1826, 29 feet in front or width and 124 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lot 14 in block 4 in Schneider's addition to said city.

No. 5. A lot of ground on Washington street, in city block 1826, 30 feet in front or width and 124 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lot 14 in block 4 in Schneider's addition to said city.

And I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 20TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, December 2, 1882. 641H

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the plaintiff, and Henry Geers and August Gehner are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A certain lot of land in survey 1,261, township 46, range 7, containing ten acres and bounded north by Natural Bridge road, east by Goodfellow, south by survey 2,376 and west by Clark.

And I will, on

SATURDAY, THE THIRTIETH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 1, 1882. 644H

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and William T. Gay is defendant, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot 2, Block 4 of West Bremen addition (in city block 1948), in the city of St. Louis, Mo., as designated on a plat of said addition filed in the Recorder's office of the said city, fronting 25 feet on the eastern line of Seventeenth street, and with that width running eastwardly about 143 feet more or less to an alley, being bounded on the west by Seventeenth street, on the north by lot No. 26, on the east by an alley, and on the south by lot No. 29 of said addition.

And I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above-named Henry Potter in and to the above-described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., December 4, 1882. 67H

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Henry B. Butts and Charles Henckenberger, defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Fourth street, in city block 2826, 150 feet 6 inches in front or width and 147 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being the west half of block 9 in Eichelberger's survey 1, and bounded on the north by Eichelberger street, on the east by real estate of one McAnulty, and on the south and west by one Blow, on the west by Fourth street.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Washington street, in city block 1826, 29 feet in front or width and 124 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lot 14 in block 4 in Schneider's addition to said city.

No. 5. A lot of ground on Washington street, in city block 1826, 30 feet in front or width and 124 feet 3 inches in length or depth, being lot 14 in block 4 in Schneider's addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE THIRD DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 2, 1882. 641H

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the plaintiff, and Gustavus Ernst, Henry Hemens, jr., trustee, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number 2 of a lot of ground on Vista avenue 25 feet 6 inches in front or width and 132 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being the east half of lot 38 in block 5 in Lacleede Race Track addition to said city.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Vista avenue 25 feet in front or width and 132 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 39 in block 5 in Lacleede Race Track addition to said city.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Vista avenue 25 feet in front or width and 132 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being the east half of lot 38 in block 5 in Lacleede Race Track addition to said city.

No. 5. Four lots of ground on Grace avenue, in city block 1256, each 25 feet in front or width and 160 feet in length or depth, being lots 21, 22, 23 and 24 in block 5 in Hoge's addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 3D DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 5, 1882. 643H

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Henry B. Butts and Charles Henckenberger, defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot 2 of block 4 of Germantown addition, fronting 25 feet on Francis avenue, by a depth of 150 feet.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE FIFTH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 8, 1882. 7K

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the plaintiff, and Henry A. Hammel, trustee, Monica Dionysius, Henry Dionysius, Mary L. Dionysius, Sophia Dionysius, William C. Jamison, trustee, and George Wright, trustee, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A certain lot of ground on Neosho street, in city block 2746, and is 25 feet front and 125 feet deep.

Also, a lot of ground on Clayton road, each 50 feet in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lots 24, 25 and 26 in Musick's addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the East front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 1, 1882. 644H

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Academy of the Christian Brothers, and Mary Eliza Smith, defendants, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendants in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Part of lot 27 of Beaumont Addition, in city block 822, having a front of 10 feet on Jefferson avenue by a depth of 100 feet, and bounded north by Jefferson avenue, south by Swift and west by Everist.

And I will, on Saturday, the 30th day of December, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named Jacob B. Stemmer, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said alias execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff of the City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 26, 1882. VI

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the plaintiff, and Henry B. Butts and Charles Henckenberger, defendants, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendants in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot 3 and an undivided one-half of lot 4 in Armstrong's subdivision and in city block No. 2280, having a front of twenty-five feet (25) on the north line of Manchester road by a depth of one hundred and thirty-two feet (132) more or less, to an alley fifteen feet wide.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above-named Michael Fitzgerald, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., December 11, 1882. 1L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Mary J. Hall and Cyrus A. Crum are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Washington avenue in city block 24, 23 feet 11 inches in front or width and 106 feet in length or depth, being lot 4 in F. Lindell's addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 1, 1882. 641H

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the plaintiff, and Frederick Spies, Huntington Smith are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Centre Place, in city block 1967, 25 feet 6 inches in front or width and 70 feet in length or depth, being lot 14 in block 1 in Newman and Howard's addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 8, 1882. 4a

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the plaintiff, and Bernard Schilling, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, December 14, 1882. 2IL

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the plaintiff, and Caspar Peichler, Casimir Pelcher, alias Caspar Pelcher, Eugenia Wilcox, Louisa Jones, William Wilcox, Ferdinand Southard, Charles Newell and Mary Southard, Blanche Southard and Eugenia Southard, heirs of Mary Southard, deceased, and Charles H. Chandler, guardian of Blanche and Eugenia Southard, minors, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot 5 of block 4 of Germantown addition, fronting 25 feet on Francis avenue, by a depth of 150 feet.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE FIFTH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above-named Michael Fitzgerald, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., Decemberil, 1882. 1L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Henry Hemens, jr., trustee, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground in city block 2216, fronting 14 6-12 feet on Davis street by 100 feet deep and running to a point, said lot being in block 20 in survey 3 and bounded as follows: On the north running to a point, on the east by a new county road, on the south by Davis street and on the west by the old county road.

And I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1882, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 1, 1882. 644H

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the plaintiff, and Jacob D. Bluemel, I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot 1 of block 2 of Beaumont Addition, in city block 822, having a front of 10 feet on Jefferson avenue by a depth of 100 feet running back to the line of Rutger street, and bounded north by Jefferson avenue, south by Swift and west by lot 2 of said block.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 22D DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above-named Jacob B. Stemmer, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said alias execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 26, 1882. VI

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the plaintiff, and Michael Flynn, Jr., is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Arsenal road, 100 feet in front or width and 361 feet 7 inches in length or depth, being lot 29 in Moulton's addition to said city.

And I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 2, 1882. 641H

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the plaintiff, and Gustavus Ernst, Henry Hemens, jr., trustee, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number 2 of a lot of ground on Neosho street, in city block 2746, and is 25 feet front and 125 feet deep.

Also, a lot of ground on Clayton road, each 50 feet in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being lots 24, 25 and 26 in Musick's addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the East front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 1, 1882. 644H

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the plaintiff, and Academy of the Christian Brothers, and Mary Eliza Smith, defendants,

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendants in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Part of lot 27 of Beaumont Addition, in city block 822, having a front of 10 feet on Jefferson avenue by a depth of 100 feet, and bounded north by Jefferson avenue, south by Swift and west by lot 2 of said block.

And I will, on Saturday, the 30th day of December, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 26, 1882. VI

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the plaintiff, and Henry B. Butts and Charles Henckenberger, defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot 3 and an undivided one-half of lot 4 in Armstrong's subdivision and in city block No. 2280, having a front of twenty-five feet (25) on the north line of Manchester road by a depth of one hundred and thirty-two feet (132) more or less, to an alley fifteen feet wide.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above-named Michael Fitzgerald, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., Decemberil, 1882. 1L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Elizabeth Berman and John Berman, defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Washington avenue in city block 24, 23 feet 11 inches in front or width and 106 feet in length or depth, being lot 4 in F. Lindell's addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 1, 1882. 641H

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the plaintiff, and Frederick W. Evers is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A certain lot in Mullanphy addition in city block 628, fronting 2 feet 8 inches on Thirteenth street, by a depth of 150 feet, bounded north by Rockaway, and by Thirteenth street, south by Kellerman and west by Benton.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 15, 1882. 4a

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the plaintiff, and Michael Bagley is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot 16 of block 2 in Robird's addition, having a front of 25 feet on Cass avenue by a depth of one hundred and seventeen feet.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 15, 1882. 4a

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the plaintiff, and Frederick W. Evers is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Centre Place, in city block 1967, 25 feet 6 inches in front or width and 70 feet in length or depth, being lot 14 in block 1 in Newman and Howard's addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 15, 1882. 4a

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the plaintiff, and Frederick A. Wislizenus, Charles Nagel and Frederick A. Wislizenus, executors of the last will and testament of Frederick A. Wislizenus, deceased, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendants in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 9 in block No. 8 of Thornton D. Murphy's second addition to the City of St. Louis, a plat of which is recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, said lot having a front of 50 feet on the north line of Olive street forty-six feet, eight inches, then north parallel to Eleventh street to an alley, thence east along the south line of said alley forty-six feet eight inches, then south parallel to Eleventh street to the place of beginning, on which land are located houses and numbered 1111 and 1113 Olive street.

Second: A lot of ground in said block, beginning at a point on the north side of Olive street, sixty-five feet west from the north west corner of Eleventh and Olive streets, thence west twenty-one feet and eight inches to a point, then north and parallel to Eleventh street to an alley, then east along the south line of said alley twenty-one feet and eight inches, then south parallel to Eleventh street to place of beginning, on which land is located a building known as No. 1107 Olive street.

Third: A lot or parcel of real estate in said block, beginning at a point one hundred and eighty feet west of the west line of Eleventh street, then running west and along the north line of Olive street twenty-five feet, then north parallel to Eleventh street to an alley, then east along the south line of said alley, thence south parallel to Eleventh street to the place of beginning, on which lot is located house number 1101 Olive street.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named Martin Van Buren Wisker of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff of the City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 18, 1882. 16L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the plaintiff, and Frederick W. Evers is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Centre Place, in city block 1967, 25 feet 6 inches in front or width and 70 feet in length or depth, being lot 14 in block 1 in Newman and Howard's addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and cost.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., December 15, 1882. 4a

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the plaintiff, and Frederick W. Evers is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

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The landlord, who, by the way, was an Englishman, upon being questioned by Harry, answered cautiously, "No, the place was not unhealthy, not as ever he heard," but upon my getting him alone, he told me that he had known, and his father who had kept the inn before him, had known better than he, of something wrong about the old place. "You see, sir," said the old man, "they do say as the gran'ther got the money as bought the old place through a trick; be this as it may, he died in a crazy fit on a New Year's Eve in that long room in the L up stairs where they used to chain him. You see he had these fits once a year bad, and then his son, who only staid at home one year after he [illegible] old man's death, folks did say that he third a crazy fit on the next New Year's Eve, same which he heard some awful noises in And it is fished accordin' that caused his spell. newspaper he left, and the grandmother died Louis. er. There was one very old man, A true o Witness been in foreign parts with the of St. Lower. He stuck to the place, and took (L. S.) it while he lived. Then it was let the time, and part of the time stood The son, father of your young gen- here, we never heard from direct. once, as he had married a young who was consumpted. Then next news was when you wrote gave me the care of the Betwixt you and I, sir, I have had hard time of it. Just as sure as I got a enant—and they that took it was mostly rangers—just so sure they staid contented until the year had drawed to a close. Then first day of the year always brought him here a givin' of me no- that they was a goin' to quit the place. Some made one excuse, some another, but they always went. I done my best, according to agreement, but betwixt you and me, sir, the gift of the place would not hire me to spend one New Year's Eve there." All this I repeated to Harry that night, and the next morning we drove out to see the place. There was nothing uncommon about it, unless it was the two old English yews that grew one on each side of the house. It had been once painted a bright yellow, but time had dimmed the color, and it now had a dingy look. Otherwise it was not in as bad a condition as I had expected. There were eight rooms—six in the main building and two in the L. There was a wide hall and stairway leading up to the rooms above. Both below and above the rooms were cheerful, when we opened the shutters and let in the light; all except one, the upper room in the L. This had evidently been unused for years, it was a long, narrow room, dark, musty, and full of cobwebs. It was in this room that the old grandfather had died, in a fit of insanity, on a New Year's eve, many years ago. The middle room upstairs, was a very pleasant room, with two windows, looking out toward the north and east. This room, had an old-fashioned fire-place, where two brass andirons yet stood. Harry determined to take up his quarters in this room, and watch the old year out. He invited me to keep him company. I must confess that I did not like the prospect, but as I had ridiculed his ghosts, and laughed at his ideas of "communicating" with them, I saw no way but to watch with him. I was in for it.

We drove back to the inn, got a couple of chairs, two lamps, plenty of firewood, cigars and matches. I provided two pocket accompaniments, a good revolver and a flask of Scotch whisky. So we went back to the house, and as we bade our driver good-by, he shook his head solemnly as he drove away.

Our first move was to build a roaring fire in the fire-place of the middle room up-stairs, after which we carried our chairs, lamps, matches and store of wood into the same room. Then we made a most thorough search of the whole house, down into the cellar, through the out-houses, and every nook and corner of the house itself. By this time it was dark, and we went into our room, as I will now designate the middle room, and, locking the door, we proceeded to make ourselves comfortable.

Light is a great dissipater of ghostly fancies, and as our fire roared and crackled up the chimney I began to feel that we should have our watch for nothing. Our conversation, naturally, turned upon the singular stories of the house. But thinking it wiser to avoid all such topics, we changed the subject, and Harry at my request, told me the little he knew of his parents. It was not much. His memory of his mother was as a shadowy dream. She had died in Italy, whither she had gone for her health. Harry had been with a sister of his mother's until after her death, when he was placed at school, which, from that time, was all the home he had. His father had written him affectionate but brief letters, at long intervals. The letters were always post-marked from different places. So Harry had grown reserved, as children do who have no home, no mother. "Mothers have God's license to be missed," so Mrs. Browning says, and well some of us know how they are missed.

As the hours passed conversation flagged, and I began to yield to the influence of the fire and the draughts of Scotch from my flask. These spirits were all right. I believe I had nodded once or twice, but every time I awoke to find Harry wide awake and sitting intently listening. I had dropped off again, when I was startled by a sound that not only thoroughly aroused me but for the almost caused my heart to stand still. It was as of slow footsteps, accompanied by the rattle of a chain. Harry heard it too. I could tell from the dilation of his eyes. We sprang to our feet, Harry snatching a light and I cocking my revolver. We threw open the door. Nothing was to be seen or heard. Down stairs we went—all quiet. Up again—nothing, absolutely nothing. As we entered the room I piled on the wood, making the fire blaze and crackle, and then I took a pull at the flask. Harry refused. "There should be at least one cool head," he said. Hark! There it was again. We went close to the door, Harry still holding the lamp and I the revolver. We determined to throw the door open quickly when the steps seemed nearest us.

The footsteps seemed to start from the long room in the L. Then they came on through the upper hall, and as they reached our door we threw it open, instantly the noise ceased. We looked at each other. Harry was as pale as a ghost himself, and I felt pale. As soon as we closed the door it commenced again. I bolted the door, and we stood facing it, with our backs to the fire, and in whispers took counsel as to our next move. Meanwhile the heavy steps went slowly on. We concluded to await developments. We listened. The steps seemed to start from the long room in the L, pass our door to the stairs, down the stairs, out the front door. Then all would be quiet for almost a minutes (they timed it by his watch), then the same thing was repeated over and over again. There was something beyond expression in the sound. Once as they reached our door the steps seemed to falter as though they would stop, but they went on again, down, down the stairs, and out the door. As for me, I had quite enough of it, and proposed that, lamps in hand, we make a dash for the outside—"Vamoose the ranch." I was no coward. I could stand my ground against the Devil himself, if he would meet me face to face, in the light of day in fair fight; but this imp of darkness, whatever it was, I felt would set me crazy were I compelled to listen to it much longer. But Harry would not hear to going.

"You have had your way so far," said he, "now let me tell you my plan."

Then he made a startling proposition. It was this: That we should go in the long room, put out the light, and "It may be," he said, "that I can see the disturbing cause."

"See in the dark!" said I. "Well, I am not owl enough for that, and I don't see how you would manage it; moreover, I don't like to put myself at a disadvantage in this fight."

"You are all wrong," said he. "It is not necessarily an enemy. Let us go."

As he seemed bent on seeing "spiritually," as he termed it, I had to go with him.

We left one lamp burning in our room, and Harry taking the other we closed the door and started for the long room.

The room was damp and dark as we had left it. We took our stand with our backs against the east wall, the door—the only one by which we had entered being on the south side. I held my revolver ready for use, and then Harry put out the light. The next five minutes (such was the time spent there as we found out afterwards) were the longest and the most harrowing that I ever spent in a long life; though all was quiet. I saw nothing, heard nothing, but I knew by the tightened grasp upon my arm from Harry's hand, that he was in a state of great nervous excitement. Once he whispered "my God" then again, "It is grandfather!" At last he whispered hoarsely, "let us go back!" We rushed back to our room; when there I bolted the door; Harry was trembling violently, and this time did not refuse a pull at my flask.

"What was it, Harry?" said I, "for you must have seen or heard something, though it was all pitch-dark to me, and quiet as a dozen graves."

"I saw," said Harry, "as distinctly as I now see you, first a sort of wavering blue light in the northwest corner of the room; this soon changed, and in its place there stood an old man, with large frame, bushy white hair, and oh! such eyes! they pierced me to the soul. He had been chained to the floor, but had in some way loosened the cord that had been fastened to the ring in the floor. He looked at me, and then I heard him say "Look under the yew tree east!" Then he faded, the blue light wavered, then disappeared. That is all.

Strange to say, after our return to the room, there was nothing more of the mysterious footsteps during the rest of the night. We waited until daylight and then went back to the inn.

My advice to Harry was to set fire to the infernal place, get rid of the grounds, and try and forget the whole occurrence. But he was bent on following out the ghostly instructions that he had received, so much against my will. I left him behind, and taking the next train I set out for home. I felt many misgivings, knowing the tinge of insanity in his race.

Two weeks after I received a letter from him, in which he told me that he should be with me soon; that he had much to tell me. He had a wrong to right, which would necessitate a journey to England, and the relinquishing of nearly all his property. He asked my aid in the business part of it, and requested, as a personal favor, that I use no arguments against his movements, as they would be of no avail, and my co-operation would be very grateful to him.

He came shortly, and in my library, after tea, I listened to his story.

Suffice it to say here that, having procured help he had dug under the old yew tree east, and there found a package of papers, deeds, etc., among them a rambling, sort of diary, written in a cramped hand, and at long intervals of time. In this was told the story of a foul wrong to one in a foreign land. The deed was done on a New Year's Eve, and though the manuscript was evidently written by a man not in his right mind, the papers and deeds bore evidence to the truth of the disconnected story. It was signed "John Van Vaulkner" and begged that restitution be made of certain properties to the descendants of one George Miller, of —— county, England. The last entry was as follows: "I have seen George again. They think I am mad and chain me. I shall not live beyond Yew Year's Eve, but I can never rest in my grave until right is done the heirs of the wronged man. I am doomed to come back to my prison and from there back and forth to the stolen papers under the old yew tree all night long every New Year's Eve until the wronged have their rights again. If you who are destined to deal this, my last will, be of my flesh and blood, restore to the last penny all that you will find by the papers enclosed belongs to the Miller family. In so doing you will not only ease my troubled spirit, but you will lift the curse of insanity which rests upon all of my race, until the decendants of George Miller have their own again."

I could see that Harry's mind was bent upon following the instructions to the letter, so I did not worry him with doubts, but added him all that was possible. He left next morning.

It was years after, and the 3d of January, that I next heard from him. His letter was written from the inn at the little village, where we had spent the events week together. He had found descendants of George Miller in the town designated in his grandfather's letter. He had restored everything, as far as possible, to them. He had learned the whole story, and would add to former favors by never asking him to divulge it? He had returned to Yew Tree House to spend alone the New Year's Eve just passed. The house had been quiet, no ghostly foot had trod the hall or descended the stairs. Only as in a dream he had seen the old man's face smiling, and with a look of blessing in the eyes. So he knew the soul of his grandfather was at peace at last, and he could commence the world this new year happy, though penniless.

[Here the MS. of the lawyer ended. It had been rumored that before his death he had run mad upon the subject of spiritualism.]

SOME QUEER SUICIDES.

Because his crops were small, Adelbert Lobdell hanged himself in his barn near Port Deposit.

John Clancy threw himself from the window of the City Hospital in Vicksburg and was killed.

Harvey Smith, a well-known physician of Matchester, cut his throat while suffering from brain fever.

"I am weary and want to die," said Mrs. Belia Gray of Hamilton, Ont. Then she shot herself in the breast.

At Grand Forks, D. T., William Ford, having lost all his money at gambling, swallowed morphine in the presence of his wife.

W. H. Jones, a harnessmaker of State Center, Iowa., fearing an attack of delirium tremens, swallowed a fatal dose of morphine.

During the excitement of a religious revival Robert Berkshire, a farmer of Port Washington, Ohio., hanged himself in his stable.

George Barnell of Jackson township, Ind., a well-to-do farmer, was not satisfied; so he began to speculate, became insane, and cut his throat.

H. A. Crist, of Des Moines, a horse thief, swearing that no vigilance committee should ever have the pleasure of hanging him, hanged himself.

Because a neighbor refused her offer to purchase his lands, Mrs. McLachman, the wife of a farmer near Ottawa, took a fatal dose of Paris green.

In consequence of some idle gossip, Eva Stone, 16 years of age, of Gidden, Iowa, took her father's revolver and shot herself in the presence of her mother.

Bridget Scanlon, a mere child of Lawrence, Mass., drowned herself in a millpond because she feared a whipping for the accidental breaking of a pitcher.

"My wife is too old and uninteresting for me, and I cannot stand it longer," wrote Fred Strack, a young saloon-keeper of Cleveland. Then he killed himself.

Frank McCarg, a musician of Corning, committed suicide by jumping from the Knoxville bridge because he had been forbidden to play in the orchestra, owing to his drunkenness.

Caleb Hobbs, of Lincolnton, N. C., found his favorite mule dead in a field. After a good crying spell he wrote a note saying he could not live without the mule, and then committed suicide.

Hiram Tucker, a disappointed inventor of Boston, 60 years of age, attached a rubber hose to a gas jet, turned on the gas, and, putting the other end of the hose in his mouth, suffocated himself.

Failing to effect a reconciliation with his wife, Homer W. Barnes of Rockville, O., went to the barn, loaded a gun with heavy buckshot, and placing the muzzle against his heart, pulled the trigger with his toe.

Claud Lester, an Englishman 30 years of age, declared he could not live without the society of the young son of a former employer, and, going to the boy's home near Niagara Falls, murdered him and then shot himself.

David Lawton of West Winfield, N. Y., would not work, and his brother refused to harbor him any longer. He burned his brother's barn, containing his crops and cows, and then went into the woods and hanged himself.

Mary Romey, a domestic in the employ of the Rev. Mr. Dodson of San Antonio, Texas, first took laudanum, then cut herself into a deep ditch, and finally cut her throat, but is yet alive. She says the only trouble is, she is tired of life.

Unfounded fear of poverty caused Killian Dunn, a wealthy resident of Elkhorn, Wis., to commit suicide. He quitted the house at 2 o'clock at night, walked through the woods half a mile away, and hanged himself.

William F. Ransom, a railroad agent at Barnet's Mills near Jefferson City, Mo., after being arrested for embezzlement, stepped from a car at Smithton as the train began to move, put his neck across a rail, and was beheaded by the train.

In consequence of lack of health, Mrs. Charles Seeley of Rochester threw her four-months-old child on the bed and then, crawling under the bed, committed suicide by putting a rope around her neck, one end of which she had tied to the springs of the bed. The excitement consequent upon his first visit to the city caused Daniel E. Edson of Kilenville, N. Y., to attempt suicide. There was so much to see that was new to him, and so many strange people, that, as his neighbors say, it "competely broke him up and he went off the handle."

In the center of the room in which John Stang shot himself in Cincinnati was a table on which he had carefully arranged his wife's picture, their marriage certificate, several letters written by her, and a piece of the rope with which she had hanged herself. Each article was decorated with crape. Stang had been in an insane asylum, but was released, and his wife, through fear of him, had committed suicide only a few days before.

LINDENWALD.

The Old Mansion in which President Van Buren Lived.

From the New York Sun.

On the old post road about two miles south of Kinderhook village stands a square brick mansion, shaded by pines and lindens, whose present interest is mainly due to the fact that it was for many years the residence of the eighth President of the United States. "Lindenwald" received its name from Martin Van Buren, the "little magician," whose social tact and hospitality made it a famous resort until the day of his death. The house was not erected by Mr. Van Buren, as many suppose, but by William P. Van Ness, a Judge of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, who was Aaron Burr's second in the duel with Hamilton, and whose ancestors, according to Diedrich Knickerbocker, invented the buckwheat cake. While Judge Van Ness lived at Lindenwald, and during Van Buren's residence there, it was the resort of many famous men. Among the visitors were Henry Clay, Thomas H. Benton, David Wilmot, Silas Wright, William L. Marcy, Washington Irving, the Earl of Carlyle, when traveling incognito in this country as "Lord Morpeth," Charles Sumner, Prince John Van Buren, Frank Blair, and many noted litterateurs and politicians of the day. It was here that Irving wrote part of the "Sketch Book" and "Knickerbocker's History of New York."

The house in which Van Buren was born was in the southern part of the village, nearly opposite the old Dutch church. A few years ago it was torn down, and a new one was built on the old site.

Many legends haunt the spot where once stood the old church, long since removed. It was here that Martin Van Buren attended service when a tow-headed boy, in his home-spun gray suit and a little broad-skirted butternut-colored overcoat. Matty's parents were illiterate and poor, but were noted for serviceable, homebred common sense. His father kept a tavern which contained less than a half-dozen rooms for guests, and a small "choice-stock" of liquors. At an early age, the boy was sent to school, and at fourteen was apprenticed to Francis Sylvester, the village attorney, with whom he remained several years. Returning to Kinderhook in 1803, he hung out his shingle, and rumor says was soon engaged in a cause in which was rendered memorable from the fact that "Little Matty" was obliged to stand on a table when he made his argument in court, in order to be seen and heard. From that time he made rapid rise in his profession. Politics opened a new field for his energies and set his mind aglow. It is said that Van Buren got his political code from Thomas Jefferson and his tactics from Aaron Burr. His enemies, who called him the "Kinderhook Fox," were eager to believe that his private tutor was either Michiavelli or the devil.

After leaving the White House the ex-President retired to Lindenwald, where he spent the remaining years of his life. His hospitality was unbounded, and if there gathered around his table a staid and sober company, Prince John, the greatest of wags, let in a gleam of fun. Henry Clay's visit made a great stir in the community, for he was then in the zenith of his fame. It is related by the venerable Henry C. Van Schaak that during Clay's visit at Lindenwald a reception was given him at the village hotel. A young lady made her appearance to be introduced, but the master of ceremonies, Dr. Beekman, had forgotten her name. Mr. Clay happily relieved the gentleman from the dilemma by saying:

"Mr. Beekman, never mind the young lady's name now; she will change it soon."

An amusing anecdote is told by an old inhabitant of Thomas H. Benton when the guest of Mr. Van Buren at one of those famous dinner parties for which Lindenwald was noted in its palmy days. After the dessert had been served finger bowls were brought in and were viewed with some suspicion on the part of one or two of the guests. Later Benton said to a friend: "I observed Mr. Van Buren immerse the tips of his fingers in one of those little glass bowls and wipe them daintily on his napkin, but I just rolled back my cuffs and took a good, plain republican wash."

One day the principal of Kinderhook Academy called at Lindenwald with an autograph album which contained Baron Humboldt's signature, and requested Van Buren's autograph. "Where shall I put my name, Mr. Post?" "Oh, anywhere, Mr. Van Buren," was the reply, "you will find plenty of blank pages in the book." The ex-President turned over the leaves carelessly, and seeing Humboldt's signature paused, took up a pen and wrote his own name directly under the Baron's.

The ex-President in his old age did not lose his youthful verve and vim, and was universally respected and loved here. Though he could not boast a commanding presence, he had an elastic figure and carried himself erect. His features were animated when conversing, and wore a constant smile. When relating an anecdote or relishing good story his eyes twinkled with fun. In fair weather it was his custom to take horseback rides every morning until his final illness, sitting erect in his saddle and wearing a skull cap, under which his snow-white hair could be seen. One morning, when riding past Stuyvesant Falls, he was hailed by a bare-footed urchin, who shouted out, "Hey, mister, is you the President of the United States?"

"I used to be, my little man," was the prompt reply; "what can I do for you?"

"Oh, nothin', sir, only I thought Jimmy lied to me; I didn't think such a little man as you could be President of the United States."

After Van Buren's death Lindenwald passed out of the hands of the family and became the residence of Isaac Jerome, brother of Leonard Jerome, of New York. A few years ago it was bought by a neighboring farmer, who cultivates its broad acres. It the glory of the old place is departed its name is kept in active service, for Kinderhook now boasts of a "Lindenwald" hotel and a patent "Lindenwald" knit cap.

A MODERN GULLIVER.

Wonderful Discoveries of an Idaho Man.

From the Ketchum (Idaho) Keystone.

Last Sunday Foley Abbott, of Sawtooth, went on the high and rugged peak, opposite the Pilgrim mine, on Beaver Gulch, to kill some grouse. As the "beautiful" was about three feet deep he went on snow-shoes. The trip was a hard one, as the mountain is very steep and he was obliged to make many "tacks" to reach the summit. While he was passing near one of the high granite cliffs he noticed that there was an opening under it, and thought he had found a good place to rest and be protected from the wind, so he proceeded to it. Seeing that darkness was inside and the cave appearing to be of good size, he made a torch of slivers taken from a pitch-pine log near by, and proceeded to explore his new find. After going through a long, narrow and crooked passage he found himself inside of a large chamber with smooth floor and perfectly dry, which was brilliantly lighted by a flame in the center. As this was the main attraction he cautiously went to it. To his astonishment he found an image of a man, made of what had the appearance of silver, and which he thinks it is. At the head was a peculiar-patterned helmet, in which were three imitation feathers, made of gold or copper. From the mouth of the strange image proceeded the flame. Mr. Abbott thinks that the prehistoric and undoubtedly very intelligent race that erected it had discovered a gas jet, and that there is communication down through the body to the solid rock, from which the gas proceeds perpetually. It is an evipence that there is an immense body of coal oil under the mountain, from which the gas proceeds. After satisfying his curiosity looking at the wonderful lamp he tremblingly commenced a search for other objects.

On the walls were hieroglyphics, which, of course, he could not read. In one corner was a very large human skeleton—at least nine feet high—and by it a stone tomahawk and a large cross-bow, which, although it had the appearance of being perfectly sound, fell into a thousand pieces when he attempted to lift it. A stone mortar containing some very rich gold specimens was found, and also some large pieces of ruby silver. Some backbones of salmon were scattered around, proving that the inhabitants of the cavern were salmon-eaters. There were many other things in the apartment, such as arrow-heads, bones of animals and a petrified human hand.

A CALIFORNIA CURIOSITY.

Why Mr. McIntosh, of Colton, Thinks That He Has Struck It Rich.

From the Colton Semi-Tropic.

T. W. McIntosh has in his possession a curiosity in the shape of a small oval-framed rock or petrification that he picked up about 130 miles from Colton, near the caves on the Mojave River. The specimen is about the size of a small-sized cocoanut and about the same shape. When first found it had a reddish brown coating, or seemed to be coated with rusted iron, and was very heavy. Upon the first tap of the hammer a piece of the outer coating or shell flew off and disclosed a very hard and exceedingly white substance encased inside. The iron-looking coating appeared to be about an eighth of an inch thick, and the entire inside to be a very firm, hard, crystalized substance, seeming about as large as a good sized hen's egg. Experimenting further it was found that it was almost impossible to cut the white portion with a steel file, and various conjectures were indulged in by those who were shown the specimen as to what was its composition. Some one it was supposed was a petrified cocoanut, while one old gentleman, who had in times gone by worked in the Brazilian diamond fields, said it had every indication of being a very valuable stone. Upon being asked to describe the main characteristics of the surrounding country and the composition of the soil, class of rocks, etc., immediately within the vicinity of the place where the curiosity was found, Mr. McIntosh did so, and the gentleman from Brazil became excited and averred the description tallied exactly with the characteristics of the localities in Brazil where the largest and purest diamonds were found. The rock will be sent to an experienced lapidary to test the same.

HUNTERS AND FISHERS.

A pure white deer was killed by Mack Lilly at Canisteo, N. Y.

It is estimated that 200,000 deer are annually slaughtered in Oregon and California by skin hunters.

The Town Marshal of Versailles, Ky., pulled his gun out of the wagon by the muzzle, and lost an arm.

At Philip Myer of Indianapolis was shooting birds his gun burst and the breech pin was driven through his brain.

In attempting to drag his gun over a fence Charles F. Smith of Bonsecour, Ga., was shot in the arm and bled to death.

While climbing Big Lick Mountain, John W. Miller of Tower City, Pa., slipped and fell. His gun went off, blew off his arm.

George Dunbar of Ionia had his chin blown off by the accidental discharge of his gun. A doctor has rigged up an artificial chin for him.

William E. Kirk of Locust Valley went hunting on Saturday. He returned with one eye destroyed and his face pitted with shot holes.

Neal Lamont of West Stockbridge, Mass., on returning from a hunt, was killed by the accidental discharge of his gun as he stepped from his wagon.

George Bringolf of Hammond, Ind., stood up in his boat to fire at a water fowl, and his gun kicked him backward into the water and he was drowned.

Frank Whitton of Clyman, Wis., who had never before handled a gun, went hunting and was killed at the first fire, the gun being accidentally discharged.

Andrew F. Simon of Indianapolis went hunting with his son. On their way home the boy's gun was accidentally discharged, and the father lost a leg.

A sawfish caught by E. P. Andrew of St. Augustine, Fla., was fourteen feet in length and had a saw three feet ten inches long. It weighed nearly 800 pounds.

Just as one of a party of duck hunters in a boat near Sag Harbor fired at a fowl, C. G. Haven raised his head and caught the charge of shot intended for the duck.

Two boys, George White and William Devens, of Crawfordsville, Ind., while hunting together on a colt, driving to the house of Dr. Evans. The idea was a happy one. Her Majesty arrived in her dressing-gown. Mrs. Evans was at the seaside; the Doctor was out.

When he returned, he saw that the fugitive had not been recognized, and treated her as if she had been driven by an aching tooth to call upon him at his private residence. The locks of his wife's clothes-press were forced to obtain a change of raiment for the Empress, who, with her lady, was taken by the Doctor, in his own carriage, to the Norman coast. A good friend in adversity to the imperial couple. Evans had, when they were triumpant, the courage to give them wholesome but unpalatable advice. Knowing thoroughly the organization of the Russian army, he again and again warned the Emperor and Empress that in going to war with Germany they would court ruin. The Empress probably remembered this advice when she was sitting in his house awaiting his return home.

Breaking His Heart.

From the Wall Street News.

It was a clothing dealer on the Bowery, and as the slab-sided young man opened the door he rubbed his hands over each other and said:

"Come in my frient. I guest you vhas looking for an overcoat. Try on dis one, for $7."

"Thankee. I've got about $80 in my pocket, and I thought——"

"Ah! Mine frent, you vhas come to the right place. How you like a blue suit for $10!"

"I've got about $80 in my pocket and was looking for——"

"Take dis gray for $14. You never had such a pargain in all your porn days."

"As I was saying, I've got about $80, and I want to buy a pretty fair one."

"Here is one all wool for $12; shump right into it."

"A pretty fair one, with silver-plated handles," continued the young man.

"I've got 'em! I'm der only dealer in all New York who keep oafergoats mit silver-blated handles."

"I don't mean overcoats."

"No?"

"I mean coffins! Let's see your latest fall styles."

"My frent," whispered the dealer, as he took his arm, "I don't keep goffins. Vhen I realize dot you haf $80 in your pocket, und I haf no goffins to sell, I feel dot I might as vhell gif oop dis mad struggle for riches. Hat some pity on a broken-hearted man und take two bed-quilts at $3 apiece, und let dot goffin go."

Victims of the Frost King.

Jacob Sell, of Adams county, Pa., 75 years of age, was frozen to death a few days ago.

Henry Conover, an inmate of the Soldiers' Home at Dayton, O., was recently frozen to death while in a drunken stupor.

A butcher named Fishudy, of Conestoga township, Pa., continued on his usual route until his arms, legs and ears were frozen so that he will die.

David Knox, of Florence, Pa., took a number of hot whiskies before starting on a five-mile walk home. He was found within one mile of his house frozen to death.

George Childs was lost in a snow storm during five days and nights, but survived. He was engaged in putting up a telephone line between Lundy and Tioga and the Yosemite Valley.

After too much drink, Oliver Ashley, of Walcott, Tex., started to drive home in a sleigh. He was found next day in slough, frozen to death. The sleigh was a wreck and the horse drowned.

A Russian, named Selinger living near Lehmore, Dak., finding his quarters too poor a shelter against the cold, started with his wife and baby in a snow storm to go to a village half a mile distant. They lost their way on the prairie and the wife and baby perished. Selinger was rescued. His hands and feet were frozen.

THE RICHEST DENTIST.

How the American Dr. Evans Gained His Wealth and Honors.

From the London Truth.

Dr. Evans hails from Philadelphia. He is of Welsh extraction, and belongs to a family half Quaker, half Methodist, who were well respected folks in the city founded by Penn.

Dr. Evans became a dentist, and took a wife when he was a very young man. He then came to Europe to assist his countryman, Brewster, who had been asked to look after the teeth of the Prince-President, and had more business than he could well attend to. Evans was an extremely handsome and well-made little man. His features, though large, were so neatly cut as almost to give them a pretty character. An English tailor dressed him in the best style. He always in the daytime looked the man of business, although it was easy to see that he was used to rub shoulders with the foremost personages of the world.

A tincture of American independence ran through his quiet manner. In smiling, he showed, as it unintentionally—and it may have been sans intention—a white and even set of teeth. A small and nicely-shaped hand manipulated instruments of torture with great dexterousness. There was genuine kindness in the manner, and there was something in the face which expressed an obliging disposition. Soon after the coup d'etat, Brewster sold his business to Dr. T. Evans. It included a virtual monopoly of court practice, which, as the new Emperor was omnipotent, soon brought a throng of patients to the office of the Rue de la Paix. It had got out that Evans was in high favor at the Tuileries. The Emperor, who hated fuss, and dreaded being like Hortense and Josephine, his mother and grandmother, prematurely toothless, liked his dentist's quiet, and civil way of discharging his morning duties.

The Doctor attended daily, when in Paris, at 8 a. m., at the Emperor's toilet, and then proceeded to the dressing-room of the Empress. Eugenie spoke French with facility, but never like a well-educated Parisienne. She knew that she was often mentally criticised by members of her entourage for her inelegant locutions. It was, therefore, agreeable to her to chat in English—a tongue of which she was quite mistress—with Evans, who retailed to her the news of the town and the current gossip about the court, with an amount of truthfulness that was refreshing to ears tired of flattery. He also treated her teeth as if they were pears of great price, and kept them for seventeen years in excellent condition.

Napoleon III. was, on the throne, unable to give up his Carbonari habits, which were seen through. For instance, when the Czar had a bad tooth and sent for Dr. Bismarck, King Leopold, the Queen of Holland, Prince Metternich and Nigra were on the alert to find out what was brewing at St. Petersburg. The fortunate dentist accordingly was summoned to attend, in many capitals, to royal teeth. Unwillingly he made revelations, the importance of which he did not see. He was given diamond-studded snuff-boxes, rings, pins, and valuable furs.

Condescension was in many an instance pushed so far as to send him the likeness of a royal or imperial patient, executed expressly for him. The Empress, (then Queen) Augusta did not go so far as this; but she gave the Doctor two superb Dresden vases, with painted views on them of her Potsdam Schloss and Stolzenfels. The Doctor has every kind of decoration except the Insignia of the English and Prussian orders and the Golden Fleece.

Under the empire Dr. Evans remained a citizen of the United States. He is very American in feeling. During the civil war he went in strongly for the North. Thurlow Weed, to counteract the influence of Slidell and his charming daughters, took care to secure the cooperation at the Tuileries of Evans. The dentist had a Quakerly dislike to slavery. He knew how and where to take the Emperor, whose irresolution he increased when the court set, interested in the Jecker affair, wanted the blockade of the Southern ports to be broken.

Evans was the only familiar of the Imperial couple who acted in a brave and chivalrous manner on the 4th of September. The Empress was deserted by all the grand members of the household and the high functionaries. Even her cousin, M. de Lesseps, who had often proffered good counsel, which was not heeded, but who owed the success of the Suez Canal to her, did not remain at her side. In her desolation she thought, when on quitting the Tuileries the Italian Minister put her and Mme. Lebreton into a cab, of driving to the house of Dr. Evans. The idea was a happy one. Her Majesty arrived in her dressing-gown. Mrs. Evans was at the seaside; the Doctor was out.

When he returned, he saw that the fugitive had not been recognized, and treated her as if she had been driven by an aching tooth to call upon him at his private residence. The locks of his wife's clothes-press were forced to obtain a change of raiment for the Empress, who, with her lady, was taken by the Doctor, in his own carriage, to the Norman coast. A good friend in adversity to the imperial couple. Evans had, when they were triumpant, the courage to give them wholesome but unpalatable advice. Knowing thoroughly the organization of the Russian army, he again and again warned the Emperor and Empress that in going to war with Germany they would court ruin. The Empress probably remembered this advice when she was sitting in his house awaiting his return home.

Breaking His Heart.

From the Wall Street News.

It was a clothing dealer on the Bowery, and as the slab-sided young man opened the door he rubbed his hands over each other and said:

"Come in my frient. I guest you vhas looking for an overcoat. Try on dis one, for $7."

"Thankee. I've got about $80 in my pocket, and I thought——"

"Ah! Mine frent, you vhas come to the right place. How you like a blue suit for $10!"

"I've got about $80 in my pocket and was looking for——"

"Take dis gray for $14. You never had such a pargain in all your porn days."

"As I was saying, I've got about $80, and I want to buy a pretty fair one."

"Here is one all wool for $12; shump right into it."

"A pretty fair one, with silver-plated handles," continued the young man.

"I've got 'em! I'm der only dealer in all New York who keep oafergoats mit silver-blated handles."

"I don't mean overcoats."

"No?"

"I mean coffins! Let's see your latest fall styles."

"My frent," whispered the dealer, as he took his arm, "I don't keep goffins. Vhen I realize dot you haf $80 in your pocket, und I haf no goffins to sell, I feel dot I might as vhell gif oop dis mad struggle for riches. Hat some pity on a broken-hearted man und take two bed-quilts at $3 apiece, und let dot goffin go."

Victims of the Frost King.

Jacob Sell, of Adams county, Pa., 75 years of age, was frozen to death a few days ago.

Henry Conover, an inmate of the Soldiers' Home at Dayton, O., was recently frozen to death while in a drunken stupor.

A butcher named Fishudy, of Conestoga township, Pa., continued on his usual route until his arms, legs and ears were frozen so that he will die.

David Knox, of Florence, Pa., took a number of hot whiskies before starting on a five-mile walk home. He was found within one mile of his house frozen to death.

George Childs was lost in a snow storm during five days and nights, but survived. He was engaged in putting up a telephone line between Lundy and Tioga and the Yosemite Valley.

After too much drink, Oliver Ashley, of Walcott, Tex., started to drive home in a sleigh. He was found next day in slough, frozen to death. The sleigh was a wreck and the horse drowned.

A Russian, named Selinger living near Lehmore, Dak., finding his quarters too poor a shelter against the cold, started with his wife and baby in a snow storm to go to a village half a mile distant. They lost their way on the prairie and the wife and baby perished. Selinger was rescued. His hands and feet were frozen.

A MAN OF YEARS.

Suicide of the Oldest Human Being in the World.

From the San Diego San.

"Auero Largo," or "Long Hide," according to the English derivation of the Spanish word, burned himself to death at the Real del Castillo, Lower California, on Thursday night, December 14. For some time the old Indian had been feeble and unable to walk. During the recent heavy rains that fell in that region, the old man sought refuge in a cabin near by. Last week he crawled up to the house of Senor Francisco Parmo and told him he was very hungry. The latter gave him a good dinner, besides furnishing provisions for future emergencies, and then instructed the other Indians at the rancheira to care for him. They replied that they had always done so, as they entertained unusual reverence for the old man on account of his age. Thursday, the date in question, was a cold day in Lower California, and "Long Hide" was given an extra blanket by his dusky friends. This he soon tore into strips, put them on the fire, and soon his "cepes" or brush house was all ablaze. When this had been accomplished, despair for the moment seeming to seize him, he plunged headlong into the burning mass.

AN ABORIGINAL SUICIDE.

A stout young Indian near by seized him and tried to drag him out of danger, but the old man grabbed a stake in the burning mass by, held himself in the fire, and before other help could come, was literally roasted alive, dying within a few hours after the occurrence mentioned. "Long Hide" was married and the father of several children when the Mission of San Diego was built, 120 years ago, and from what he told parties who visited him, he must have been not less than thirty years of age at the time. Three or four years ago he lost a son who could remember when the Mission was first built by the Franciscan friars. This son must have been not less than 120 years of age. "Long Hide" told of the first settlement of Old Town years before the Mission was built; of the coming of ships for water at Russian Springs and many things of great interest in the past history of San Diego and vicinity.

Juan Melendrez, who lives near the Real del Castillo, says he knew "Long Hide" fifty years ago, and that he appeared nearly as old then as he did the week before he died. He says that the old man frequently bestrode the best horses owned in the country on trips to San Diego, one hundred miles distant from the Real, and that he often chased deers until they gave up with fatigue. He would then capture them after they had laid down for rest. Until a year ago he was able to walk about and travel quite well. Since then he has been obliged to crawl about on all fours like a cat or dog. He retained his sight perfectly and all the faculties of mind up to the day he died. For twenty-five years he had refused to speak any Spanish or to reveal any

SECRETS OF THE COUNTRY

or of those living in it. When asked to do so, he only replied, "I know too much of those who live." To the writer of this he said, not ten days ago, "I know much, I tell nothing. I am very hungry. I am too old, I am going home. If you knew all I know, the country would be excited. I shall soon rest and not be hungry or tired any more." When asked if he knew of the "Lost Mine" which the Frenchman worked, of the old, "Bonditi Mine," and